

VICTORY FOR U.S. TROOPS

HUN SEA RAIDERS KILL 350
THE CITY OF COLUMBUS SAFE
SURVIVORS OF CAROLINA LANDWARSHIPS, CHASERS AND PLANES
SCOURING SEAS FOR HUN PIRATESOFFICIALS THINK RAIDER
ON WAY BACK TO BASE

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Navy department officials believed today that the submarine that sank probably more than 10 American vessels off the Atlantic coast was on its way back to its base and that for the time being the danger was over. Secretary Daniels announced in the morning that no additional advices of submarine activities had reached the department.

Warships, submarine chasers and airplanes were scouring the seas today in search of the enemy. Navy officials threw a veil of secrecy over their movements, however, and requested newspapers to make no mention of their whereabouts.

There is a growing impression here that only one submarine took part in the raid. The navy department has only one report to indicate the presence of more. That is the statement of the captain of the schooner Cole that he saw the periscope of a second U-boat. Mr. Daniels said today that nothing to confirm reports indicating that the U-boat had been off the coast had been received. He reiterated his opinion that the purpose of the raid was to create a demand in the United States for the return of naval craft to home waters. This, he said, was based on speculation and not on any concrete information.

No information has reached the department, it was said, indicating that during the 11 days or more the submarine now is known to have been in American coastwise waters, it had any communication with agents ashore. It is understood, however, that every effort to check up what has happened along the coast is included in the program it is following out.

Senator Lodge Talks
After conferring with navy heads, Senators Swanson of Virginia and Lodge of Massachusetts of the naval committee expressed complete satisfaction with steps being taken against the submarines.

"Everything that can be done is being done," said Senator Lodge. "The navy had been expecting just such an affair and was adequately prepared. No need not worry one bit about what is being done to cope with them."

Some officials today were of the opinion that the submarine raid was designed chiefly to encourage the German people. They pointed to the fact that the attacks were carried out without the usual ruthless methods and that there was little military advantage to be gained from them.

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time and a half for over-
time, double time for Sun-
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PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND
WATER FITTERS
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Chalifoux's
CORNER

BABY WEEK

The president of the United States has asked that all children under five be weighed. Yesterday a great many mothers brought the little tots to our Little Gray Shops to be weighed. Mothers can bring the little ones up on the elevator in the baby carriage. Elevator stops at the Gray Shops. Trained nurse in attendance.

POSSIBLE DEATH TOLL
OF SEA RAIDERS 350

NEW YORK, June 4.—The possible death toll from Germany's submarine warfare on the American side of the Atlantic during the past 10 days was reduced today to fewer than 350 souls. With the landing of 15 survivors of the missing steamship Carolina of the New York and Porto Rico line at Lewes, Del., the persons unaccounted for from this ship number 331, of whom 202 were passengers.

City of Columbus Safe
The City of Columbus of the Savannah line arrived at an Atlantic port, bringing safely her passengers and crew, numbering 117, who had been listed as missing. Also at Atlantic ports arrived the steamship Grecian with the missing crew of the sunken schooner Jacob M. Haskell; the Governor Cobb, a United States shipping board training ship with 200 apprentice seamen aboard; the steamship Dorchester of the Merchants & Miners Transportation Co., and the Clyde liner Huron, from a southern port. The arrival of all these vessels left unaccounted for in addition to the Carolina's missing only the crew, exact number unknown here, of the schooner Samuel W. Hathaway of Boston.

List of Victims of Raiders

A revised list of the toll of the undersea raiders follows:

STEAMER TREXEL, 3210 gross tons, sunk by bombs, 60 miles off the Jersey coast, Sunday.

SCHOONER JACOB M. HASKELL, of Boston, sunk by shellfire Sunday, off Barnegat, N. J.

SCHOONER EDWARD H. COLE, of Boston, sunk by bombs 30 miles off Barnegat, Sunday.

TANKER HERBERT L. PRATT of Philadelphia, sunk off Cape Henlopen, Sunday.

SCHOONER ISABEL B. WILEY of Bath, Me., sunk Sunday, off Barnegat.

SCHOONER EDNA of Machias, Me., picked up as derelict off Cape May, N. J., May 26.

SCHOONER HATTIE DUNN of Thomaston, Me., destroyed as a derelict May 29, off Winter Quarter Shoal lightship.

SCHOONER HAUPPAGE of New York, sunk 25 miles off Barnegat, May 28.

STEAMSHIP WINNECONNE, sunk off Cape May, May 26.

STEAMER CAROLINA sent wireless calls for help while being shelled by a submarine Sunday evening, when off Sandy Hook.

Giant Raiders Well Armed
Members of the crews of the vessels, on their arrival here and at other ports agreed generally that the German submarines were of great size and well armed. Some reported that the craft were about the same size as the U-54, which conducted a raid off Newport before America's entry into the war.

Ports Are Still Closed
Ports along the coast were still closed today by order of Secretary of the Navy Daniels. As soon as the presence of the raiders became known the navy took prompt measures to endeavor to locate the hostile craft, while more than 100 airplanes and dirigibles today kept up their incessant vigil of the sea for suspicious looking craft.

Great Excitement in New York
News that the war had been brought almost to the door of the city has excited New York more than any news happening in recent years. There was no disposition to be alarmed, however, and at Coney Island the myriads of lights glared in all their garish intensity last night. The police department in conjunction with military officials, long ago made protective arrangements in the event of an attack either by submarines or airplanes.

Other News of Hun Raiders on Page 10

LOWELL MEN FOR FOUR BRANCHES OF SERVICE

If the Germans think that they are frightening Lowell people by carrying their submarine warfare to the Atlantic coast of this country, they have another "think" to put it

GUILTY OF ASSAULT WITH
DANGEROUS WEAPON

Frank Siamao was found guilty of assault with a dangerous weapon on Adas F. Bramo before Judge Callahan in the criminal session of the superior court at East Cambridge today and after District Attorney Tifts, members of the Lowell police, and a statement from Medical Examiner Thomas B. Smith had been heard, the court imposed a fine of \$100.

This was a rather peculiar case, inasmuch as Siamao, following the assault, was charged with murder, but after the medical examiner had submitted a report of the autopsy, the complaint was changed to that of assault with a dangerous weapon.

On April 6 Siamao and Bramo got into an argument in a saloon in Gorham street and subsequently went to the South common to fight it out with their fists. During the encounter, it is said that Bramo drew a knife and slashed Bramo several times over the shoulder. Bramo was taken to the hospital and died within 36 hours.

The report of the autopsy was that Bramo while being operated on at the hospital committed suicide by swallowing food caught in his throat; that he choked to death and that death was not due to the knife wounds.

The district attorney said he had investigated the case and representatives of the Lowell police said that Siamao was a well-known citizen and that together with the statement made by the medical examiner, resulted in the imposing of a comparatively small fine.

Other Lowell Cases

Isaac Fontaine and Margaret Therie pleaded guilty to a statutory offense, the former being fined \$65 while the case against the latter was filed.

Michele Donabadi entered a plea of guilty to a complaint charging him with receiving stolen property and was ordered to pay a fine of \$100. It was brought out during the trial of the case that an employee of the Lowell plant of the American Hide and Leather Co. had stolen a number of calf skins and sold 108 of them to the defendant.

Nettie M. Saunders, charged with the illegal sale of liquor, was defaulted.

Theresa Colomare, charged with assault and battery on Linda Immaronata, entered a plea of nolo and a fine of \$10 was imposed.

Neslor Wilen charged with drunkenness was fined \$10.

colloquially, because Lowell men volunteered for four different branches of service today.

The navy station showed that it was "nerved" because of the German audacity by sending five men into the service. Among them was Francis P. Cogger, inspector of elevators in the buildings department at city hall. Mr. Cogger enlisted as an electrician, third class. He is one of the most popular employees of the municipal building and is well known throughout the city. He lives at 321 Moody street.

The other four men to go in the navy all enlisted as seamen, second class, in the naval reserve. They were: Victor D. Martel, Haverhill; Henry R. Blouin, Hinsdale, N. H.; Clifford H. Fuller, Tyngsboro and Alfred E. Deagle, Methuen.

The merchant marine service also contributed its quota of Lowell men to the navy. They are: Harry Huns, four men were enlisted and will leave for Boston tomorrow. They were Arthur C. Hannafin, 15 Sargent street; Walter D. Loring, 38 Church street; Frank J. Sabourin, 73 Fletcher street; Michael J. O'Brien, 6 Dalton street.

The regular army station was not found wanting. Two men made up its quota of enlistments for the day: Eugene A. Harkins, 222 Worthen street, cavalry; and Harold H. Conley, Groveland, N. H., coast artillery.

To show that the recruiting activities were not at all provincial, the following men chose the Canadian expeditionary forces for the vehicle of their martial endeavors: John Mullanah, 322 East Merrimack street; Charles Norton, Billerica; Thomas W. Nickerson, 217 Gorham street; Louis Duchesne, 15 Garret street, and Oscar Garofalo, 301 Moody street.

Musicalian Frank Frayne who has been stationed at the local navy station for the past seven months as an assistant to Chief Yeoman Henry C. Tucker, will leave this city Saturday for general service, according to orders received late yesterday.

Frayne has been in the navy eight years and was present at the Vera Cruz trouble several years ago when he was stationed aboard the U. S. S. New Hampshire.

Before taking your train home from Boston get The Sun at either newstand in the North station.

AMERICANS IN DASHING
COUNTER ATTACK HURL BACK
HUNS ON IMPORTANT FRONTMUNICIPAL COUNCIL GRANTS CITY
ENGINEER LEAVE OF ABSENCE

At this morning's meeting of the municipal council, City Engineer Stephen Kearney, who left last evening for Camp Lee, where he will enter the Engineers' Training school as a captain, was granted a leave of absence for the duration of the war. An attempt was made to elect a successor to Mr. Kearney until such time as he returns, but at the request of Commissioner Morse, who is at the head of the department, the matter was laid over until a later date. The council voted an award of \$400 to the Locks and Canals Co. and one of \$300 to Mary A. Cheney for the taking of land for the construction of the Pawtucket bridge, and incidentally the Locks and Canals Co. was criticized for not having paid to the city its portion of the cost for the erection of the canal bridge abutting to the Pawtucket bridge.

LINER HURON RUSHES INTO PORT TO ESCAPE U-BOATS

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—The Clyde liner Huron, Jacksonville for New York, with 90 passengers and a heavy cargo, put into an Atlantic port today to escape the submarine menace and arrived today at the Clyde docks in this city.

The passengers were sent from here to their destination by rail.

HASKELL CREW, ADRIFT 19 HOURS, PICKED UP

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—The crew of the Boston schooner Jacob Haskell, which was sunk by a German submarine forty miles east of Barnegat, N. J., Sunday, was landed at an Atlantic port by the steamer Grecian of the Merchants & Miners line today. The eleven men of the Haskell's crew had been in their small boat for 19 hours when they were picked up by the Grecian bound from Philadelphia for Boston.

CREW OF HASKELL LANDED

BOSTON, June 4.—Officers and crew of the schooner Jacob M. Haskell sunk by a German submarine were landed at a New England port by the steamer Grecian today.

ANOTHER AMERICAN TANKER SUNK

NEW YORK, June 4.—Reports came to shipping authorities today that another American tank steamship had been sunk by a German submarine. No details were disclosed.

STEAMERS ARRIVE WITH SURVIVORS

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—Two steamers carrying passengers believed to be submarine survivors put into port here today.

BRINGS SURVIVORS INTO PORT

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—Bringing survivors from a vessel or vessels sunk by German submarines, an American coastwise freighter arrived here today from southern waters.

FORBID ALL DISPLAY
LIGHTS IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, June 4.—The police department today issued an order forbidding all display lights in New York city at night until further notice.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisers and you will save money on your purchases.

YOUNG MAN ARRESTED HERE IS
TURNED OVER TO THE FED-
ERAL AUTHORITIES

Lawrence H. Hayden, a young man who was arrested several days ago in connection with a break made into freight cars of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, was this morning turned over to the federal authorities and taken to Boston, where he will be arraigned before Federal Commissioner Hayes on a complaint charging him with complicity in breaking into freight cars and larceny of 22 cases of shoes valued at \$1056, several cartons of cigars valued at \$267, a case of khaki pants, Turkish towels and electrical apparatus.

During the past several weeks there were a series of breaks into freight cars of the N.Y.N.H.&H. road in the local yards and after an investigation by Inspector Thomas M. White of the railroad police and Lieut. Martin Maher of the local police considerable of the goods were found hidden along the railroad tracks and many of the articles which had been sold were also recovered.

It was learned that the breaks had been made by young men and the first to be arrested was Victor L. Mason, who was turned over to the federal authorities last week and held under \$5000 bail.

Breaks into railroad cars have been so numerous of late that both the local and railroad police have been kept busy but up to date have managed to either arrest or get clues of the guilty parties. Inasmuch as the railroad throughout the country are now controlled by the United States government, all cases of this kind are now brought before the federal commissioner.

DANCING at Pawtucket Boat House

Ladies, 15c—Minor-Doyle Orchestra. Tonight. —Gents, 25c

YANKS JOIN FRENCH AND
HOLD UP GERMAN RUSH

American troops are fighting with the French in holding up the new German rush and already have begun to make their presence strongly felt.

YANKS HURL HUNS BACK IN DASHING ATTACK

One force of Americans, thrown into battle on the important front between the Ourcq and the Marne, not only stopped an enemy advance into Neuilly wood, between seven and eight miles northwest of Chateau Thierry, but carried out what the French official statement characterizes as "a magnificent counter attack" which threw back the Germans north of this wood.

AMERICANS JOIN FRENCH AND STOP HUNS

On yet another front, that running east and west along the Marne, the American forces co-operated with the French in hurling back a German battalion which had crept over a foot bridge to the south bank of the river. The Germans sustained casualties and lost 100 men in prisoners. The Germans have evidently succeeded in bringing up con-

Continued on page ten, column six

ALLEGED DIAMOND THIEF
HELD IN \$10,000

Fred Conley, alias Frank Collins, aged 20 years, cook by occupation and whose home is in Syracuse, N. Y., and who it is alleged stole a bag containing diamonds from the restaurant of the D. L. Page Co., in Merrimack square on May 21, was arraigned before Judge Thomas J. Enright in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with the larceny of 1736 diamonds, each of the value of \$50, from John Karliner, a diamond drummer for the firm of Haukauer, Newitt & Co. diamond importers, of 2 Maiden Lane, New York City.

Conley was represented by Robert J. Crowley of the law firm of Vahey and Casson of Boston and through his counsel waived the reading of the complaint and the court finding probable cause of guilt held Conley under \$10,000 for his appearance before the grand jury. The prisoner being unable to secure bail was remanded to jail.

Conley, the police claim, admits that he was one of the two men who stole the bag of diamonds. He said that he and a friend got word that Karliner had nearly \$100,000 worth of diamonds and when they were tipped off that the diamond drummer was in Worcester they went to that city and trailed him to Lowell, where he arrived on Tuesday, May 21. At noon Karliner and a local jeweler went to Page's for dinner and while there Conley and his companion stole the bag and went to Boston. Conley said that all he got out of the haul was five uncut diamonds and nine rings which he sold to an Albany woman for \$187, the companion keeping the remainder of the stones.

The following Sunday Conley and a girl were arrested in a house in Boston on a statutory offense and during the course of examination Conley dropped a remark which led the Boston police to believe that he was implicated in the Lowell robbery.

The Lowell police were notified and Supt. Redmond Welch and Inspector John A. Walsh went to Boston, where it is alleged that Conley confessed his part in the robbery. The police claim they know the man who was with Conley, but have not been able to apprehend him as yet.

Among the witnesses who were

recognized for the government were Supt. Redmond Welch and Inspector John A. Walsh of the local police department, Lieut. William Erwin of the Boston police, Supt. Harry J. Murray and Harry R. McMullen of the Pinkerton agency.

Savings bank certificates, receipts, many other papers and a player-piano record, carried away by the cyclone that struck near Davenport, Ia., were picked up on the farm of John Byars in Shannon, Ill., having been blown more than 100 miles.

If you want to buy, sell or exchange anything try a Sun want ad.

TEN WORD FLASHES
ABOUT VITALITAS

Brief Messages From Over New England Reporting of Results of Vitalitas

Ten words make a telegram and these expressions from interviews are just ten words long. They tell a great deal in a little space.

Providence, R. I.: "I consider Vitalitas a marvelous remedy. I recommend Vitalitas to anyone who suffers with rheumatism."—Mrs. J. W. Kirwin, Narragansett st., Edgewood. "Am happiest person in Providence. Vitalitas is wonderful."—John Somers, Jeweler, 36 Atwell st. (Indigestion). "Haven't a pain. Kidneys in fine condition. Vitalitas did the work."—Mrs. C. G. Weldner, 577 Harris ave. (Rheumatism and kidney disorder).

LOWELL HIGH SCHOOL ANNUAL FIELD DAY WAS BIG SUCCESS



PYRAMID BY MEMBERS OF THE BOYS' REGIMENT AT FIELD DAY EXERCISES YESTERDAY

Perhaps never before in the history of the Lowell high school regiment was the annual field day run off with such snap and precision as characterized yesterday afternoon's affair at Spaulding park. There was hardly a delay all afternoon and the spectators were more than gratified at being able to get home "in time for supper," a marked contrast to previous field days.

Co. K, commanded by Capt. Walter Sturtevant, won the much coveted honor of receiving the blue pennant for the best drilled company of the regiment. Co. F, Capt. James Keith, won the red pennant. Co. M, Capt. Albert J. Porter, won a silver banner for the best appearing company in the street parade which preceded the exercises, and Co. I, Capt. Raymond W. J. Hobson, won the sword for the best appearing company at the park.

Stomach Troubles Are Due to Acidity

Tells Safe, Certain, Speedy Relief for Acid Indigestion.

So-called stomach troubles, such as indigestion, gas, sourness, stomach-ache and inability to retain food are in probably nine cases out of ten, simply evidence that excessive secretion of acid is taking place in the stomach, causing the formation of gas and acid indigestion.

Gas distends the stomach and causes that full, oppressive, burning feeling sometimes known as heartburn. While the acid irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach. The trouble lies entirely in the excess development or secretion of acid.

To stop or prevent this souring of the food contents of the stomach and to neutralize the acid, and make it bland and harmless, a teaspoonful of bisulphate of magnesia, a good and effective corrector of acid stomach, should be taken in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water after eating or whenever gas, sourness or acidity is felt. This sweetens the stomach and neutralizes the acidity in a few moments and is a perfectly harmless and inexpensive remedy to use.

An antacid such as bisulphate of magnesia, which can be obtained from any druggist in either powder or tablet form, enables the stomach to do its work properly without the aid of artificial digestants. Magnesia comes in several forms, so be certain to ask for and take only Bisulphate of Magnesia which is especially prepared for the above purpose.—ADV.

Sergt. Alder, Bourgeois of Co. C, a brother of Lieut. Col. Albert L. Bourgeois, won the gold medal for being the best drilled member of the regiment, and Sergt. Clayton L. Piggott of Co. B, got the second prize, a silver medal.

In the course of the afternoon a collection was taken up by members of the Junior Red Cross and nearly \$200 was netted.

One of the innovations of the afternoon was the establishment of a headquarters tent at the further end of the first base bleachers. Here the colonel had his headquarters, and the tent gave the field a touch of the military.

It was about 2 o'clock when the opening number was given at the park. The salute to the colors was perhaps never more gracefully and prettily executed. The girls' battalions were massed in the center of the park and the three boys' battalions surrounded them on three sides. All faced the flag on the staff in center-field, the buglers played "To The Colors," and all saluted. It was an inspiring opening.

Then followed the individual competitive drills and the other numbers as outlined in yesterday's editions. The girls' features were as pretty as ever and too much credit cannot be given to the physical instructors, Miss Ethel V. Cleaves and Miss Frances R. H. Leggat, as well as to the young women themselves.

One of the new features of the afternoon was a pyramid performed by members of the boys' regiment. It was made up of three decks and more than pleased the crowd.

The dress parade and awarding of commissions and prizes was an impressive finale of the afternoon's program. The regiment lined up in battalion front and stood at "parade rest" while the U. S. Cartridge Co. band and the high school drum corps paraded up and down the field with Drum Major Daniel P. Martin leading. Following this, "present arms" was given and then the awarding of prizes came with Maj. Walter R. Jeyes shouting the names through a megaphone and Mayor Perry D. Thompson making the presentation. Then came the regimental review, the final number. And the entire program of one of the most successful field days was over before 5:30.

The Rosters
The roster of the boys' regiment was as follows:
Commanding Officer
Colonel Allan K. McOsker.
Tactical Officer
Lieut. Col. Albert L. Bourgeois.

Regt. Adj. Capt. Dexter H. Bailey.
Regt. supply officer, Capt. Arnold E. Howard.
Regt. sergt. major, Fisher H. Pearson, Jr.
Regt. supply sergeant, Harry L. Nash.
Drum Corps
Drum major, Daniel J. Martin; first sergeant, Roy McLeod, first corporal, Alfred R. Portlock, bugle corporal, Roger O. Clapp; second battalion bugler, Wm. L. Lawler; drum sergeant, John V. Flanagan; bugle sergeant, Parker L. Currier; drum corporal, Glen E. Marshall; first battalion bugler, George J. De La Haye; third battalion bugler, Clifford H. Anderson; color sergeant, George A. Lealey.

FIRST BATTALION
Major, Maurice Barlofsky.
Battalion adjutant, Harris Barber.
Battalion sergeant major, Edward J. Sheldon.

Company A
Captain, Charles R. Clements; first lieutenant, John J. Breen; second lieutenant, Eugene Dooley; first sergeant, John V. Lolan; sergeants, J. Herman Parent, George A. Leach, Maurice T. Lawler, Philip F. Brown; corporals, Howard Lewis, Richard Baron, Cedric Nichols, Michael Scullion.

Company B
Captain, Edward H. Brigham; first lieutenant, Bertram A. McKittick; second lieutenant, Eugene B. Bingham; sergeant, Leroy E. Farrell; sergeants, Torsten Reenstierna, Alexander Cartwright, Roger T. Whitehead, Bruce Kimball; corporals, Walter J. Callahan, John D. Lawler, Walter R. McDonald, Daniel A. McDonald.

Company C
Captain, Maurice A. Hamel; first lieutenant, Patrick J. Mullane; second lieutenant, Terrence Riley; first sergeant, Andrew E. Barrett; sergeants, Raymond A. Crowley, Alde C. Bourgeois, Arthur G. Lyon, Philip T. Molloy; corporals, Edward M. Connor, William L. Coughlin, William Wong, Robert L. Lavalley.

Company D
Captain, Dexter N. Shaw; first lieutenant, Wendell Blanchard; second lieutenant, J. Irving Collins; first sergeant, Frank K. Bryant; sergeants, Victor Darling, Leo T. Shaw, Victor E. Blanchard, Costas Bucvalas; corporals, Clifford Sibley, John E. Huse, Royal K. Dexter, Joseph C. Davis.

SECOND BATTALION
Major, Albert W. Frawley.
Battalion adjutant, Corlis N. Rice.
Battalion sergeant major, Nelson W. Buritt.

Company E
Captain, R. Winston Rouse; first lieutenant, Stanley Robinson; second lieutenant, Prescott Wright; first sergeant, Clayton Piggott; sergeants, Stierling Pratt, Robert Hartley, William Kelley, Christodoulos; corporals, Rufus Colelew, Richard Chase, Lester H. Ela, Francis J. Durant.

Company F
Captain, James Keith; first lieutenant, Raymond E. Martin; second lieutenant, Earl Stevenson; first sergeant, John A. McGuire; sergeants, Harold A. Bowen, Francis L. Saunders, Richard Dodge, Douglas Walker; corporals, David L. Lamberton, Thomas Delaney, Lewis Barnes, Benj. Cohen.

Company G
Captain, Donald Willard; first lieutenant, George Spyrounes; second lieutenant, Edward Blarkham; first sergeant, John P. Sawyer; sergeants, Edward Donahue, James McDonald, Nicholas Kephalaus, Charles F. Copp; corporals, Lawrence A. Farrington, Harold P. Hanson, William S. Abbot, Harvey S. Manning, Lester E. Holt.

Company H
Captain, Frederick Stevens; first lieutenant, John Tiffin; second lieutenant, Arthur J. Reardon; first sergeant, James Garigan; sergeants, Homer Bourgeois, Reginald H. Macaulay, Paul V. McDermott; corporals, James N. White, Donald K. Wirt, Terrence J. Higgins, Charles F. Flinnick.

THIRD BATTALION
Major, Paul J. Angelo.
Battalion adjutant, Paul E. Gallagher.
Battalion sergeant major, Charles D. Kirkpatrick.

Company I
Captain, Raymond W. J. Hobson; first lieutenant, Dana Hart; first sergeant, George Stewart; sergeants, Eli N. Rostler, Leo Guilmond, Charles Ellis, William P. Barham; corporals, Joseph Hollingsworth, Elmer Trevors, Edmund Douglas, George Gogan.

Company J
Captain, Walter Sturtevant; first lieutenant, George Laine; second lieutenant, Charles E. Bachelder; first sergeant, William Marmar; sergeants, Elmer N. Hanson, Harry McDermott, Paul H. Sullivan, William W. Logan; corporals, Raymond E. Donovan, Geo. E. Pickles, Walter A. Costello, Timothy P. O'Keefe, Myron W. Rhodes.

Company L
Captain, John J. O'Brien; first lieutenant, Abbott Lamson; second lieutenant, Roland Watts; first sergeant, Joseph Geary; sergeants, Joseph A. Inerney, John Harvey, William Riley, Raoul Guilmond; corporals, Hime Geary, Oliver J. O'Toole, Maurice E. J. Powers, Raymond E. Garland.

Company M
Captain, Albert J. Porter; first lieutenant, Nyrtah E. McDonough; second lieutenant, Doris Z. Normandin; first sergeant, Edward E. Bell; sergeants, James Geoch, William White, George S. Flint, Henry L. Adams; acting corporals, Charles A. Barrett, Alphonse Cinn-Mars, Walter A. McDonald, Leslie W. Atkinson.

The roster of the girls' battalions follows:
FIRST BATTALION
Commanded by Major Muriel Leach.
Adjutant, Dorothy Wright.

Company A
Captain, Mary Kelley; lieutenant, Mildred Denver.

Company B
Captain, Regina Lowney; lieutenant, Lucille Roussel.

Company C
Captain, Florence Breen; lieutenant, Doris Seider.

Company D
Captain, Florence Brooks; lieutenant, Ruth Handley.

SECOND BATTALION
Commanded by Major Gertrude Clark.
Adjutant, Josephine Mullaney.

Company A
Captain, Ester Norton; lieutenant, Agnes Jeyes.

Company B
Captain, Alfred Holmes; lieutenant, Edith Miles.

Company C
Captain, Mildred McNabb; lieutenant, Jessie Stanley.

Company D
Captain, Laura McIntire; lieutenant, Beatrice Henson.

THIRD BATTALION
Commanded by Major Jennie Catherine.
Adjutant, Marion Maguire.

Company A
Captain, Bertha Braverman; lieutenant, Olga Shay.

Company B
Captain, Mary Latour; lieutenant, Elizabeth Wallace.

Company C
Captain, Catherine Woodworth.

AMERICANS HAVE STRONG NERVES

Nervousness and Nerve Troubles on the Decline

"Nothing wrong but your nerves" is a saying that is fast dying out in this country. While nerve trouble is no organic disease, one of our leading nerve specialists remarked: "A man or woman might better break a leg than have a shattered nervous system."

Overwork and worry drains the nerve cells of their reserve strength and food, and then follows the sleepless night, indigestion, poor appetite, nervous blood and general nervous break-down.

The thing to do in such cases no longer troubles doctors and their patients who know from their own experience the value of Phosphated Iron. They know that a few weeks' regular use of this nerve food and red blood builder will strengthen and brace up the whole nervous system, because Phosphated Iron gives the tired, hungry, worn-out nerve cells phosphates and iron, in a form easily and quickly absorbed; as one happy user said: "You can almost feel it taking hold of the nerves and blood, after a short time you feel like a new person; life seems a pleasure and worth living once again."

In every section where Phosphated Iron has been used there has been a big decrease of nerve troubles and it will prove a welcome relief to any sufferer. You can bank on it for results—it's pure.

To insure physicians and their patients getting the genuine Phosphated Iron we have put up in capsules only, do not take pills or tablets. Insist on capsules.

Fred Howard, Lowell Pharmacy, and leading druggists everywhere.

Lieutenant, Marion Dexter.

Company D
Captain, Alice Connolly; lieutenant, Mary Konecma.

FOURTH BATTALION
Commanded by Major Doris Howard.
Adjutant, Rita McDonald.

Company A
Captain, Grace Martin; lieutenant, Irene Storey.

Company B
Captain, Doris Donovan; lieutenant, Madeline O'Day.

Company C
Captain, Annabel Gordon; lieutenant, Sally Strydom.

Company D
Captain, Lillian Abbott; lieutenant, Roberts Mountford.

FIELD DAY NOTES

Major Jeyes, the military instructor, is to be congratulated on the excellent regiment which he turned out this year. Old-time commentators said that it was one of the best seen in years. The program at the park alone should have been a reward for the major's work of the past year. James D. Conway, faculty advisor, is also due a lot of praise.

The officers of the state guard who reviewed the parade at city hall were Sergt. Loring Kew, Sergt. Lewis E. Macfarlane and Artificer Louis Buschbaum of the state guard. J. Joseph Hennessy, the mayor's secretary, was one of the interested spectators in the reviewing party.

It seemed that the girl officers would be smothered with flowers and the rate that they were being presented.

The field day program was another feature of the afternoon. Every detail of a first class publication was included and the cuts were unusually good. The editors were Maj. Paul J. Angelo, Capt. James Keith and Lieut. Patrick Mullane.

AMATEUR BASEBALL

The Leigers defeated the A. C. Cadets at baseball by a score of 18 to 2 Saturday afternoon. The game, which was for a purse of \$50, was played on the Aiken street ground and was largely attended.

The West Ends defeated the fast Boot mill team Saturday on the Lakeview avenue grounds, 15 to 6. This makes the fifth straight win for the West Ends. They will line up against the Ponies next Saturday on the North common.

The undeafened Rovers would like to challenge any 13-14-year-old team in the city. Challenges should be sent through this paper or to Sidney Cohen, 132 Chelmsford street.

Although the Mathew Temperance Institute nine had a game scheduled with St. Peter's A.A. for last Saturday afternoon on the South common, the contest did not materialize. When the "Mats" arrived on the grounds they were told that the St. Peter's nine was to play the Highland Daylights and the Mats were without opponents. They are still looking for the reason for the change of heart.

DROP GERMAN IN THE BOSTON SCHOOLS

BOSTON, June 4.—The school committee in four ballots failed to reach a choice for superintendent of schools at its meeting yesterday afternoon, and the question was put over indefinitely.

Committeemen Lane and Cochran cast ballots for Asst. Supt. Jeremiah E. Burke, while Mr. Abrahamson and Miss Curtis supported Frank V.

The New Home Treatment for Ugly, Hairy Growths
(Boudoir Secrets)

Here is a simple, yet very effective method for removing hair and fuzz from the face, neck and arms: Cover the objectionable hairs with a paste made by mixing some water with the powdered depilatory. Leave this on for 2 or 3 minutes, then rub off, wash the skin and the hairs have vanished. No pain or inconvenience attends this treatment, but results will be certain if you are sure to get real depilatory.—ADV.

Largest
Stock of
Victrola,
Columbia
and Edison
Records
in Lowell

The Bon Marche
DRY GOODS CO.

Largest
Stock of
Victrola,
Grafonolas
and Edison
in Lowell

DASHING STYLES IN Bathing Suits For Women and Misses

Chic trim models that are conspicuous by their beauty, yet without even a suggestion of gaudiness, and they're by far the most practical and comfortable sorts we've ever seen. They come in cotton, wool, surf cloth, mohair, satin and taffeta. A splendid assortment here, at

**\$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98,
\$4.98, \$5.98 Up to \$10.98**

Most people will not let many more days elapse before they replenish their bathing accessories from our large and varied assortments.

Everything necessary is included in our assortments of Bathing Suits, Caps, Hose, Shoes, etc. All excellent values and temptingly priced.



The President of the United States Wants Every Child Weighed and Measured

Weighing Station on Our Second
Floor, June 3 to 8,
2 to 4 P. M.

A Few of the Many Things We
Have for Babies

Infants' Slips and Gertudes, of fine nainsook and muslin, prettily trimmed with Val lace and fine embroidery, long and short styles... 50c, 59c, 79c, 98c, \$1.49

Infants' Vests and Bands, cotton and wool and silk and wool. 29c, 59c, 69c

Infants' White Sweaters, with pink and blue trimmings; also Colored Silk and Wool Sweaters in a great variety of styles, \$1.49, \$1.69, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98



Weighing Station on Our Second
Floor, June 3 to 8,
2 to 4 P. M.

A Few of the Many Things We
Have for Babies

Infants' Dresses of nainsook, mustard and organdie, with trimmings of fine Val lace, organdie insertion and embroidery, long and short styles... 98c, \$1.49, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$7.98

Infants' Cashmere and Crepe Jackets, embroidered in pink and blue... 68c, 98c, \$1.49

Infants' Booties in silk and wool, 15c, 25c, 29c, 39c up to 98c

Come here this week and get the baby weighed. The most important person in the home is certainly worth weighing.

Thompson, and Judge Sullivan favored Augustine L. Rafter.

Several text books in German were ordered dropped from the list in foreign language classes.

The resignation of Edward E. O'Donnell as master of the Frothingham district school, to take effect June 30, was the subject of a communication from Supt. Franklin B. Dyer suggesting the advisability of uniting the Frothingham district with the Harvard district, the former having diminished 42 per cent and the latter 30 per cent.

The superintendent emphasized the fact that the decrease the present year has continued, and that the districts are closely contiguous and the buildings only a few minutes' walk apart.

"The two districts," he added in his communication, "if united, would be smaller both in territory and in school population than most of the districts of the city, and the nation would permit effective organization of the upper grades, which are now very small."

The advisability of uniting the Charles town districts is recognized by the masters of the schools and by the assistant superintendent in charge, he said, and the latter has submitted the situation to the board of superintendents for its advice, and the board unanimously recommended their union. Opposition to the proposal was raised by two members of the committee and the matter was tabled until the next meeting.

The matter of compensating teachers on a 10-payment basis instead of monthly as at present, was brought up

through a communication submitted by William T. Keough, and after considerable discussion was laid over for future action.

INVESTIGATE FINDING OF BOMB IN MAIL BAG

BOSTON, June 4.—Postoffice inspectors were assigned today to investigate the finding of a supposed bomb in a mail sack at Colebrook, N. H., yesterday. According to the report from Postmaster P. H. Drew, at Colebrook, the explosive was in the form of a cartridge about 10 inches long and had a time fuse attached. Whether the fuse had been lighted was not known. The cartridge was found in an unlocked sack used for newspapers and parcels made up at the North station and might have been inserted, officials said, after the sack left the city.

BRITISH PAPER CONTROLLER

PREPARING A NEW ECONOMY ORDER

(By Associated Press).

LONDON. (By Mail) The paper controller is preparing a new economy order which will come into effect in about a month and will contain these provisions: Newspapers, periodicals, et cetera,

to be distributed for sale only, not to be returned.

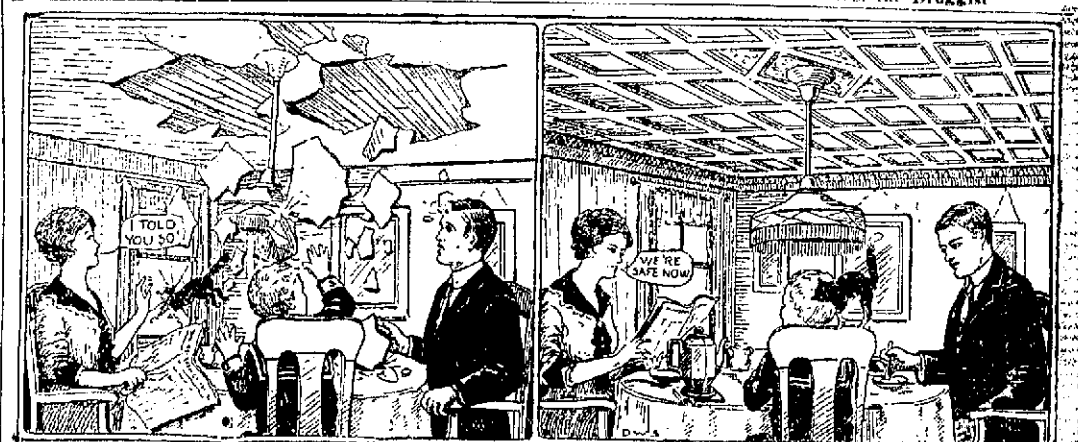
Musical programs reduced by half. Catalogues and circulars reduced. Use of confetti prohibited. No more eclair pictures. Lighter wrappings for packages. Street cars and omnibuses to collect used tickets. These are tickets given to passengers punched with destination and amount of fare.

One of the Philadelphia theatres is to be the first one in the world to be operated without footlights. All the stage illumination will come from above, being as nearly as possible a reproduction of ordinary sunlight. The innovation of taking away the footlights comes as a general surprise to the theatregoers, violating as it does one of the traditions of stage art.

What Doctors Use for Eczema

A soothing combination of oil of White-ginger, Glycerine and other healing ingredients called D. D. D. Prescription is now a favorite remedy of skin specialists for all skin diseases. It penetrates the pores, gives instant relief. Try D. D. D. today. 35c, 60c and \$1.00.

D. D. D.
The Liquid Wash
Drops the Itch



Safety First

CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, STORES, GARAGES, KITCHENS, BATH-ROOMS, DINING ROOMS, HALLS.

Lowell Metal Ceiling Co.

655 BROADWAY. FIRE PROOF SHEET METAL SPECIALTIES. Not necessary to remove old plaster. Drop in a postal and we will call.

Town & Country PAINT

The beautiful protective house paint. NEW COLOR CARDS showing 25 Good and suggesting combinations, are FREE for the asking. ALL REGULAR SHADES. Gallon, \$3.75. Free City Motor Delivery. C. B. COBURN CO. 63 MARKET STREET

40 NAMES ON TODAY'S U. S. CASUALTY LIST

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The army casualty list today contained 40 names, divided as follows:

Killed in action, three; died of wounds, two; died of accident and other causes, 13; died of disease, six; wounded severely, eight; wounded slightly, one; prisoner, one.

The list follows:

Killed in Action

Pr. Lon Meadows, Krupp, Ky.
Pr. H. I. Milton, Hartford, Conn.
Pr. N. A. Pluff, New Haven, Conn.

Died of Wounds

Lt. Col. R. J. Maxey, Missouri, Mont.
Corp. W. C. Williamson, Blanchard, La.

Died of Disease

Lieut. Wm. L. Miller, Saginaw, Mich.
Master Signal Electrician Roy C. Mingle, Torrance, Philadelphia.
Sgt. Theo. Steensland, Deresford, S. D.
Priv. Jas. H. Ferguson, Rowley, Mass.
Priv. P. W. Kruse, Brook Park, Minn.
Pr. S. Seales, Stone Mountain, Ga.

Died of Accidents and Other Causes

Lieut. John L. Mitchell, Meadowmere, Milwaukee, Wis.
Lieut. Richard Blodgett, West Newton, Mass.
Sgt. Philip Lyons, Hartford, Conn.
Sgt. P. L. Davis, Franklin, Va.
Sgt. Clyde A. Simpson, Cadiz, Okla.
Sgt. Joseph Henderson, Dayton, O.
Sgt. A. Nardelli, Letta Costello, It.
Corp. E. W. Anderson, Fargo, N. D.
Priv. Mike Vachon, Philadelphia.
Priv. Des. Inpellese, Detroit, Mich.
Priv. Edwin A. Gowen, Philadelphia.
Pr. L. A. Burbank, So. Waterboro, Me.
Priv. Geo. A. Schum, New York City.
Priv. R. C. Bashaw, Marquette, Mich.
Priv. Claude A. Baker, Lawton, Okla.
Priv. Thos. L. Seals, Pritchard, Miss.
Army Field Clerk Mark H. Hanna, Tuscan, Pa.
Civ. Paul Rogas, Autos, Chile.
Cadet Roger S. Dix, Jr., Boston.

Wounded Severely

Lieut. Leopold Arnold, New York.
Lieut. R. V. K. Harris, Winsted, Ct.
Lieut. Thos. E. Riley, McDowell, W. Va.
Corp. John G. Brown, Mohr, Mo.
Priv. Charlie A. Cooley, Athens, Ala.
Pr. Fred W. Coons, Hartford, Ct.
Priv. Howard McLean, Rugby, N. D.
Priv. Walter K. Pearson, Corbin, Ky.

Wounded Slightly

Lieut. Leo T. Kewer, Waverly, Mass.
Lieut. Paul W. Eaton, Jackson, Mich.
prisoner.

Prisoners, Previously Reported Missing

Lt. Benj. P. Gurpee, Manchester, N. H.
Lt. Bernard J. Gallagher, Waseca, Minn.
Lt. Wm. H. Jenkins, Leesburg, Va.
Ser. Robert Walker, Jersey City.
Corp. P. F. Meelan, Springfield, Mass.
Corp. Lee H. Whitehead, Jeffrey, Ky.
Pr. Homer Akers, Norwood, Mo.
Pr. Edward Bennett, Harrisburg, Ill.
Pr. A. Bergeron, Turners Falls, Mass.
Pr. Frank B. Addison, New York City.
Pr. Philippe Daniels, 219 Broad street, Lynn, Mass.
Pr. Russell E. Dodson, Vintonville, Pa.
Pr. E. J. Doherty, Newton Centre, Mass.
Pr. Owen Dougherty, Chester, Pa.
Pr. Fred T. Hickman, Longwood, Ind.
Pr. Carl Holst, Allston, Mass.
Pr. A. Krakusinski, Dobro, Poland.
Pr. Jeremiah Lehigh, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Pr. Wilfred Margulies, 1865 Lavane st., Fall River, Mass.
Pr. Roy R. Mason, Gainesville, Fla.
Pr. Frank J. Meyer, Reading, Ohio.
Pr. James S. Muldon, Brighton, Mass.
Pr. Clarence E. Newton, Cincinnati, O.
Pr. E. J. Prosser, Minneapolis, Minn.
Pr. James Puntillo, Newark, N. J.
Pr. Carmelo R. Ruppel, Avon, Conn.
Pr. Rocco Summa, Waterbury, Conn.
Pr. Henry Syllak, Philadelphia.
Pr. Wm. C. Sweeney, South Boston.
Pr. David L. Watkins, Glasgow, Ky.

Previously Reported Missing, Now Reported Dead

Lt. Charles W. Chapman, Waterville, Ia.
Lt. Joseph R. Sandford, Skowhegan, Me.

Previously Reported Missing, Now Reported Killed in Action

Mechanic Joseph E. Pratt, Bristol, Ct.

Previously Reported Slightly Wounded, Corrected to Missing in Action

Pr. Charles Cropper, New Haven, Conn.

Previously Reported Killed in Action, Now Reported as Wounded in Action

Pr. Frank W. Ferraro, Middletown, Ct.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisers and you will save money on your purchases.

Unsightly Hair DeMiracle

DeMiracle, the original sanitary liquid, is truly a revelation in modern science. It is just as effective in removing coarse, bristly growths as it is for ordinary ones.
Only genuine DeMiracle has a money-back guarantee in each package. At 25c, 50c, or by mail from us in plain wrapper on receipt of price.
FREE book with testimonials of highest authorities explains what causes hair on face, neck and arms, and how DeMiracle removes it. It is mailed in plain sealed envelope on request. DeMiracle, Park Ave. and 129th St., New York.

FAIRBURN'S HOUR SALES

WEDNESDAY A. M. ONLY

8 TO 9

NEW POTATOES, pk. 39c

9 TO 10

WELCOME SOAP, bar..... 5c

10 TO 11

FRESH HERRING, lb..... 5c

11 TO 12

LARGE BOILED LOBSTERS, lb. 35c



CHOICE OF THE HOUSE SALE

OF

SUITS at \$25

Suits selling to \$59.50, in the finest gabardines, Serges, Tricotine, Jersey and Silks, all wanted styles. Consider what this Semi-Annual Sale means to you with every kind of merchandise entering into the manufacture of Ladies' Suits advancing by leaps and bounds in price. We have held this sale in seasons past and not wishing to disappoint the hundreds of customers who wait for this big event,

Commencing Wednesday at 9.30 Your Choice of the Suit Stock

NONE ON SALE BEFORE

Our losses are terrific.
Cost of alterations if made.
No Memo. No Charges.
All sales final.

Cherry & Webb

12-18 JOHN STREET

Navy, Black, Sand, Gray
and Shepherd Checks in the lot.

PRIVATE FRANK EGAN IN HERO COLUMN

Private Frank A. Egan of Co. C of the 104th Infantry in France, who was mentioned in yesterday's editions as having been cited for gallantry, lived at 29 Cady street before enlisting. A year ago last spring he joined the Ma-



PRIVATE FRANK A. EGAN

turers, and individuals need merely specify "by express" and the entire man power and vehicle power of the express world will respond to their call.

"At no time in the history of the railroads has the volume of express traffic been so great as it is today, the business reaching a total during the past fiscal year of over \$200,000,000.

"Already the vast terminals now maintained by the various companies are being unified for a practical saving of time and transfer.

"The street equipment of between 20,000 and 30,000 motor and horse vehicles are undergoing a re-distribution to avoid duplication of routes.

"Branch agencies and multiple offices in many cities will be subject to an economical readjustment.

"The claim departments will be unified and a closer co-operation established with the shippers to eliminate losses resulting from faulty packing and incorrect marking of shipments.

"The new move will bring into one organization over 100,000 men now trained in express service. It will be the policy of the company to maintain a broad gauge attitude toward its employees, many of whom have spent their lives in the service and thousands of whom have made great personal sacrifices in carrying the immense burden of the last three and a half years.

"In the past the express companies have been vital factors in the conveyance of merchandise and foodstuffs. They have eliminated distance and the time element between the manufacturer and his market. The new move is designed to improve the distribution of commerce and agriculture and the business of the country may look upon it with confidence that their interests will be carefully and intelligently served.

"The non-transportation activities of the separate companies, such as, money orders, travelers' exchange, travel department, foreign exchange, and banking, and their respective foreign organizations which are of international magnitude, will not come under the consolidation, but will be conducted by the individual companies as in the past, the offices of the new company acting as agents for the old companies in the handling of the above-mentioned features."

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Y. M. C. A. NEEDS OVER \$100,000,000

NEW YORK, June 4.—Losses incidental to the German push on the western front have made it imperative that more than \$100,000,000 be subscribed during the coming campaign for funds with which to maintain Y.M.C.A. war activities at home and overseas, the annual meeting of the association's war council was told here yesterday by Dr. John R. Mott, general secretary, who returned recently from France.

The association has appropriated a half million dollars with which to replace the 38 dugouts lost by the British in Flanders and Picardy during the recent Hun drive. Within the past week more than 200 of these recreation centers back of the French lines have fallen into the enemy hands, Dr. Mott declared. These also must be replaced. It is planned that expansion of the association's work may be kept apace with the development of the army and navy and to do this it will be necessary to transport overseas by September 4000 additional workers, 1000 of whom should be women, the secretary said. Enough men will be recruited eventually it is hoped, to allot one secretary to each 500 fighting men, Dr. Mott stated. Workers are now being enrolled at the rate of 1000 monthly.

The war work council unanimously adopted the recommendation of the budget committee that \$100,000,000 be raised. New England is to be asked for \$10,000,000.

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WOUNDED U. S. SOLDIERS ARRIVE AT NICE, FRANCE

NICE, France, Monday, June 3.—The first batch of wounded American soldiers who had been amalgamated with French troops, arrived at Nice today. They were sent to the American hospital here.

Apparently this refers to American troops who have been brigaded with the French, according to the plan announced some time ago. Whether they were wounded in the fighting of the present offensive or while acting with the French in other sectors is not clear. The main body of Americans placed in the line with the French against the Germans since the Marne offensive started, is in the Cantigny sector, southeast of Amiens, where they have made a brilliant record in the capture and holding of the town of Cantigny.

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"WHEN WE SEE U-BOATS WE GET EM," SAYS BURKE

By Seaman R. W. Burke of the U.S.S.

A U-boat that's sighted by a lookout on a destroyer is almost as good as done for.

"If we see 'em, we get 'em," is what we say.

American, British and French destroyers—all are working together now and it is pretty hard for Fritz to show his periscope above water. They used to operate on the surface a lot. Now they don't.

The "ash-cans" have done it. "Ash cans" are the depth charges that we drop overhead, and we call them ash cans because they are about the size of a big ash can and look very much like one.

I remember one day—it was very foggy—when it seemed as though something was "in the air." We were cruising on patrol when we heard a number of shots close by. We couldn't see where they came from, but could hear the direction; the fog was so thick we could only see a few feet on either side of us.

Suddenly, right out of the fog another destroyer shot across our bow and missed us by about 25 yards. Then we heard more shots.

We had been cruising slowly. I had just gone aft on the deck house to stand watch and I had hardly taken my position when we heard a loud explosion right off our stern.

It shook us all over and nearly bounced us out of the water. Officers and men came running aft; they thought we were torpedoed—or that one of our "ash cans" had fallen over and torn our stern off.

Everybody was relieved to find we were intact. By that time we all knew what had happened—one of our destroyers had dropped a depth charge and we were over the explosion. We turned about immediately and hung up full speed. We had not gone back many yards when we came upon a spot where there were many bubbles coming to the surface—oil and grease which spread over the water for a great distance.

The oil was so thick it just clung to our sides. We knew then that somebody had got a submarine.

These depth charges are the greatest things ever invented to get submarines. You hardly ever get a U-boat on the surface now. They are very fast. You cannot see the periscope very far; it may be a foot or so out of the water, or only a couple of inches, and it is painted light green and gray.

A periscope is very hard to distinguish in the sea unless you see them rushing through the water; then they set up a little wake—but even then

you cannot see that very far. But if we can get near the spot where a submarine goes down, the depth charge will do the business.

You just sit on the stern and roll them over! At a touch of a button on the bridge, too, they can be released so they just roll off. They are set to explode at a certain depth.

Many U-boats are destroyed that are never seen by the destroyer that gets them. If we get a report of a submarine in a certain spot, we proceed there at full speed and are sometimes able to locate it by the bubbles and the streak of oil on the water.

We follow that streak of oil—from one end to another and see which end is moving, and drop a couple of "ash-cans" on that end.

We have often followed a streak of oil for miles and miles, only to come to the end of it and see nothing there. Then we know we had gone to the wrong end.

Turning we would then go up to the other end and find the streak moving, drop a couple of "ash-cans," and up came the bubbles and oil.

The U-boat never knew what hit him; we never saw him; but we knew he had got a sub.

We never captured a submarine, but we saw one captured by our sister ship. She dropped a depth bomb on it and the submarine came to the surface and when they saw the two destroyers they surrendered. It is very seldom a submarine is captured; they generally open the sea and let them go.

Our sister destroyer brought in the Germans and put them onto our flag boat—about 30 or 40 of them. They were about 19 or 20 years old, big, sturdy, blond Germans, with blue eyes, blond hair, and very military.

The captain of the submarine was a young man who had been in the United States. The first thing he asked about was the United States.

It is a mistake to give the impression that the submarine crews are old or inefficient men—or that the enemy is worn out. That isn't so at all. You have something to contend with when you are up against the submarine.

BRITISH RAPIDLY REINFORCE FRENCH

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, June 4.—By the Associated Press.—The allied troops feel that the enemy has reached the virtual end of his rush. The ground is now given up only when the allied commanders consider it useless to hold it, and when combat occurs they are fought on a much more equal basis than heretofore.

The troops have never lost confidence, even in the most serious moments of their retirement, in their ability to prevent a breach in the line, and now, when British and French reinforcements are arriving rapidly, the morale

of the allied armies is higher than ever.

Throughout Sunday a series of attacks and counter-attacks brought into action large bodies of troops all about the villages forming a sort of line along the borders of the forest of Villers-Cotterets. The possession of these villages is of the utmost importance for future developments.

The fighting was obstinate and incessant for many hours in the streets and houses of the villages. The Germans for a time held a footing in Corcy and Toennes, but both these towns were re-taken in most determined counter-attacks. Loupont and Faverolles eventually fell before the overwhelming German assault.

Villers-Cotterets, a town on a line between Compiègne and Chateau Thierry, for the moment appears to attract the German masses more than any other place on the western side of Champagne salient. The town came under slight bombardment yesterday, while La Ferte Milon, south of Villers-Cotterets, and the birthplace of Racine, the French tragic poet, also was shelled.

In the center of the battle line from Bernouilly to Rheims the Germans are still making the most violent efforts to go forward and the fighting continued all yesterday to the south of Villers-Cotterets, with give-and-take results.

The position at Rheims, which had become grave when La Ferte Milon was momentarily rushed by the Germans, is somewhat improved, although the enemy is holding three sides of the city.

The Thomas Farrell mentioned is undoubtedly Thompson Farrell, one of the city's leading runners. He enlisted in the old Sixth regiment and was later transferred to the 104th. He had been coach of the Lowell high school track team for a number of years and turned out several high grade squads.

LOWELL SOLDIERS CITED FOR BRAVERY

Corp. John A. Clement, who was mentioned in last evening's Sun as being cited for gallantry in France, is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Clement of 17 West Fifth avenue. He enlisted a year ago April in Co. C of the sixth regiment, and at that time was 19 years old. He was later transferred to Co. K of the 104th Infantry. He is a member of the C.M.A.C. and P.A.C. club.

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NAVAL MEN LOST ON TORPEDOED TRANSPORT

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Three officers and 23 enlisted men of the navy were reported missing from the torpedoed American transport, President Lincoln.

One officer was captured by the submarine.

Lieut. Edward V. M. Isaacs of Fort Huachuca, Ariz., was the officer captured.

The missing are: Surgeon Lindsay C. Whiteside, Lehigh, Penn.; Asst. Paymaster Andrew Mowal, Newport, R. I.

Asst. Paymaster J. E. Ardston. Ardston's name does not appear on the navy record and there probably was an error in its transmission.

The members of the crew missing are: BROWN, B. M., Philadelphia. DALEY, Edward M., Buffalo. EGBERT, A. S., Graniteville, L. J. FREEMAN, R. F., Oliphant Furnace.

HAIGHT, L. B., Trenton, Utah. HEOGLIN, P. H., Eddyville, Neb. HIMMELWRIGHT, H. A., Niantic, Penn. HOFFMAN, G. B., Ridley Park, Pa. JOHNSON, A. T., Jacksonville, Fla. JENKINS, J. A., Eugene, Mo. JOHNSON, G. B., Decatur, Tenn. KUBERT, V. J., Brooklyn.

LEWIS, C. W., Akron, N. Y. MCVITT, C. H., Columbus, Ind. NOWACKI, J. J., C., Brooklyn. OWENS, W. F., Trenton, N. J. SWARTZ, A. A., New York. WALKER, R. S., Chattanooga, Tenn. WILLIAMS, H. H., Brooklyn.

WILSON, F. W., Jr., Danvers, Tex. WILSON, P. H., H. address. ZANETTI, Birtie, Clifton, N. J.

All those who were passengers and all the returning army officers and men on the President Lincoln were saved.

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The navy department announcement said:

then I'll talk to you. I'm going to shoot you.

"I knew he had a revolver," Mrs. Tower told the coroner, "but I didn't believe that he had it with him. I told him so. Moving his hand to his hip pocket, he said, 'You know me, I never go back on my word.' Then he started shooting, exclaiming, 'We're both going away. I'm going to shoot you and then shoot myself.'"

He fired three shots at Mrs. Tower. One bullet entered her right breast, another the stomach, and the third fired while her back was turned, passed through her arm. Mrs. Tower dragged herself to a window and drove her hand through a pane of glass calling for help.

When help arrived Tower was dead and Mrs. Tower was stretched on the floor but conscious. She was taken to a hospital immediately, and it is expected that she will recover.

Mrs. Tower was previously married and has a 17-year-old boy. She married Tower in Boston last January.

WARNS OF ATTEMPTS TO OBSTRUCT DRAFT

BOSTON, June 4.—Charges that forgery and other fraudulent means are being used to mislead local and district draft boards in the administration of the selective service law were made in a communication sent out today by Maj. Roger Wolcott, in charge of the operation of the law in Massachusetts.

Major Wolcott, acting upon information from Provost Marshal General Crowder, stated that boards were receiving letters and telegrams purporting to come from various government agencies, giving instructions concerning the draft.

Investigation has shown that many of these communications are fraudulent and others unauthorized.

PLANS FOR CAMPAIGN OF AMERICANIZATION AMONG FOREIGNERS

BOSTON, June 4.—Tentative plans for waging a campaign of Americanization among foreigners in the industrial centers of New England were outlined today at a conference at the state house, called by the Massachusetts committee on public safety and the women's branch of the council of national defense.

Delegates from manufacturing cities where there is a large alien population attended and the foundation was laid for a program to extend over a period of years.

HOWE HIGH SCHOOL

The graduation exercises of the Howe high school in Billerica will be held Wednesday afternoon, June 11, at 2:30 o'clock. The principal speaker will be Dr. William A. Knight of Brighton.

NORTH CHELMSFORD NEWS

Mothers who have babies under five years of age are requested to take names to have the little ones weighed in connection with the baby weighing campaign. There is no weighing station in North Chelmsford, but the children can be taken to any of the stations in Lowell any afternoon between 2 and 4 o'clock during the present week.

COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER PLANS FOR REHABILITATING THE SHEEP INDUSTRY

Special to The Sun. STATE HOUSE, Boston, June 4.—Senator Arthur W. Colburn of Dracut has been selected by President Francis of the senate to be chairman of the special recon committee appointed to consider plans for rehabilitating the sheep industry in this commonwealth, and to study the laws of the commonwealth generally so far as they relate to agriculture.

The appointment is a result of a special message sent to the legislature by Governor McCall in which the chief executive recommended the appointment of a special commission to investigate the sheep question alone. This recommendation the legislature turned down, and substituted in its place the general investigation to be made by a recon committee.

Rep. Dennis A. Murphy was also honored with an appointment to a recon committee. Speaker Cox of the house placing him on the committee to investigate the taxation laws of the commonwealth, with particular reference to the distribution of the proceeds of the income tax. The committee will also continue the investigation begun last year with reference to the corporation tax laws.

Rep. Henry A. Smith, Jr., was again named as a member of the republican legislative committee, the function of which is to assist in bringing about the election of republican candidates for the legislature.

CALL FOR 50,000 IRISH RECRUITS

DUBLIN, June 4.—(By The Associated Press.)—The lord lieutenant issued a proclamation last night asking for 50,000 voluntary recruits, and thereafter 2000 to 3000 monthly, to maintain the Irish divisions.

The first call is to men 18 to 27 years of age, and special inducement is offered of legislation to insure that land shall be available for the men who fight for their country.

"WORK OR FIGHT"

All Citizens Asked to Report Loafers to Draft Boards

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Rules for the enforcement of Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder's "work or fight" regulations, announced yesterday, call on all citizens to report to the nearest local draft board names of men within draft age who are habitually idle or who are employed non-productively.

Each local board is ordered into what will be practically a court to sit probably weekly to decide such cases as may be brought before it. Upon a case being presented the board will serve a notice on the registrant of not less than three days nor more than seven days, directing him to present such evidence as he may care to submit.

In every case the board must send the complete record to the district board for approval, even if the decision is in favor of a man. If the district board approves the findings additional to a registrant, he will be given notice and if any vacancies exist, will be sent immediately to camp or placed at the top of the list of those next to go.

An appeal to the president may be made only in the event of a dissenting vote in the district board and with recommendation of the appeal agent or adjutant general.

HELMAR
TURKISH CIGARETTES

13 Cents

Face to face—
The truth is—
we all like
Helmar.

Smaragos Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

Quality—Superb

Bridging the Gap From Steer to Steak

Live stock is raised on the farms and ranches of the West.

Meat is eaten in the large cities of the East, and by our boys in France—thousands of miles away.

The day of transporting live animals from ranch to seaboard and overseas has passed. There was too much waste. The modern packer locates his large and specialized plants in the producing regions. He ships the dressed beef in refrigerator cars, and holds it in his own refrigerated branch warehouses until delivered to the retailer. For shipment to foreign ports, he transfers the meat to refrigerated ships.

By means of his nation-wide organization the modern packer maintains a continuous flow of meats to all parts of the country, so that each retailer gets just the quantity and quality of meat his trade demands, and at the time he wants it.

Swift & Company recently shipped 1,000 carloads of meat products in one week to our Armies and to the Allies.

Bridging the gap from ranch to consumer can be done successfully—and at low unit costs and profits—only by large business organizations.

Swift & Company's profit on meat, always so small, as to have practically no effect on prices, is now limited by the Government to about 2 cents on each dollar of sales.

Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request. Address Swift & Company, Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Local Branch, 572 Dutton St., Lowell, Mass.

MAN SHOTS HIS WIFE THEN KILLS HIMSELF

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 4.—Crazed by jealousy of his wife and grieving over the recent death of his mother, Charles Tower of 116 Webster street, East Boston, shot his wife Catherine, three times and then put the pistol to his mouth and killed himself instantly yesterday afternoon at an amusement park near this city.

Tower came to this city recently to work for M. J. Blakely, who had secured the restaurant concession at the park. Last week Tuesday Tower received a message that his mother, a resident of Worcester, Mass., had been taken seriously ill. She died before his arrival at her bedside, and friends of Tower claimed that there was a notable change in the man.

According to Mrs. Tower he repeatedly upbraided her because she showed too much consideration for customers. Shortly after dinner yesterday he asked her to go from the rooming house to the second floor above the restaurant to see how he was fixing up a room for Mrs. Blakely, Mrs. Tower's sister.

Arriving in the room he turned on her, according to Mrs. Tower, and said: "I'll give you three minutes to talk.

"I'll give you three minutes to talk.

"I'll give you three minutes to talk.

"I'll give you

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

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NEW BEDFORD STRIKE

It is announced that a great mill strike is threatened in New Bedford. Any claim for increased wages that can not now be settled by arbitration will at once be set down as extravagant. We do not know the merits of the New Bedford controversy, but we do know that the trouble should be promptly settled by arbitration. The country cannot afford now to tolerate any large labor strike nor any lockout planned to forestall a strike.

THE NAVAL HOARDER

That naval officer, Dr. Francis T. Nash, medical director, U.S.N., would be a poor acquisition aboard ship or in charge of the medical work of a naval squadron, judging from his greed to hoard food for future use. The government has found him with \$2000 in food. He is too hoggy to be connected with any branch of the service. He should be sentenced for hoarding and then dishonorably discharged from the service.

CHANGE IT QUICKLY

If it be necessary to amend the constitution to prevent foreigners who are not naturalized from voting in our elections for congressmen, senators and presidential electors, then the constitution should be changed. In nine states foreigners have been accorded this privilege. In some cases the foreigners have taken out first papers, but for the majority the privilege has been extended unconditionally. It is something in the nature of an outrage to permit anything of this kind during the war when alien enemies can vote for what they know to be injurious to our interests.

GERMAN BRUTALITY

As might be expected the Germans are starting out to inflict brutal treatment on American prisoners. Early in the war their chief enmity was towards the French, then it was transferred to the British and hymns of hate were sung appealing to the Almighty to "strafe" England. Now it seems to be that Americans are the chief objects of German hatred. The Huns evidently realize that but for America they could easily win the war. But the day of reckoning will come to Germany and she will pay dearly for her brutality, not only against our prisoners of war but for the special drive of her aviators against base hospitals.

HOLD THE LIBERTY BONDS

There are now four issues of Liberty Bonds outstanding. These include the first Liberty Loan, the second and third, and bonds of the second issue which have been obtained by the conversion of bonds of the first issue into bonds of the second.

Shortly two new issues will make their appearance. They will be 4-4-4 per cent bonds obtained by conversions of bonds of the first and second issues into bonds of the third issue.

Any of these bonds may be sold in the market at a price slightly below par value. Possibly they will remain below par throughout the war, but they are about as sure to increase in value after the war is over as the sun is sure to rise. Those who will reap the most profitable harvest out of Liberty Bond investments will be those who hold their bonds until we've licked the Kaiser. Every person who sells before that time loses money on the transaction.

TRIBUTE FROM LODGE

Senator Lodge, the other day paid a fine tribute to Secretary Daniels of the navy. It will be remembered that for some years Mr. Daniels was unmercifully criticized as a misfit and a huge joke. Today no critic has the hardihood to repeat any of the gibes so glibly thrown at him in the early days. Here is what Mr. Lodge said:

"Have you heard of any investigations or criticisms of our navy? I have heard none, and I am fairly familiar with it as a member of the Naval Affairs committee. The navy has done extremely well. Secretary Daniels has made no statements to the public of what he hoped to do. He has not said in 1917 what he is going to do in 1918. All he says is what has been accomplished. He has strong men as his bureau heads. He deserves credit for having selected them."

Of course the credit is taken from him even here and given to his subordinates, but let that go. The senior senator is trying to show that he never criticizes except where criticism is justified. Would that it were so.

OUR AIRPLANES IN SERVICE

The airplane situation is much improved. Mr. Schwab is getting machines constructed from the mass of material and standardized parts that had been piled up before he took charge. It would appear that the signal corps had an idea that if the machines were turned out any time before the end of the war, no duty would be fulfilled.

Schwab has set things moving and already 5,074 machines have been constructed and put in service. Of that number 3,700 were built in the United States and most of them are being used for training purposes.

In France 1,316 planes are in operation—223 of them of the combat class and all made in foreign factories, chiefly of American materials. Of the Liberty airplane engine which has been the subject of much controversy,

561 have been delivered for the army, 489 for the navy, and 900 for foreign governments. During the last week of April 136 airplanes were delivered, together with 513 Liberty engines, 86 of these of the combat class.

The department is still three months behind its program; but the situation is much improved and at the present rate of work, Mr. Schwab will catch up with lost time.

THE SUBMARINE RAID

Germany has sent her U-boats across to attack our ships in their home waters. The first onslaught has not been as severe as it might have been. We have reason to felicitate ourselves that no troopship has been sunk.

The Germans intend to compel the United States to keep more of her destroyers in home waters and fewer helping the British to fight the submarines in the declared war zone.

It is not likely, however, that any of our warships operating abroad will be recalled to meet the menace on this side. This menace will be taken care of. The German "subs" that have come here are not likely ever to return.

Unless they have a base in Mexico or the West Indies they cannot do very much harm, but if they have bases on the Atlantic coast, that fact will soon be determined.

Washington experts believe there are five of them in all; but it is probable that there is a mother ship, one of the Deutschland class, to serve as a movable base for the smaller craft. It is possible also that the submarines may seize and arm some American ship to be used as a commerce raider. They have done that before with some success, but against this also the navy department will take all necessary precautions.

It is probable that some ships, the Cyclops included, have been sunk without leaving a trace; but the gratifying feature is that the raiders have not sunk any troopship, the destruction of which is the main objective in American waters.

OUR ARMY HEROES

The American soldier, call him "Sammy" or what you will, is soon to demonstrate his prowess in battle against the Huns in one of the most important battles in all history.

It is conceded that if the Allies lacked the all important aid of America the Teutons would have things pretty nearly their own way. They could take Paris or the channel ports—perhaps both—and could then attack London without setting foot on British soil.

But the Sammys are expected in the present situation to turn back the Huns in the second battle of the Marne.

Many American soldiers have been decorated for heroic bravery on the field, not because they went out to seek honors or because they are inclined to the spectacular. Their aim is to kill Germans, yes kill them as quickly and as numerously as possible. If in pursuance of this duty they perform deeds of valor that attract attention, the fact is but incidental to the main object—the overthrow of the Huns.

If Sammy has been decorated, then there was no camouflage about it; his act was not performed through any selfish desire for recognition or notoriety.

Many of our brave men will fall. That is inevitable, but we venture to say that those who survive will have a percentage of heroes that would do credit to the best army in the world. Our soldiers have not been brought up to a military life, but they will be found as ready to die as have been any similar body of men fighting for a glorious cause.

What is said here of the United States army is equally true of the marines and it is hoped that the latter may soon have an opportunity to assert their superiority.

GET INTO ESSENTIAL JOBS

You men of draft age who are not in the army because you have a wife and children or a father or mother dependent upon you, ought to size up your job to see whether or not Marshal Crowder's new regulation will touch you.

You know what the new regulation is. It takes effect July 1 and says that no matter whether a man is married and has dependents or not, he must go into the service if he is either a leader or is doing work which is not useful in winning the war, and this order names certain jobs as being non-useful, such as running passenger elevators, sales clerks in stores, men doing housework, and some jobs which are regarded as hurtful, such as working around gambling houses, pool

rooms, bucket shops, race tracks, etc. It is easy enough to look at your job and say, "My job is not in the list," but General Crowder says it is expected that the list of non-useful jobs will be extended from time to time. Suppose that another list is gotten out as soon as they take care of the men in the non-useful jobs which are already named? Will your job be in the next list?

It is not a very long step from running a passenger elevator to being a street car conductor.

If you are a bond salesman or an insurance solicitor and have received deferred classification in the draft, what are the chances that your occupation will be named in the next list?

If you are a chauffeur for a private family, what are the chances that the next list will put your job down as non-useful just as this list names the doorman and butler.

And you lawyers—are you so necessary?

In sizing up your job, you had better think also about whether or not a woman with sufficient training could do your work, not as well perhaps as you, at first, but could she learn to do your work?

When you are thinking about whether or not your job will be in the list of non-useful jobs, put yourself in the place of Provost Marshal Crowder, who must not only get men into the army, but must see that all the non-power of the country is working in things which are useful in helping to win the war, and then you can figure out just what kind of a job you hold.

There will probably be a large number of men hunting for useful jobs on July 1. There will be more of them as the lists are made up.

Maybe you just happened to get into the job you hold now and have stayed in it because you didn't happen to get out. Maybe you have always wanted to work in a machine shop or to work on a farm but nothing came along to make you do it, especially after you got married. No one can tell you what you had better do right now, but one thing sure is that you had better think about your job and get in line with General Crowder's orders.

Shedd Park Undeveloped

Some years ago Freeman B. Shedd donated to the city a splendid site for a public park. He had landscape gardeners draw plans of the way he wanted it developed. There were places for swimming pools in summer, tennis courts, ball fields and an outdoor gymnasium or playground.

The design was beautiful and everything in it was admirably adapted to the needs of the city.

Mr. Shedd supposed his design would be carried out to the letter, and

indeed it was on that condition the gift was accepted by the city. But there was no time fixed for the completion of the work, so that the city may extend the time for this development to the eve of doomsday. The failure to carry out the plan of the donor looks like a breach of faith, although legally and technically under the terms of acceptance it is not.

But the neglect conveys a lesson for others who might have any intention of making public bequests to the city. If there is in this city today a big-hearted man or woman who has any intention of donating a \$500,000 park to the city on condition that certain improvements be made at some time in the future, we advise such person in advance not to do it just that way. Make the conditions definite and binding, or otherwise your gift will be accepted and when you are gone your plans will be disregarded by the municipal council that cares little for the views of dead men who very seldom vote in this city.

Therefore, make the conditions definite and secure so that no city government on any pretext whatsoever can evade the consequences. In other words, nothing is to be left to the discretion of the municipal authorities in matters of public bequests.

The park board is much devoted to its work; but it cannot make the necessary improvements without money and has to depend upon the wishes of the municipal council for all appropriations. It is to be regretted that Mr. Shedd did not leave enough money to carry out his plan of the completed park. As he very evidently presumed that the city would have no hesitation in doing this, his good opinion of our municipal liberality for public improvements was not quite correct.

As a result there is a splendid opportunity for some wealthy citizen to donate to the city a sufficient sum to complete Mr. Shedd's design in a single year. This would be a great service to the city of Lowell and especially to the factory operatives that frequent the park. It would make the crowd in summer as large as that which visits the skating park in the winter. There is here an opportunity to meet a real public necessity which might justify a change in the name of the park by adding the name of the new donor to that of Mr. Shedd making it, for instance, the "Shedd—" park.

SEEN AND HEARD

One no longer hears the old-time talk about "surplus women."

It is not the work, but the worry, that makes the world grow old.

The brain is seldom wrecked by being racked; more often it rusts out.

"Supply and Demand"

It has got so now that every time

HAS NOT HAD AN HOUR'S SICKNESS

Since He Commenced To Take "Fruit-a-lives"

73 LEE AVE., OTTAWA.

"Three years ago, I began to feel run-down and tired, and suffered very much from Liver and Kidney Trouble. Having heard of 'Fruit-a-lives', I thought I would try them. The result was surprising.

I have not had an hour's sickness since I commenced using 'Fruit-a-lives' or Fruit Liver Tablets, and I know now what I haven't known for a good many years—the blessing of a healthy body and clear thinking brain." WALTER J. MARRIOTT.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or from FRUIT-A-LIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

One reads in the paper that tons of fresh fish have been landed in Boston but automatically dips deeper for more change with which to buy the fish dinner.

The Garden Profit

When your neighbor tells you how little his garden is costing him and how much it is going to repay him in crops, don't be one of these efficiency sharps and ask him how much he figures the time he puts into it worth. If he's sensible he sets that down in the health column.

And Has Her Way, Too

The old-fashioned woman who used to like to go to the shore cottage, and with other women in the party get up a good dinner, now has a daughter who suggests that someone run the car to the nearest roadhouse or beach resort and pay for something fancy instead of bothering about preparing as much as a light lunch.

Blame the Tailor

Mrs. Day, a young matron, was seated one spring morning on the piazza of her pretty suburban cottage, busily engaged in playing her needle. A coat of her husband's was in her lap. Looking up from her work, when her husband appeared in the doorway, the young woman exclaimed, somewhat fretfully:

"Really, Eugene, it is too bad, the careless way your tailor put this button on. This is the sixth time I have had to sew it on for you."—Harpers Magazine.

Not Book Worms

The book publishing house that sends beautiful catalogues and other reading matter telling about their newest publications somehow one can't shake them after once venturing to invest a dollar down and a dollar a week makes this little statement in its latest bill: "You must keep right on eating and you must clothe yourself, the prices have gone sky-high," but coupling that with the remark that "You must keep informed," adding that books have also gone up. Somehow one isn't inveigled when one realizes that books are not eatable.

The Riveter

"We've never worked this way before," said Johnny at the blast. "In all my standing at the forge I've never gone so fast." The riveter just looked at him and mopped his forehead. "An' I can't over there," he said. "We worked for wages then, but things are different now. For we're licking the Kaiser, so just keep the charcoal red an' toss 'em fast an' 'em can straighten. I'll hit 'em in the head."

"I never get no time to rest," said Johnny at the blast. "You work," the riveter replied, "so long as war shall last. Just keep your bellows blowin' an' the rivets in the air. An' we'll get the ships to eat the men an' cannon over there. When we worked for common wages we could stop an' chew the rag. But it's different this mornin', for we're workin' for the flag."

"It's two for one you're drivin'," said Johnny at the blast. "You were off the line a little with the last shot that you took." Said the riveter, "be careful. Toss 'em straighter up to me. With a little better team work I can ease me an' the ship." O. It's speed an' ships we're after. We can stop an' take it slow. When the present job is finished an' the victory whistles blow."

His First Sight of an Auto

Here's an incident accompanying the opening of the island to the "devil wagons," as related in the Nantucket Inquirer and Mirror:

A white horse which was tied to a post on Orange street, Wednesday noon saw an auto coming down the hill and it simply made him tired. So instead of tearing the post up by the roots, the horse sat back on its haunches and watched the car go by. He was apparently so comfortable, however, that he decided to sit there, and all efforts to coax the steed to arise were futile. The sight of a "river" coming down Orange street had completely unnerved him—he was not as young as he used to be and could not stand shocks like that. For about an hour the crowd worked and coaxed and persuaded, but the horse would not budge until he was finally hoisted up onto his feet again, having had a delightful rest.

Over Our Head

Some day one tried to figure out the mechanism of a woman's mind. And he is now running around in an unholstered boudoir swatting himself. Thinking he is a fly. A woman will always get off a street car backwards. When she goes to cross the street, and she sees an auto coming, she will stand on the curb as though she's going to leave the auto go by, and just as the auto gets up to her, that left-handed mind of hers suddenly switches, and she walks right out in front of the auto.

Misplaced Lip Salutes

The Rockland Standard's observant Rooster is right in his element when he takes pretty girls as his topic, even if he is a married chap who ought to confine his attention to more serious subjects. Listen to this: "Did you ever see two young ladies



Keep Cool

B. V. D. Shirts and Drawers 60c

Athletic Union Suits, cross barred nainsook, 75c

Munsing Union Suits, sheer woven fabrics, \$1.25

Munsing Union Suits, knitted form-fitting, light fabrics made in all desirable models, \$1.50 to \$5.00

Office Coats, cotton, alpaca and serge, \$1.75 to \$7.00

Vestless Suits, sheer, light weight fabrics, homespun, cool cloths and flannels, \$12.00 to \$15.00

PUTNAM & SON CO., 166 Central Street.

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337 Thorndike Street

Davis Square

W. A. LEW

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING

Prices reasonable. Call today. We can please you.

48 JOHN STREET

The members of the war labor board, headed by William H. Taft and Frank P. Walsh, who drew up the national labor program, adopted as one of the cardinal principles that capital and labor should agree to accept and amend the decisions of the board, subject only to a review by an umpire whose judgment was to be final. To this program President Wilson subscribed in approving the recommendations of the men who were named under authority given by him to draw up the terms of the program. As a result of this situation it was considered inevitable last night that the president would feel called upon to take drastic action if the Western Union continued in its refusal to accept the rulings under the national program. Otherwise, it was felt, the effort toward the creation of a situation where war work would not be embarrassed by labor disturbances would be defeated.

WOMEN AVIATORS IN GREAT BRITAIN

LONDON, June 4.—Employment of women aviators is intended by the British government, George H. Roberts, labor minister, so announced in a speech at Sheffield, while referring to the important part that women are playing in industry. He said he believed women would make good aviators.

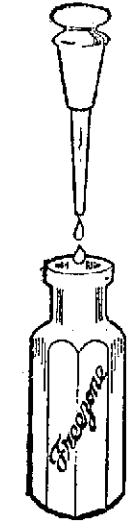
SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Loyal Excelsior lodge, I.O.O.F., M.U. was held last night in Post 129, G.A.R. hall. E. G. Camp presiding. Considerable business was transacted and officers were nominated to be elected at the next meeting. The entertainment committee reported that there will be an outing on Saturday, June 8 at the camp at Mountain Rock.

A shittah tree which has grown in the yard of Edward H. Hamblen of Springfield for more than 200 years was chopped down recently. The only other shittah tree in this part of the country so far as is known here, is one in Windsor Day's yard across the street which was a sprout of the original. The Hamblen tree, which is a native variety of the species growing in Arabia Persica, is a great rarity in this country and nothing is known of how it came to be here.

Lift Off Corns!

"Freezone" is Magic! Lift any Corn or Callus right off with fingers—No pain!



Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. It doesn't hurt one bit. Yes, magic!

Why wait? Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of Freezone for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without soreness or irritation. Freezone is the much talked of other discovery of a Cincinnati genius.

Franklin Machine Company

Providence, R. I.
Telephone
Union 963
Union 1857

Engineers—Founders—Machinists

Manufacturers of HARRIS-CORLIS ENGINES, Engine Repairs, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Bearings, Couplings, Clutches.

Large stock always on hand, General Mill Repairs, Special machinery of all kinds.

Walk-Over Boot Shop

WALTER CLARKSON

54 Central St. 53 Prescott St.

Tel. 2899

Walk-Over Shoes

—AT—

\$2.49

FOR WOMEN

GRADUATION EXERCISES AT ROGERS HALL

Miss Louise Frances Grover and Miss Harriet Lyman Stevens of this city were among the 19 young women graduated from Rogers Hall at the annual commencement exercises held last evening in the school gymnasium.

Prof. Charles D. Hazen of Columbia university was the speaker of the evening and his address was a timely and excellently worded message to the graduates who are to enter active life in one of the most eventful periods of the world's history.

In fact, the entire program was enveloped in an atmosphere of timeliness. What the school has already done and what it plans to do in the way of war work were lucidly explained and those present realized that even the soddenness of a school as Rogers Hall was not immune from the universal spirit and doing for the nation. The class seemed an epitome of this spirit. A valuable knitting machine was given to the school with the understanding that it be used by the Rogers Hall chapter of the Red Cross in war work. Miss Olive Sewell Parsons, the principal, when accepting the gift, said that in the recent drive for the Red Cross the students had contributed \$50. Besides this, the school chapter has a 100 per cent. membership. Another timely number of the evening's program was the an-

nouncement of those of the alumnae who are in the national service abroad. The first number of the evening was a reception of the visitors by the graduates and members of the faculty in the drawing room. In the gymnasium Geo. C. Vlah played the commencement march and this was followed by the singing of "God of Our Fathers" by the graduates. Then followed prayer led by Rev. Appleton Grannis. Mr. Vlah played Chopin's Ballade in G minor, Op. 23, and was well received.

Miss Anne Frances Keith, president of the senior class and of the Rogers Hall Red Cross chapter, presented the class gift which was accepted by Miss Parsons on behalf of the school. A medal for efficiency in Red Cross work was awarded to Miss Keith.

Miss Ruth Trimborne was awarded the medal for highest athletic honors and the Underhill honors for scholastic work were awarded to Miss Marcella Jones of Milwaukee, Miss Esther Hayes Watrous of Clinton, N. Y., and Miss Mary Frances Ogden of Wrentham, N. J. The members of the alumnae who have gone abroad for war work include Miss Gladys C. Lawrence of the class of 1908. Miss Lawrence is with the Harvard medical unit and went abroad last winter. Miss Florence Nesmith who is soon to go across is a Rogers Hall graduate.

Another phase of war work which Rogers Hall intends to carry out during the present summer season is the turning over of the athletic field, gymnasium and swimming pool to employed girls in this city, especially munition workers. Miss Florence L. Harrison, a member of the faculty, will be in general charge.

Professor Hazen

Professor Hazen's address was a most interesting one. In opening, he said that the cultivation of a taste for literature was of great importance because of the close association of literature and life. "Unfortunately," he said, "it is not uncommon to find young people with the technique of scholarship, yet almost wholly unfamiliar with literature."

Transferring his subject to the present time, he spoke optimistically of the outcome of the present war, and said that one of the greatest benefits which would be derived would be the abandonment of the policy of isolation which has been so characteristic of America up to now. He emphasized the importance of the individual in the present struggle, when he said:

"In this titanic and universal struggle the individual seems to count for little; but, on the contrary, the individual counts for everything, and every individual counts. Whether we can do little or much does not matter; but what does matter is that we do all that we are able. This age will have its heroes of the camp and of the council chamber, whom it will delight to honor. But posterity will hold in grateful re-

membrance those who spared no effort in the common cause, those who, as individuals, ceased to think of themselves and thought only of the welfare of mankind. The records of that mighty service will keep freedom-loving nations brave, erect and proud for hundreds of years. With the individual as with the nation, the first duty is to keep honor bright. Literature is life, but life is more than literature, as the events of this tragic time are testifying."

Following Professor Hazen's address, Rev. Appleton Grannis spoke briefly and congratulated the young women students upon the successful completion of their course. The exercises closed with the singing of "America" and benediction.

The Graduates

The list of graduates follows:
Elizabeth Carpenter, Manchester, N. H.

Amy Goulding Curtis, Jamaica Plain, Elizabeth Eastman Gleason, Manchester, N. H.

Ruth Elsie Graves, Rochester, N. Y. Louise Frances Grover, Lowell.

Dorothy Hunter, New Rochelle, N. Y. Anne Frances Keith, Sagamore.

Mary Elizabeth Lyden, East Bridge-water.

Christine Mabel MacGregor, Rum-ford, Me.

Hannah Harry McConkey, York, Pa. Mary Frances Ogden, Wrentham, N. J.

Mary Jane Patten, Enfield, N. H. Elizabeth Schoonmaker Scott, New-burgh, N. Y.

Janet Stanley, Brookline. Harriet Lyman Stevens, Lowell.

Eleanor Taylor, Savannah, Ga. Esther Hayes Watrous, Clinton, N. Y.

Virginia Dunham Willson, Reading, Pa.

Katherine Young Wilson, Jackson-ville, Fla.

The Musicals

The annual musicale of the commencement exercises was held late yesterday afternoon when the pupils of Miss Anne H. Ruggles and Mr. Vlah gave the following program to an appreciative audience:

Waltz, Op. 70, No. 2 Chopin
Marche Grottesque Sinding
My Dear Edén

Barcarolle, F sharp minor Godard
Marche Mignonne Poldini
Margaret Betts

They Call Me Nini, from La Bohème. Puccini

Adoration Borowski
Ruth Trimborn

Polonaise, C sharp minor Chopin
Anne Keith

What's in the Air Today? Edén
Margaret Betts

Waltz, A la Bien Aimée Schurtz
Eleanor Taylor

Printemps qui Commence, from Samson et Delila Saint-Saens
Mary Jane Patten

Cut the Cost of Mileage

When you see a car puffing and panting up steep hills and over rough roads when it really ought to move along as easily and as steadily as a brook glides in its course—blame it on inferior gasoline.

The use of poor gasoline, whether for limousine, touring car, roadster or motor truck, is always extravagant waste.

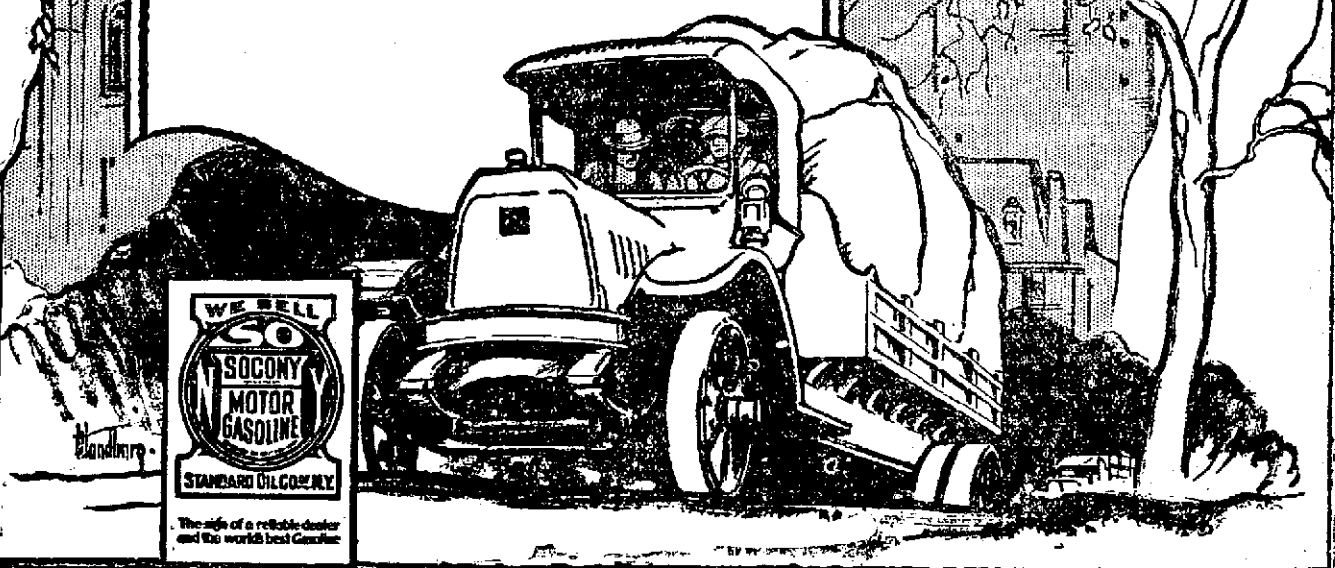
In these days there is no excuse for such waste. Buy high mileage and full power. Buy SO-CO-NY Motor Gasoline.

SO-CO-NY is the surest economy. It means more miles per gallon. It is clean—powerful—quick-starting—reliable.

Look for the Red, White and Blue SO-CO-NY Sign. SO-CO-NY means saving wisely. It cuts the cost of mileage.

Saving Here
Means Gaining There

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW YORK



SO-CO-NY MOTOR GASOLINE

WALK ERECT AT EIGHTY

Because a man or woman is old does not mean that they must walk along bent over and supported with a cane. A man can be as vigorous and healthy at eighty as at twenty if he aids the organs of the body in performing their functions.

All diseases whether of a malignant or weak character tend to tear away our vitality. You must counteract disease in its incipient stage if you would live a happy and useful long life.

GOLD MEDAL Hazen Oil Capsules, a 200-year old preparation that is used all over the world, contains soothing oils combined with strength-giving and system-cleaning herbs. These capsules are a prescription and have been and are still being used by physicians in daily practice. They have proven their merit in relieving back-ache, kidney and bladder complaints and all ailments arising from an excess of uric acid in the system.

GOLD MEDAL Hazen Oil Capsules are sold at all reliable druggists. They are guaranteed to do everything as claimed or money refunded. Don't be misled by false imitations. Look for GOLD MEDAL on every box.

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Lowell, Tuesday, June 4, 1918.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE



EVERY BABY
UP TO
FIVE YEARS
SHOULD BE
WEIGHED

BE PATRIOTIC
HAVE YOUR
BABY GO
ON RECORD
FOR LOWELL

BABIES THEIR OWN WEEK

Bring your baby to our weighing station, second floor, take elevator, and have the little one weighed and measured. A graduate nurse in attendance from 2 to 4 p. m.

To celebrate baby week, our Infants' Wear Section offers pretty, practical, little garments and accessories at low prices. Everything for the health, happiness and comfort of big and little babies. A helpful service for mothers who appreciate quality.

BABIES' LONG AND SHORT SLIPS of fine nainsook with dainty lace edging at neck and sleeve; sizes, infants to 2 years. Prices 59c, 65c, \$1, \$1.49, \$1.98

BABIES' BANDS AND VESTS in cotton, wool and silk and wool; sizes 2 months to 3 years. Prices .35c, 59c, 65c, \$1, \$1.49

BABIES' LONG AND SHORT FLANNEL SKIRTS, some Gertrude style, plain and embroidered; sizes infants' to 3 years. Prices .65c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.49

BABIES' KNITTED BOOTEES in white with blue, and white with pink; infants' sizes only. Prices .39c, 49c, 85c, \$1, \$1.25

BABIES' CASHMERE SACQUES in white embroidered, in pink, and white embroidered in blue; sizes infants' to 1 year. Prices 79c, \$1, \$1.49, \$1.98, \$2.50, \$2.98

BABIES' LONG AND SHORT WHITE COATS of fine cashmere and serge, band embroidered and braid trimmed; sizes infants' to 3 years.

BABIES' BONNETS of sheer lawn with dainty Swiss embroidery, valenciennes lace and ribbon; sizes infants' to 2 years.

BABIES' SOFT SOLED SHOES, one, two or three straps, button boots and pretty little moccasins. .59c Pair

BABIES' CARRIAGE PUFFS in pink, blue and white silk, light and warm, \$2.49, \$2.75 and \$3.98

BABIES' CARRIAGE COVERS of white pique, at \$1.75

West Section Take Elevator 3rd Floor

Habanera, from Carmen Bizet
Susan McEvoy
Papillons Greig
Waltz, E minor Chopin
Adelaide Walsh
Menuet, G major Paderewski
Barcarolle, A minor Rubinstein
Mary Frances Ogden.

LEGISLATURE PROROGUED BY LIEUT. GOVERNOR

BOSTON, June 4.—The Massachusetts legislature was prorogued at 6:15 last evening by Lieut. Gov. Calvin Coolidge. Gov. McCall left the state house to catch the 5 o'clock train on his way to Durham, N. C., where he is to deliver an address at Trinity college, but he signed all the measures before him with a single exception. The one which was left for the lieutenant governor to sign was the final appropriation bill, so-called, which provides for the expenditure of about \$400,000.

Yesterday was a day of debate and compromise on the question of absentee voting. A final settlement was reached by the passage of the senate bill, which on Friday night was disapproved by the governor in a message to the house. It was this action that caused the house to adjourn until 11 o'clock yesterday. The act allows sailors and soldiers to vote for presidential electors, United States senator, congressman and state officers.

A Supplementary Bill

As a concession to the governor both branches passed a supplementary bill yesterday to provide that the secretary of state shall make suitable arrangements with the approval of the governor and council, to take the votes of soldiers and sailors within the borders of the state on all candidates and questions on the ballot.

A resolve to provide for the appointment of a recess committee to investigate the subject of absentee voting was adopted by the senate, but not by the house. The lower branch substituted on the urging of Speaker Cox, who took the floor, a bill to provide that the secretary of state and the attorney general draft an absentee voting bill and report to the next legislature. This the senate finally agreed to. The governor promptly signed the latter measure.

The passage of the bill for the public control of the Bay State Street Railway company was one of the most important of the final acts of the legislature of 1918. Yesterday it was again amended, on the insistence of the governor, to provide that the company shall not be exempted from the payment of a franchise tax.

During this year's session of the legislature the governor signed 293 general bills, 189 special bills and 90 resolves. He vetoed two general bills and one special bill and the votes were sustained. He allowed two bills to become laws without his signature.

Governor Praises Work

Just before Governor McCall left the state house yesterday afternoon, he gave out the following statement, expressing commendation of the legislature of 1918:

"The general court has done much good work at its session just ended. In view of the great expenditures made necessary by the war and shown in direct appropriations, and the necessity for increasing the normal expense, it has held down appropriations very

well, and has very ingeniously supplemented existing revenue so that the state tax is kept within reasonable limits.

"I think the fiscal work of this general court will compare with that of any legislature which the state has ever had. On account of the collapse of the credit of public utility corporations, legislation was imperatively demanded for our street railways. It was necessary to pass such legislation in order to provide for the service of the people, and the problem was full of difficulties.

"I think these difficulties were well met and we have legislation which will improve the public service, and the interest of the public treasury is so safeguarded that there is little, if any, danger that any public money will need to be used.

"The legislature has responded patriotically for all legislation in support of the war. I think it is also to be commended for a good deal of possible legislation which it did not see fit to pass. On the whole, I think that the work of this general court will commend itself to the people."

Pres. Wells of the senate and Speaker Cox of the house appointed the following recess committees of the legislature:

Education—Senators Chamberlain of Springfield and Halliwell of New Bedford; Representatives Hull of Leomin-

ster, Brown of Woburn, Maloney of Chelsea and Craig of Boston.

Fish investigation—Senators Sanford of Boston, Hart of Webster and Brown of Gloucester; Representatives Allen of Newton, Whitman of Quincy, Boothman of Adams, Bentley of Swampscott, J. L. Donovan of Boston and Manning of Braintree.

Sheep and agriculture—Senators Colburn of Braintree, Hastings of North Adams and Perrin of Wellesley; Representatives Beaman of Leverett, Wilson of South Hadley, Bray of Buckland, Pepin of Salem, Leavitt of Boston and Adams of Stockbridge.

Taxation—Senators Nichols of Boston, Jackson of Lynn and Hardy of Huntington; Representatives Abbott of Haverhill, Briggs of Plymouth, Pierce of Greenfield, Furness of Everett, Spinney of Weymouth and Murphy of Lowell.

Waterpower—Senators Beck of Chelsea, Teller of Lawrence and Lawler of Boston; Representatives Monk of Waverston, Tolman of Gloucester, Marsh of Springfield, Wharton of Boston, Doyle of New Bedford and Burke of Boston.

Workmen's compensation—Senators Cavanaugh of Everett, McLane of Fall River and Buckley of Holyoke; Representatives Makepeace of Malden, Barry of Lynn, Kneeland of Winchester, Bagshaw of Fall River, Morrison of Medford, and Foley of Boston.

FISH HANDLERS WANT \$25 A WEEK AND DOUBLE PAY FOR OVERTIME

BOSTON, June 4.—A strike of 200 fish handlers at the South Boston fish pier yesterday caused a tieup of business. Eleven vessels were at the pier, but the trips were not disturbed.

The men have been receiving from \$16 to \$23. They demand a fair wage of \$25. They also ask that their day's work end at 4:30 p. m. and noon on Saturday, and that they receive double pay for overtime.

They asked for an increase, and when their request was not acceded to they decided to strike.

TONIC - UPBUILDER

Stubborn Coughs, Weak Lungs and Colds

Try

Eckman's Alternative

For many years this Calcium preparation has maintained an ever-increasing reputation for accomplishing good, and often remarkable results.

\$2 Size now \$1.50 \$1 Size now 80c
Price includes War Tax. All Druggists, Eckman Laboratory Philadelphia

TEL 4810
4811
4812

UNION MARKET

173-175-177 MIDDLESEX

FOOT OF SOUTH ST.

COMBINATION 2 Lbs. Sliced Liver, 7 1-2c lb., 15c BOTH FOR 45c
1 Lb. Sliced Bacon.....31c

Fresh Mackerel, fresh from the water 20c

Lamb to Stew..... 10c

Pickled Spare Ribs..... 10c

Tomato Plants (Champion), doz. 30c

Fancy Head Lettuce..... 5c

Watermelons, large 45c

Beet Greens, pk. 15c

Quaker Rolled Oats..... 9c

Granulated Corn Meal, white or yellow, 5 lbs. 29c

Karo Corn Syrup..... 12 1-2c

Welcome Borax Soap, 5 bars 29c

Baldwin Apples, 3 lb. can. 17c

Tomato Soup, 3 cans..... 25c

Cranberry Shell Beans, lb. 12 1-2c

Tomato Catsup 10c

Toasted Corn Flakes, ... 8 1-2c

BIG NEW BEDFORD MILL STRIKE SETTLED

NEW BEDFORD, June 4.—The strike of 35,000 cotton mill operatives, which began yesterday morning and forced the closing down of all the mills in the city, was believed at an end last night as result of the manufacturers agreeing to increase their wages to 17-1/2 per cent.

William Z. Ripley, administrator of labor standards for army clothing of the war department, who was sent here by Secretary Baker, was in conference with the labor leaders and manufacturers yesterday afternoon and evening and it was not until late last night that the manufacturers agreed to increase their offer.

The textile unions will meet today to act on the new offer and it is believed almost certain that it will be accepted and the mills resume work Wednesday morning. Most of the mills are engaged on army contracts.

The operatives first demanded a 5 per cent. increase and the manufacturers offered 12-1/2 per cent. Later the manufacturers increased their offer to 15 per cent. as a result of a similar offer by the Fall River manufacturers. This was rejected by the operatives who then demanded a 20 per cent. increase and struck when the manufacturers refused to grant it.

To Return Tomorrow

NEW BEDFORD, June 4.—The strike of 35,000 mill operatives called here yesterday was settled today when the textile unions voted to accept the compromise offer of a 17 1/2 per cent. increase in wages as suggested by Federal Mediator William S. Ripley. The mills had offered a 15 per cent. advance and the operatives had demanded 20 per cent. The separate unions voted today to accept the compromise of 17 1/2 per cent. and the textile council later ratified the action. The operatives will go back to work tomorrow morning.

MICHAEL MAGUIRE One of Lowell's Oldest Residents Passed Away

Michael Maguire, one of Lowell's oldest and most respected citizens, passed away early this morning at his home, 251 Christian street, aged 86 years. Born in Ireland, he came to this city in 1847 and spent the greater part of his life in Centralville, seeing that section of the city grow from what was practically pasture land to one of the principal residential sections of the city. He was an expert farmer and for years was manager of the major farm on Riverside street, Pawtucketville, and also conducted a farm and milk route of his own.

He was one of the first residents of Christian Hill and a devout and constant attendant at St. Michael's church. Of late years, his health had become impaired and he was confined to his house.

He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. James F. Flynn of this city and Mrs. A. V. Jackson of Lawrence; four sons, Thomas F. of Springfield, Joseph A. of Albany, N. Y., John F. of Beverly, and Michael A. of this city, and a sister Mrs. Margaret Norris of Centerville, Cal.

MATRIMONIAL

Frank T. Sylvia of Boston and Viola N. Merrill of this city were married Sunday by Rev. G. B. Marston, pastor of the Fifth Street Baptist church, the ceremony being per-

When you know that you should dismiss coffee, try **INSTANT POSTUM**. The modern American. Drink that so many now are using.

Sailor Hats Wholesale Prices Direct to You



98c
Fine black, navy, purple and red sailors in two sizes of brims, trimmed with silk ribbon band and bow. Usual retail price \$2.50. Wholesale price 98c direct to you.....

Boston Wholesale Millinery Co. Inc.
212 MERRIMACK STREET
Wier Building
Opposite St. Anne's Church

formed at his home, 9 May street. The couple will make their home in Boston.

Reilly-Connor

Charles Edward Reilly, son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Reilly of this city, and Miss Grace E. Connor, daughter of Mrs. Matthew Connor of Nashua, N. H., were married at St. Patrick's church, Nashua, May 29, by Rev. Matthew Creamer. The bride for many years has been employed at Jacques and Sarra's store in Nashua in the suit department. The groom is employed by the Boston & Maine R. R. being in charge of the signal system from Nashua to White River Junction.

The bride was gowned in mouse-colored georgette crepe over taffeta, with hat to match, and she carried American beauty roses. The bridesmaid was her sister, Miss Stella M. Connor, who wore champagne-colored georgette crepe, beaded with picture hat and carried a bouquet. The best man was William Reilly, a brother of the groom.

After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride, 14 Pine street, Nashua. Many out-of-town guests were present from New York, Boston, Lawrence and Lowell. The happy couple received many beautiful gifts of cut-glass, silver, china and furniture.

They left for a honeymoon through New York state and Canada and the White mountains.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's, Associate bldg. J. F. Donohoe, 228 Hildreth bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.

Mrs. Patrick Cogger of Riverside st., received a telegram Sunday announcing the death of her brother, Edward E. Cogger, a prominent contractor of Chicago.

Miss Clara H. Holland, formerly superintendent of the Lowell public, is now chief nurse at general hospital No. 5, Fort Ontario, Oswego, N. Y., she being attached to the army service.

Miss Julia Raftor of the water department office at city hall, has been appointed by Commissioner Brown to the position of service clerk to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Hazen Pillsbury.

At a meeting of school garden supervision in the lecture hall of the Waltham public library Monday, Miss Alice T. Lee, of Lowell, spoke on the organization of school garden work and its influence on the school, the home and the community.

An automobile driven by Manuel Bettencourt of Gorham street, struck and knocked down a motorcycle driven by John Rubado of 13 Lenox street at the corner of Gorham and Spencer streets last night. Rubado, Edward E. Bettencourt, was seriously hurt. The matter was reported to the police.

Hyman Snyder, of 30 Washington street, was knocked down and injured at the corner of Central and Market streets shortly before six o'clock last night by a motorcycle operated by Alex. Lessard of Broadway street, Dracut. Snyder was removed in the ambulance to St. John's hospital where he was kept under observation during the night.

Charles F. Towne of the university extension department of the state board of education spoke to the overseers of the Board in the last evening on the subject of teaching English to non-English speaking employees. The overseers were quite interested in the matter and there is a possibility that the work will be taken up in the near future. It has already met with much success at the Waterhead mill.

LOWELL BOY HONORED AT BOSTON COLLEGE

Leo G. Burke, son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel J. Burke of 15 Barrington street, has been awarded a gold medal at Boston college as a result of excellence in scholarship, according to notification received today. The specific study in which the medal is awarded is not divulged.

Mr. Burke has just completed his sophomore year at Boston college and



LEO G. BURKE

has ranked high throughout his course. He was a Carney medal scholar of the Lowell high school in the graduating class of 1916. He received his early education at the academy grammar school. He is secretary of the Lowell Boston College club and a prominent member of the Sacred Heart parish. His father is employed as a chemist at the American Hide & Leather Co. plant, and a sister, Miss Mary E. Burke, is favorably known in musical circles as a singer. Mr. Burke will be awarded his medal formally at the commencement exercises of the college to be held tomorrow afternoon.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the undersigned, desire to express our sincere thanks to all those who, by their acts of kindness and offerings of floral tributes and spiritual bouquets, helped to lighten our sorrow, caused by the death of our beloved wife and daughter.

MR. FRIDERIC SMITH, MRS. WILLIE O'HARA.

The pioneer collar manufacturer in the United States was Rev. Ebenezer Brown, a retired Methodist minister, who settled in Troy, N. Y., in 1829 and in connection with a dry goods store manufactured detachable collars, his wife and child making them while he peddled them about.

A farmer drove into Milford, Del., with a load of white potatoes which he tried to sell for 25 cents a bushel. Finally he met another farmer who traded a basket of potatoes for a quart of strawberries.

LADIES' OUTFITTERS

94 MERRIMACK STREET

45 and 49 MIDDLE STREET

Special Values for Wednesday and Thursday Forenoon

Our store breathes the very spirit of summer loveliness. Known for superior merchandise at low prices, we will more than add here to our reputation these two days.

1000 SUMMER WASH DRESSES

Without a doubt the largest assortment of new summer dresses in Lowell. Handsome French voiles, lawns, organdies, and all other popular novelty materials in dainty colorings. All sizes including an extensive showing of stylish stouts.

Thousands of Wash Skirts in Fashion's latest dictates in novelty materials. All sizes up to 37 waist.

WASH SKIRTS

WAISTS

The Most and Best for Hundreds to choose from, at.....98c

Your Money at This New French Voiles and China Silks, at.....\$1.98

Live Shop

Don't Fail to Take Advantage of This Opportunity. Come In and Be Your Own Judge of Values

98c, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98

Heavy Crepe de Chine and Georgette Crepes, at \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98

Up to \$25.00

DEATHS

CONWAY.—Mrs. Ellen Conway for over 50 years a resident of this city, and an esteemed member of the Immaculate Conception parish, died this morning at her late home, 245 Concord street, aged 77 years. She leaves to mourn her loss a sister, Miss Margaret Markham, two daughters, Mrs. Frederick Minnery of Boston and Mrs. William Kelley of this city; one son, Austin Conway of Boston; four grandchildren and several nieces and nephews. She was a member of the Holy Rosary sodality of the Immaculate Conception church.

GRANT.—Frederick F. Grant, infant son of Frederick A. and Edith Farrington Grant, died Sunday at the home of his parents, 7 Taylor street, Melrose Highlands, Mass.

FLYNN.—Mary E. Flynn died yesterday at her home, 4 Mt. Pleasant street, aged 68 years. She leaves one son, John, and a daughter, Mary E. Flynn, who was a well known member of the B. F. Butler, Women's Relief Corps, G.A.R.

SANDERS.—Mrs. Ardella M. Sanders, a lifelong resident of this city, died in Jamaica Plain yesterday, aged 52 years. She is survived by her husband, Oscar P. Sanders; two daughters, Esther A. and Edith R. Sanders, and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Green.

FUNERALS

CAPPER.—The funeral services of Mrs. Eliza Capper were held yesterday afternoon at her home, 129 Elm street, and were largely attended. Rev. Appleton Grannis, pastor of St. Anne's Episcopal church, officiated. The bearers were Will Clayton, Mr. Axon, William Barber and Charles Chell. Burial took place in the family lot in the Edison cemetery, where the committal service was read by Rev. Mr. Grannis. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker William H. Saunders.

PLANAGAN.—The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Planagan took place this morning at 9:30 o'clock from her home, 12 Central street, and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends, including a number from out-of-town, among the latter being Dr. Frank A. Murphy, Dr. Martin Boyle, Dr. E. Murphy, the Misses Bridget Rountree, Anna Gorey, Mary McCusker, Anna Riley, Katherine Raftor, Louise Soucy, John Duggan, Daniel Maghery, Charles Mansfield, James E. Murphy and William Murphy, all of Taunton, Mass. The cortege proceeded to St. Peter's church where at 10 o'clock a solemn high funeral mass was sung by Rev. Francis Linchun, assisted by Rev. Timothy Sweeney of Fall River as deacon. Rev. Thomas Trainor of Taunton as sub-deacon and Rev. Henry Saunton of Taunton master of ceremonies. Present within the sanctuary were Rev. W. A. Connor of St. Paul's church, Dorchester; Rev. W. J. Stanton, O.M.I., Rev. J. M. O'Brien, O.M.I., Rev. James J. McCarthy, O.M.I., Rev. Dr. J. Keleher, Rev. Patrick McGee, Rev. John O'Connor, Rev. Thomas Trainor, Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O.M.I., Rev. J. C. Duffy, O.M.I., Rev. W. J. Mahan, O.M.I., Rev. J. P. Flynn, O.M.I., and Rev. Fr. Quirbach of Arlington, Rev. Edward J. Carrier, O.M.I., of San Antonio, Tex., Rev. J. J. Starr of Peabody and Rev. Edward J. Carr of Fall River. Rev. John E. O'Connor, North Attleboro; Rev. D. A. Sullivan, O.M.I., and Rev. David Murphy of St. Andrew's church, North Billerica.

There was a profusion of beautiful floral tributes and of spiritual bouquets. The bearers were John, John J. Michael and James Planagan, John McNamara and Thomas McNamara. At the grave the committal prayers were read by Rev. Dr. Keleher and the Benediction.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the undersigned, take this method of expressing our sincere thanks and appreciation to those who by their acts of kindness, words of condolence and offerings of floral tributes, served to sustain us in our hour of grief on the death of a beloved son. Such evidence of true friendship, we will ever cherish in loving remembrance.

THOMAS and AGNES W. MARREN.

FUNERAL NOTICES

CONWAY.—The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Conway will take place this morning at 9 o'clock from her late home, 245 Concord street. Funeral mass will be celebrated at the Immaculate Conception church at 9 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Funeral arrangements in charge of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

FLYNN.—The funeral of Mary E. Flynn will take place this morning at 9 o'clock from her home, 4 Mt. Pleasant street. High mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery. Funeral arrangements in charge of C. H. Malloy's Sons.

MAGUIRE.—The funeral of Michael Maguire will take place from his late home, 251 Christian street, Thursday morning at 8:15 high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge.

SANDERS.—Died June 3, in Jamaica Plain, Mrs. Ardella M. Sanders, aged 52 years. Burial at her late residence, 79 Methuen street, this city, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

TIPCOCK.—Died in South Chelmsford, June 2, at his home, Luther C. Tipcomb, aged 83 years, 3 months. Funeral services will be held from his home in South Chelmsford Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Continued

F. E. Haines was given a hearing on his petition for a gasoline license and there being no opponents the petition was referred. A. E. Downing asked for a hearing in relation to his claim for damage to his land sometime in 1911 and 1912, and the mayor was instructed to set a date for the said hearing. The petition of Napoleon J. Laviole for a gasoline license at 515 Wilder street, was granted. The Lowell Electric Light Corp. was granted permission to erect and maintain a pole in Winter street.

A communication was received from City Engineer Stephen Kearney stating that he had enlisted in the engineers' corps and asking for a leave of absence for the duration of the war. The request was granted. James E. Gove sent in a communication asking the council to pay him the sum of \$35 for damage caused to his automobile. He claimed that on May 30, while operating his car in Middlesex street, he ran into a hole which had been dug up either by water works employees or men of the Lowell Gas Light Co. and as a result he broke one of the wheels of his car. Commissioner Warnock said if the hole was dug by gas men,

the city is not liable. The matter was referred to Commissioner Brown.

A petition signed by about 25 people, asking that a street be macadamized, was received. Mr. Morse said the council cannot even think of doing new work. The petition was referred to him.

James J. Kerwin, counsel for the high school commission, sent in his bill amounting to \$374.50, \$300 of which was for his personal work in relation to the action brought by the commission against the city treasurer in order to determine whether or not the commission had been legally appointed, and the balance for incidental in connection with the case. Mr. Kerwin stated that the bill had been approved by the members of the commission, but City Treasurer Rourke refused to pay it out of the high school building appropriation.

Mr. Warnock said the commission never received authority from the council to find out its legal standing and he could see no reason why the city should foot the bill. He said the members of the commission supposed they were a commission and that after receiving the opinion of the city solicitor to the effect that they were not, they hired counsel. He referred to a case in which Commissioner Brown was sued, saying that the commissioner had paid his counsel's fee out of his own pocket, despite the fact that he had been elected by the people. Mr. Morse said he believed the bill was a legitimate one and that Mr. Kerwin was entitled to his money. It was finally voted to refer the matter to the mayor and city solicitor.

Locks and Canals

The following communication was received from the city solicitor:

Lowell, Mass., June 3, 1918.

Hon. Perry D. Thompson, Mayor of the City of Lowell, Lowell, Massachusetts.

Dear Sir:

In re: Proprietors of Locks and Canals on Merrimack River vs. City of Lowell, and Mary A. Cheney vs. Same.

In the above matter, I wrote to you a few days ago that the Locks and Canals company was entitled in my opinion to more money for the taking of their land on School street by the city and that settlement of the same could not be conveniently effected without adjusting the action of Mary A. Cheney, who had been authorized by Mary A. Cheney prohibited the matter's being adjusted. Preparatory to going on trial this morning with the above cases, offers were made by counsel for plaintiffs their land on School street by the city on the payment of \$400 additional to the Proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river, and \$300 additional to Mary A. Cheney, without payment of interest on the original awards. The interest and costs in these cases amount to about \$200, and I believe the cases should be adjusted at the prices offered, as the employment of experts, that shall necessarily be required by the city, will be expensive, and the probabilities are that, at least in the case of the Locks and Canals company, the city would award an additional amount.

I might also add that the Locks and Canals company originally asked \$1000 in excess of the award, and Mary A. Cheney asked \$300, including interest, in excess of the award.

I, therefore, would recommend that these actions be compromised on the payment of \$400 to Proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river, and \$300 to Mary A. Cheney, in addition to original awards, without interest and costs, and that the said Proprietors give to the city a conveyance of interest in their original award, and that Mary A. Cheney give a release to said city.

Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM D. REGAN,
City Solicitor.

Mr. Morse Opposed

Mr. Morse was opposed to the award to the Locks and Canals Co. He said the company was supposed to pay part of the cost of the canal bridge, but so far has never given a cent to the city. He said in his opinion the Pawtucket bridge matter will never come to an end. The following votes were then introduced and adopted: Mr. Morse voted in the negative:

Voted: That the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) be and the same shall be paid to Mary A. Cheney in settlement of a cause of action brought by her and now pending in superior court for Middlesex county in the matter of taking for the widening of school st. and Mammoth road; said amount being in addition to the amount of twelve hundred dollars (\$1200) awarded by order of the municipal council dated June 3, 1916.

It is further voted that the city solicitor receive from said Mary A. Cheney before payment of said amounts a release and agreement for judgment; said agreement to be filed in superior court forthwith.

Said sum voted hereunder shall be charged to the appropriation entitled "Appropriation for widening School st. and Mammoth road."

The City Ordinance

Commissioner Warnock spoke about the codification of the city ordinances, and he asked the mayor if he was ready to give a report as to the progress of the work. His Honor stated that he expects a report within a few days.

It is further voted that the city solicitor receive before payment of said amounts a confirmatory deed and an agreement for judgment; said agreement to be filed in superior court forthwith.

Said sum voted hereunder shall be charged to the appropriation entitled "Appropriation for widening School st. and Mammoth road."

OWENS

OWENS.—The funeral of the late James Owens took place Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock from his home, 4 Belmont street, largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. The cortege proceeded to St. Michael's church where at 10 o'clock a solemn high funeral mass was sung by the pastor, Rev. Charles Galligan, assisted by Rev. James Lynch of St. Michael's church as deacon, and Rev. Stephen Murray as sub-deacon. Rev. Owen McQuaid, O.M.I., was present in the sanctuary. An augmented choir under the direction of Mr. Frank McCarthy rendered the Gregorian mass. "Pie Jesu" was sustained at the offertory by Miss Katherine Hennessey. After the elevation, Prof. P. H. Haggerty sang "Domine Jesu Christe," and the solos of the Libera were rendered by Mr. John J. Dalton and Mr. Andrew McCarthy, Mr. John McGlinchey presiding at the organ. There was a profusion of beautiful floral tributes. The ushers at the house and church were Joseph E. Roark, Mark J. McCarra, J. Henry Gibrille, Esq., and Jeremiah O'Sullivan, Esq. The bearers were Hugh C. McOsker, Frank T. Morrissey, Robert E. Crowley, James E. Donnelly, Dr. R. J. McCluskey and James F. Mitchell. At the grave Rev. Fr. McQuaid, assisted by Rev. Fr. Galligan, read the committal prayers and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

VALERAND

VALERAND.—The funeral of Alphonse Valerand took place Monday morning from his home, 47 Adams street. Solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Joseph's church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Arnold Baron, O.M.I., assisted by Rev. Eugene Turcotte, O.M.I., as deacon and Rev. Julien Racette, O.M.I., as sub-deacon. The bearers were Alphonse, Oscar, Ernest, Hormidas, Euclide and Henri Valerand. The delegation from Union St. Joseph consisted of Joseph Marchand, Theodule Lemire, Alexander Voss and Frank Vanasse. Burial took place in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Baron, O.M.I. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the undersigned, take this method of extending our sincere thanks and expressing our appreciation to those who, by their acts of kindness, words of condolence and offerings of floral tributes, served to temper the anguish of our affliction on the death of a beloved son, Thomas. It is our earnest prayer and belief that the Almighty in His divine justice and mercy, will bless the possessors of such a Christian attribute.

Signed,
THOMAS and AGNES WYNNE MARREN.

The local evening newspaper is the paper that reaches the home when the whole family is there to read it. The Sun fills this field in Lowell.

How often has an attack of indigestion interfered with your work or spoiled your pleasure? Good health is mostly a matter of sound digestion. Whenever you are troubled by dyspepsia, flatulence, sour eructations, sick headache, biliousness or constipation, take Beecham's Pills. They quickly and effectively correct digestive disturbances, stimulate the supply of gastric juice and

Tone the Stomach

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box. Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

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CHINESE RESTAURANT
CHEN LEE CO.—Chop suey, American food. Nicest place in the city. Open from 11 a. m. to 1 a. m. 66
Lerrinuck st.

CONTRACTORS—BUILDERS
CONTRACTOR and builder. Arthur Rabouan, residence, 341 Bridge st. es. phone 5042-M; shop 1318.

CHIMNEY EXPERTS

DENTIST
T. E. MARR, D.M.D., 508 Sun bldg. Hrs.

to 12:1 to 5 Mon-Fri. Sat. evs. Tel. 5633

ELECTRIC SHOP

GLORIA INVERTED GAS LIGHTS,
1.10. Regular price \$1.35. Electric
shop. 62 Central st., 251 Dutton st.
el. 1317-W.

FURNITURE

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, stoves, beds,
mattresses, rugs, new goods. Cash
& credit. Fitch, 160 Middlesex st.

GROCERIES

ITALIAN GROCERIES—Imported
olive oil, macaroni and cooked spa-
ghetti, sausage candy and fruit. Joe and
Susie Carpenito, 152 Gorham st.

INSURANCE

PARSONS, 304 SUN BUILDING—
Insurance of all kinds.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

JOHN A. OSGOOD, Merrimack, cor.
Amphitok st. Appointments can be made
by telephone. Tel. 5723.

PIANO TUNERS

J. KERSHAW, piano and organs
tuned and repaired, 60 Humphrey st.
el. 874-M.

ROOFERS—J. Burns & Son, slate
roofers. Roofs repaired. Tel. 3282-W.
55 Concord st. Tel. 1450-X. 200

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

16,000 FEET OF LAND and buildings for sale. 1123 Varnum avenue.

2-TENEMENT HOUSE on Riverside, for sale; within 15 minutes walk from Bigelow & Carpet Co.; owner out of town but will be in city for a short time. For particulars, inquire from Mrs. Gray, 725 Lawrence st., Apt No. 7.

\$500 CASH buys cottage in Dracut; open, poultry house, and 9 acres of land; about 2 acres of pine timber; maple and beech woods; this is a sandy; price \$2100, easy terms to suit purchaser. D. F. Leary, Hildreth Bldg.

7-ROOM COTTAGE near Third ave. for sale; with barn. John M. McMenamin, Dorist, 212 Merrimack st.

2-TENEMENT HOUSE near A. st. for sale; with 1/2 acre sq. ft. of land; price \$2100, \$200 down. John McMenamin, 212 Merrimack st.

8-ROOM COTTAGE in Centralville for sale; with 1,000 ft. of land and two hen houses; price \$2100. John McMenamin, Dorist, 212 Merrimack st.

WILL SELL, 2-tenement house for sale; in Centralville, a desirable party to whom will allow full price for the house if one year if not satisfied; rents for \$17 monthly. John McMenamin, 212 Merrimack st.

8-ROOM COTTAGE near Third ave. in Centralville, for sale; steam heat, hot tubs, hot water and bath; for garage; price \$2600. John McMenamin, Dorist, 212 Merrimack st.

2-TENEMENT HOUSE in Central-

SPECIAL NOTICES

PROVIDENCE CONSERVATORY OF
Music—Specialty, violin instruction;
 Students with course of lessons.
 Enroll now for summer term.
 24 Appleton st.

MADAM MAY, Trance Medium—If in
 doubt, come and see her at 53 John st.

YOUR FURNITURE can be sold at
 our new sale, at Our new residence,
 Salesroom, 512 Central st. Tele-
 phone 1848-W.

ROOMS PAIRED, \$275, including
 lock, also whitewashing and paint-
 ing. Call on J. Hayden, 100 residence,
 9 Chapel st., near Union st.

M. J. FEEENEY, piano and furniture

over. 16 Kinsman st., Tel. 5475-W.

TO LET

VACANT ROOMS, furnished, to let for housekeeping. 57 Lawrence st.

TENEMENTS to let, downstairs and upstairs: five rooms each furnished and bath; rent \$10. Inquire at 65 Railroad st., up one flight.

LARGE ROOMS to let, neat, airy and cool pleasant; bath, continuous hot water; on the hill, near Thorndike st. Inquire at 105 Summer st.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let, hot and cold water; near the square. 133 Palmer rest.

COTTAGES at Salisbury beach to let and for sale. Apply to John McGrath, 14 Lowell st., Lawrence, Mass.

ROOMS to let for light housekeeping. 387 Central st.

FURNISHED ROOM to let at 9 Church st., a minutes walk to Cambridge Snop.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let by day week. 412 Central st.

LARGE STORE with 2 rooms on Church st. to let; cemented cellar for storage; modern snow windows, adapted for summer and winter use; reasonable; will give lease if desired. Apply at once. Paul Bogossian, 213 Bradley Buildings, 147 Central st. Telephone 100.

LARGE STORE on Church st. to let; cemented cellar for storage; modern

show windows, adapted for any kind
business; rents reasonable; will
give lease if desired. Apply at once.
and Georgian, 218 Bradley Building.

FARM HOUSE and 8 acres of land in
pleasant to let; 10 minutes walk to
r line. Inquire Joe Carpentito, 152
Braham St.

(South End)
COTTAGES TO LET
are now ready for May 30th and week-

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON
Southern Division Portland Division
Boston Fr. Boston To Boston Fr. Boston

[illegible]

... ..

Missing Liner Safe in Port---Carolina's Lifeboats Shelled by U-Boat

WOULD ARM ALL COASTWISE CRAFT WARSHIPS AND PLANE HUNTER

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The navy department reports showed the loss of the following vessels: Jacob M. Hassell, Isabel H. Wiley, Hattie Dunn, Edward H. Cole, Edna and Herbert L. Pratt. The crews of all have been landed safely.

Officials pointed out that with only a small loss in tonnage and few casualties, unless there should be further sinkings, the results of the raid would be of little consequence. The chief purpose of the raid, it was believed by officials, was to sink transports soon after the troops left their home ports, the activity of British and American destroyers having made hunting in the old grounds on the other side of the Atlantic too dangerous to be profitable. Thus it was considered the German plan had primarily resulted in defeat.

Try to Alarm Americans

The other purpose of the Germans it was believed, was to strike fear into the hearts of the American people. There was no doubt in the minds of officials here that this purpose also had failed altogether of achievement. Reports from Atlantic coast cities showing that enlistment in the navy and naval reserve had increased yesterday and the temper of editorials in the press of the nation were the basis of the feeling that at no time had the American people such a strong determination to carry the war to a successful end.

Continue Search for Foe

In compliance with orders issued

yesterday, armed craft and sea planes continued their search today for the Germans. No official report had been received by Secretary Daniels to credit rumors that a submarine had been captured or sunk. With every means at the command of the navy department concentrated on hunting down the raiders, officials said they would not be surprised if results were reported shortly.

As to the number of boats taking part in the raid on American coastwise shipping, officials here were undecided today but were inclined to the view that all of the vessels were sunk by one submarine.

Think Five U-Boats Here

Only in one instance had it been reported that more than one submarine was seen and in that case only the periscope of the second boat was said to have been visible. On the other hand, naval officials at Norfolk, Va., were inclined to believe that from two to five U-boats were engaged. All reports tended to show that the craft which sank each of the vessels was of unusually large tonnage.

Officials continued today to consider the advisability of arming all coastwise shipping in preparation for raiding operations along the coast. The precaution, it is understood, has been under consideration for some time in view of the threats by Germany to carry the war to our shores. Some officials were today inclined to the view that guns should be placed aboard all coastwise craft as soon as possible.

CITY OF COLUMBUS SAFE IN PORT

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—The City of Columbus, of the Savannah, which it was feared had been sunk by a German submarine, is safe in the harbor here.

While the City of Columbus was anchored some distance from shore, there was no evidence that she had been damaged by submarines. At the time she came into the harbor it had not been known here that she had been reported sunk. No boat had come ashore half an hour after her arrival.

The City of Columbus had been at anchor for some time before her identity was discovered. The vessel entered the harbor shortly after the arrival of a ship operated by the Merchants & Miners Transportation Co., and the fact that no message was immediately sent ashore was taken to mean that the vessel merely had sought refuge and that all was well aboard.

CAROLINA BOAT WITH 19 SURVIVORS LANDED

NEW YORK, June 4.—A boat from the steamship Carolina containing 19 survivors, including two women, has landed at Lewes, Del. This message was received by the New York and Porto Rico Line today from the coast guard service. All but one of the 19 survivors were passengers, the message indicated.

The member of the crew was an engineer.

TANKER DAMAGED BY U-BOAT TOWED INTO PORT

NEW YORK, June 4.—News reached here today that an American tanker damaged as a result of a fight with a German submarine off the American coast, had arrived at an Atlantic port. Naval tugs picked up the crippled vessel at sea and towed her in. Details were withheld for the time. The tanker's hull was punctured and she had shipped considerable water.

U-BOAT SHELLED CAROLINA'S LIFEBOATS

NEW YORK, June 4.—Evidence that the German submarine that attacked the New York and Porto Rico liner Carolina shelled her lifeboats, was brought here today by a British steamer from West Indian ports. The British ship reported that she had picked up at 4 p. m. yesterday off Cape May an empty motor lifeboat, belonging to the Carolina, damaged by shelling.

The hull of the motorboat had been pierced by the fire of the U-boat's guns. One of only three oars found in the boat had been splintered in a way that indicated the use of a machine gun. There were found in the boat a man's cap and a number of biscuit tins.

111 COASTWISE VESSELS SAFE IN PORT

WASHINGTON, June 4.—All of the 111 coastwise vessels under the control of the railroad administration were reported safe in port before noon today.

146 KILLED IN ALLIED GOVERNMENT WILL HELP AIR RAID ON COLOGNE

LOWELL ON HOUSING

SENATE BECOMES LAW

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.—The

Tilson bill for the standardization of

some threads which passed the house

several weeks ago, passed the senate to-

day and will now become a law. The

bill provides for a commission of which

the director of the bureau of standards

will be one. The remainder of the

commission will be composed of two

commissioned officers, each from the

army and navy; two each from the

American Society of Mechanical Engi-

neers and the Society of Automotive

Engineers. It is expected that the

standardization of screw threads will

greatly facilitate munitions work and

other metal works for the govern-

ment.

RICHARDS.

The Outlet Furniture Auction Rooms

REAR OF 512 CENTRAL STREET

In one of the largest and finest in New England. Goods now arriving

for our next big sale.

SAW U-BOAT DESTROY TWO BIG VESSELS

NEW YORK, June 4.—At least one

large merchant steamship gave bat-

tle to a German submarine off the

coast of New Jersey Sunday, ac-

cording to members of the crew of

the schooner Edward H. Cole, one of

the victims of the U-boat warfare. The

submarine was the victor in this fight

and later the same U-boat destroyed

another big steamship, after several

hours of firing, in the same vicinity.

For 24 hours prior to the Cole's de-

struction at 4 p. m. on Sunday, when

75 miles off Highland Light, N. J., the

crew saw an unusual amount of

wreckage. The sea from this point to

the shore also was filled with wreck-

age, the rescued crew reported.

The submarine which sank the Cole,

the crew said, was the largest they

had ever seen. It carried guns fore and

ast and was 250 feet long.

E. B. Samuelson of River Rouge,

Mich. of the Cole's crew, and Robert

Lathigie, first mate of East Boston,

telling the story of the Cole's destruc-

tion, paid tribute to H. C. Newcomb,

their captain, of Boston, for his in-

tegrity at the moment when an op-

portunity came for the Cole's crew—11

in number—to be rescued by the

American collier Bristol.

2 Intrepid Captains Meet Emergency

The Bristol, Capt. Frederick Hart,

sighted the Cole's crew in one open

boat with one pair of oars, a sextant,

a weather glass, steering by starlight

after setting her course by sun, try-

ing to reach shore nearly five hours

after the vessel was sunk at 4 p. m.

The Bristol, coming alongside the

Cole's crew, had not noticed the sub-

marine in the distance. Capt. New-

comb of the Cole said to Capt. Hart of

the Bristol:

"Don't stop to pick us up. Beat it

quick or that submarine will get you."

The U-boat meanwhile was speeding

toward the Bristol, but Capt. Hart de-

clined to depart without first rescuing

the Cole's crew.

Six of the latter, together with the

nine Bremen on the Bristol, went to

the Bristol's fire room and coal holds,

and for the first time in its voyaging

the Bristol is said to have made 17

knots an hour as compared with her

normal nine knots.

The Bristol escaped by reaching

shallow water, into which the U-boat

could not go.

Samuelson said that prior to the ap-

pearance of the U-boat about 4 p. m.

the crew had observed so

much floating wreckage that they de-

noted at once when what he thought

at first to be an American destroyer

proved to be a German submarine.

Two hundred yards off, after circling

twice around the Cole, the U-boat's

captain hailed the Cole, which had

been making only 36 miles in 12 hours,

because of lack of wind, on her voy-

age to Portland.

Planted Six Bombs About the Cole

A submarine officer who spoke good

English came aboard with bombs and

planted two in the aft hold, two in the

forward hold and two on deck.

They were timed to go off in seven

minutes, and they exploded at the end

of that time. Six minutes after the last

one went off the ship went down bow

first. As she was sinking the subma-

rine sent a shell into her stern.

The Cole's crew had been given time

to escape, the captain taking his

clothes and a few instruments, but the

crew left without compass, drinking

water or life belts. They set a sun

course for New York, passed through

fresh wreckage—which they took to

be evidence of other victims—and

were nearly run down at dusk by an

undiscovered steamship which failed to

observe them.

After proceeding another five miles

they saw an armed steamship open

fire on the U-boat, which had not

left the Cole crew's sight. "The sub-

marine, too, was believed by the Cole's crew to have been sunk."

OFFICERS BELIEVE THAT FIVE U-BOATS CAME OVER

NORFOLK, Va., June 4.—Naval officers here said last night their reports indicated five German submarines had been operating along the Atlantic coast, and that two had been sighted off the Virginia capes.

Rear Admiral Fichteler, commandant of the Norfolk navy yard, said two U-boats had been sighted off the Virginia capes, and Rear Admiral McLean, commandant of the 5th Naval district, said in addition to those, two others were reported off the coast of New Jersey and one off the coast of North Carolina.

Neither officer had been advised of any engagement between American warships and the U-boats.

U-BOAT HOLDS 16 MEN

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—Fifteen survivors of the vessels sunk by German submarines off the Atlantic coast, some of whom were reported to have been held prisoner 11 days on a U-boat, arrived yesterday on an American coastwise steamer which picked them up after the submarine set them adrift. The 15 men were survivors of two schooners and an oil tanker, it was reported.

A navy guard ship halted the vessel after she left the quarantine station, and officers from the navy intelligence bureau boarded her to question the men.

TRAINING SHIP ESCAPES FROM GERMAN U-BOATS

BOSTON, June 4.—The United States shipping board was advised today that the steamer Governor Cobb, with 200 apprentice seamen aboard, had put in at a New England port last night. On the voyage from a southern port the vessel was in the zone where German submarine sank a number of American ships and some fears had been expressed as to her safety.

U-BOAT CAPTAIN SAID RAIDER HERE 2 MONTHS

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—The 36 survivors of the steamship Texel, which was sunk Sunday afternoon, 60 miles south of New York, by two German submarines, prepared today to leave here for New York.

Arriving here yesterday in two leaky boats and almost exhausted from their long pull for shore, they told stirring tales.

Captain R. K. Lowry of Brooklyn, described how the Texel, representing a value of more than \$2,000,000, was torpedoed and sunk.

"The first warning we had," he said, "was when shrapnel burst over the bridge at 6.20 on Sunday afternoon. Two submarines next drew alongside our ship. The captain who spoke good English boarded our boat, demanded our papers and ordered us to leave the ship. The captain said our U-boat were kept trained on us."

After the submarine commander had taken over the Texel, Captain Lowry reported that the captor said: "I hate like hell to do this, but we have been ordered to get into action or return home. We have been over here for two months."

"There was an attempt to get the men," Captain Lowry continued. "We manned two boats and everybody was saved. When we were leaving the sub-

marine nearly crashed into us. The captain shouted and waved us back to safety."

The Texel sank at 5.15 p. m.

COLUMBUS' PASSENGERS SAW NO U-BOAT

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—The Savannah line steamer City of Columbus, with passengers, reported sunk by German submarines that raided American shipping off the New Jersey coast Sunday arrived here today. No submarines were observed and while officers of the ship heard gun firing four hours after the city of Columbus had picked up an S.O.S. call from the steamer Carolina, none of the passengers realized that they were in the danger zone until the news was obtained from coast patrol vessels here.

There were more than 60 passengers aboard and when all lights on the steamer were extinguished Sunday night, Capt. J. P. Diehl and other officers explained that this was the usual precaution. In explanation, Diehl said, all hands came through without the least intimation that vessels were being sunk all around them. Captain Diehl did not know that his ship was reported lost. He had seen no messages, he said, and after he had heard shots directly ahead, the vessel's course was changed and she proceeded at full speed, close in.

Last night the wireless caught calls for help from a tanker off the Delaware coast. The City of Columbus proceeded on her voyage this afternoon.

SURVIVORS PICKED UP BY TRAMP STEAMER

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—Nineteen persons from the torpedoed steamship Carolina were picked up at sea in an open boat by a British tramp steamer and landed at the naval station near Lewes, Del., today.

Eighteen of the survivors were passengers and one was an engineer of the lost vessel, which belonged to the New York and Porto Rico Steamship Co. It had been stated that the Carolina carried 220 passengers and 120 crew. Practically all of the passengers were Porto Ricans. One American, W. H. Morton, secretary of the Porto Rico Fruit Co., was among those landed here. Nothing could be learned from the survivors of the whereabouts of the remainder of the passengers and crew.

BABY WEIGHING ON IN FULL SWING

Lowell's baby weighing campaign is the predominating topic of interest among Lowell mothers this week, and the youngsters are receiving a most generous share of attention.

The campaign started yesterday afternoon and continued today with babies being weighed at 31 stations in various sections of the city. The work is being done by members of the local women's conservation committee and assistants, and is under the general direction of Mrs. Frederick P. Marble.

Although it was expected that the first day would not bring forth many babies to be weighed on account of it being the first day of the campaign, nevertheless, approximately 400 children were weighed and measured, and were weighed to incomplete returns.

Most of the stations are open from 2 to 4 in the afternoon, with a few exceptions in certain sections.

Miss Cynthia C. Thompson, four-year-old daughter of Mayor Thompson, had the honor of being the first baby to be weighed. She was weighed by Miss Rachael Barrington of the Lowell guild, and was found to weigh 40 pounds. She is 40 inches in height.

Those stations which have made reports showing the following results of the campaign to date, are: Cohurn street station, Mrs. William W. Denett, 72 babies; Greenhedge school, Mrs. T. Fanner, 10 babies; St. Louis' part, Mrs. Joseph A. Foley, 30 babies; St. Michael's guild hall, Mrs. George Keefe, 22 babies; Varnum school, Miss Maude Myers, 7 babies; First Street day nursery, Mrs. Howard Jewett, 27 babies; Centralville Methodist church, Miss Rachael Barrington, 5 babies; J. L. Chaffoux's store, Mrs. Charles Hobson and Mrs. Harry P. Graves, 50 babies; Polish school, High street, Mrs. James Bancroft, 50 babies; Butler school, Mrs. John J. Higgins, 17 babies; Mrs. D. L. Page at her home in Rogers street, 14 babies; St. Jean's kindergarten, Mrs. G. E. Caisse, 11 babies; St. John's hospital, Miss Winnifred Haskerty, 9 babies; Moody school, Rogers street, Miss Carrie Paul, 8 babies; Pawtucket school, Mrs. J. E. V. Cohurn, 7 babies; Middlesex Village school, Mrs. C. St. McIntire, 5 babies; Riverside school, Mrs. Willard G. Parker, 5 babies; Normal school, Mrs. E. D. Holden, 1 baby.

ENGINEERS IN GOOD HEALTH

Joseph Haggerty, dispatcher at the Middlesex station received a telegram last evening from Lieut. G. L. son of Co. 14th Engineers, now in France, stating that all the members of the unit are in good health and wish to be remembered to their friends. There are several Lowell men with this company.

BANKRUPTCY SALE OF THE ALPHA COMPANY

GROCERY STORE AND FIXTURES

FRIDAY, JUNE 7th, 1918, AT 10 A. M., AT 415

BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL.

At the above time and place will be sold at public auction to the highest bidders for cash, a good clean stock of fresh groceries. This stock consists of canned corn, peas, beans, tomatoes, peaches, bottled pickles, jams, olives, olive oil, butter, coffee, tea, cocoa, spices, macaroni, cereals, washing powders, soaps, ammoniac, matches, etc. Fixtures consist of one 9 foot showcase, hanging scales, meat display case, meat block, meat trays, conner, one coffee and hamburger grinder.

By order of the Trustee in Bankruptcy,

WILLIAM J. CORRIER.



Iron Electrically—Cool and Easy

Thousands of Electric Irons are in almost daily use in this city.

Could anything be more convincing proof of the comfort, ease and coolness of the Electric Ironing as compared to the inconvenience and work of the old sad-iron way of ironing.

Order Your Electric Iron Today. Easy Payments if Desired.

UNITED STATES WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES AND THRIFT STAMPS On Sale at the Cashier's Window

The LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.

29-31 Market St. Tel 821

Continued From First Page

YANKEES JOIN FRENCH AND HOLD UP GERMAN RUSH

300 From Torpedoed Liner Rescued

U. S. Troops In Great Victory

New York Prepares for Air Raid

CITY OF COLUMBUS SAFE IN PORT

SURVIVORS OF CAROLINA LAND

WARSHIPS, CHASERS AND PLANES

SCOURING SEAS FOR HUN PIRATES

LINER FEARED LOST IS SAFE IN PORT

NEW YORK, June 4.—The City of Columbus of the Savannah line arrived at an Atlantic port, bringing safely her passengers and crew, numbering 117, who had been listed as missing. Also at Atlantic ports arrived the steamship Grecian with the missing crew of the sunken schooner Jacob M. Haskell; the Governor Cobb, a United States shipping board training ship with 200 apprentice seamen aboard; the steamship Dorchester of the Merchants & Miners Transportation Co., and the Clyde liner Huron, from a southern port. The arrival of all these vessels left unaccounted for in addition to the Carolina's missing only the crew, exact number unknown here, of the schooner Samuel W. Hathaway of Boston.

- #### List of Victims of Raiders
- A revised list of the toll of the under-sea raiders follows:
- STEAMER TEXEL, 3240 gross tons, sunk by bombs, 60 miles off the Jersey coast, Sunday.
 - SCHOONER JACOB M. HASKELL, of Boston, sunk by shellfire Sunday, off Barnegat, N. J.
 - SCHOONER EDWARD H. COLE, of Boston, sunk by bombs 50 miles off Barnegat, Sunday.
 - TANKER HERBERT L. PRATT, of Philadelphia, sunk off Cape Henlopen, Sunday.
 - SCHOONER ISABEL B. WILEY, of Bath, Me., sunk Sunday, off Barnegat.
 - SCHOONER EDNA of Machias, Me., picked up as derelict off Cape May, N. J., May 20.
 - SCHOONER HATTIE DUNY of Thomaston, Me., destroyed as a derelict May 29, off Winter Quarter Shoal light-ship.
 - SCHOONER HAUPPAUGE of New York, sunk 25 miles off Barnegat, May 28.
 - STEAMSHIP WINNECONNE, sunk off Cape May, May 28.
 - STEAMER CAROLINA sent wireless call for help while being shelled by a submarine Sunday evening, when off Sandy Hook.

Giant Raiders Well Armed

Members of the crews of the vessels, on their arrival here and at other ports agreed generally that the German submarines were of great size.

WANTED—MEN TO SHOVEL COAL

\$3.00 a day for nine hours, time and a half for overtime, double time for Sundays and holidays.

HORNE COAL CO.

251 Thorndike St.

FARRELL & CONATON

PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS

243 Dutton St. Telephone 1513

Chalfoux's

CORNER

BABY WEEK

The president of the United States has asked that all children under five be weighed. Yesterday a great many mothers brought the little tots to our Little Gray Shops to be weighed. Mothers can bring the little ones up on the elevator in the baby carriage. Elevator stops at the Gray Shops. Trained nurse in attendance.

FORBID ALL DISPLAY LIGHTS IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, June 4.—The police department today issued an order forbidding all display lights in New York city at night until further notice.

SUNK BY SUBMARINE OF LATEST TYPE

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—Captain Kenneth B. Lowry of the Texel is convinced that his ship was sunk by one of the new German submarine cruisers and that it crossed the Atlantic and did not come from a base on this side of the Atlantic.

Other News of Raiders on Pages 10, 12

MINE PICKED UP OFF DELAWARE COAST

WASHINGTON, June 4.—A navy mine sweeper operating off the Delaware capes, picked up a mine today, said a report to the navy department from the commandant of the fourth naval district. This is the same general location as that in which the tank steamer Herbert L. Pratt was sunk yesterday.

WILSON WOULD DELAY "DRY" LEGISLATION

WASHINGTON, June 4.—President Wilson today declared his opposition to further prohibition legislation until the food administration decides it is necessary to conserve foodstuffs. His position was made known in a letter to Senator Sheppard of Texas. A house amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill would prevent the expenditure of \$5,000,000 unless the president prevents the use of grain in the production of alcoholic liquors.

PEMBERTON-BILLING IS NOT GUILTY OF LIBEL

LONDON, June 4.—Noel Pemberton-Billing, who has been on trial on a charge of libel proffered by Miss Maud Allan and J. T. Grein, manager of the Independent Theatre, was found not guilty today.

AMERICANS IN DASHING COUNTER ATTACK HURL BACK HUNS ON IMPORTANT FRONT

300 SURVIVORS OF TORPEDOED STEAMER CAROLINA PICKED UP

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4—Three hundred of the passengers and crew of the torpedoed steamship Carolina were picked up at sea in open boats by the schooner Etta B. Douglas.

All on Carolina Saved

NEW YORK, June 4.—The possibility that every person was saved from the coastwise steamship Carolina, shelled and probably sunk by one of Germany's invading U-boats on Sunday, was indicated this afternoon with the arrival of steamships at various Atlantic ports.

CHASED U-BOAT OUT TO SEA

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—The Mallory liner Sabine from Tampa to New York with 40 passengers came in here today and reported she met a submarine yesterday between Charleston and Frying Pan Shoals lightship. Another vessel came to the rescue of the Sabine and chased the submarine out to sea.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL GRANTS CITY ENGINEER LEAVE OF ABSENCE

At this morning's meeting of the municipal council, City Engineer Stephen Kearney, who left last evening for Camp Lee, where he will enter the Engineers' Training school as a captain, was granted a leave of absence for the duration of the war. An attempt was made to elect a successor to Mr. Kearney until such time as he returns, but at the request of Commissioner Morse, who is at the head of the department, the matter was laid over until a later date.

BAVARIAN DIVISIONAL COMMANDER KILLED

WASHINGTON, June 4.—A diplomatic despatch from Switzerland today says that Prince von Buehau, the commanding general of a Bavarian division, has been killed in the fighting on the Marne.

FORMER VICE-PRESIDENT FAIRBANKS SINKING

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 4.—Charles Warren Fairbanks, formerly vice president of the United States, was sinking rapidly today. All the members of the family except Major Richard Fairbanks, who is in France, were at the bedside.

CIRCUS AT FAIR GROUNDS

The Barnum and Bailey circus will play at the Fair grounds in this city Thursday.

DANCING at Pawtucket Boat House

YANKEES JOIN FRENCH AND HOLD UP GERMAN RUSH

American troops are fighting with the French in holding up the new German rush and already have begun to make their presence strongly felt.

YANKS HURL HUNS BACK IN DASHING ATTACK

One force of Americans, thrown into battle on the important front between the Ourcq and the Marne, not only stopped an enemy advance into Neuilly wood, between seven and eight miles northwest of Chateau Thierry, but carried out what the French official statement characterizes as "a magnificent counter attack" which threw back the Germans north of this wood.

AMERICANS JOIN FRENCH AND STOP HUNS

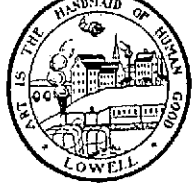
On yet another front, that running east and west along the Marne, the American forces co-operated with the French in hurling back a German battalion which had crept over a foot bridge to the south bank of the river. The Germans sustained casualties and lost 100 men in prisoners. The Germans have evidently succeeded in bringing up con-

TO CALL TELEGRAPHERS' STRIKE TOMORROW

WASHINGTON, June 4.—S. J. Konen-kamp, president of the Commercial Telegraphers' union, announced late today that he would call a strike of telegraphers after he reached Chicago tomorrow. The strike call, he said, would go out by mail, and probably would re-

LOWELL AND LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOLS IN BATTLE ARRAY TOMORROW

The big game of the local high school baseball season will be played tomorrow afternoon at Spalding park when the locals will line up against Lawrence high for the Merrimack Valley supremacy. Lawrence has already defeated Lowell once this season, but Coach Donohue's men are out to even up matters tomorrow and thus necessitate a "rubber" game. "Stubby" Sturtevant is scheduled to pitch for Lowell. The game will be called at 3 o'clock sharp. Lawrence defeated Haverhill by a good margin on Memorial day.

**NOTICE**

Unpaid taxes of year 1916, due the City of Lowell, will be advertised as the law provides, on Saturday, June 8, 1918. Taxpayers must pay the 1916 tax with interest on or before Friday, June 7, 1918, to avoid advertised lists.

FRED H. ROUNKE,
Collector of Taxes

BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT OPENED IN SUPERIOR COURT HERE TODAY

The case of Mary A. Smith against David Bruce, breach of promise suit in which the plaintiff seeks damages in the sum of \$10,000, was opened before Judge Morton and jury at the civil session of the superior court this noon.

TEN WORD FLASHES ABOUT VITALITAS

Brief Messages From Over New England Reporting of Results of Vitalitas

Ten words make a telegram and these expressions from interviews are just ten words long. They tell a great deal in a little space.

Providence, R. I.: "I consider Vitalitas a marvelous remedy. I recommend Vitalitas to anyone who suffers with rheumatism."—Mrs. J. W. Kirtwin, Narragansett st., Edgewood. "Am happiest person in Providence. Vitalitas is wonderful."—John Somers, Jeweler, 35 Atwell st. (Indigestion). "I haven't a pain. Kidneys in fine condition. Vitalitas did the work."—Mrs. C. G. Weldner, 277 Harris ave. (Rheumatism and kidney disorder).

Pawtucket, R. I.: "I am gaining pound each day; feeling fine; credit to Vitalitas."—Alfred E. Dube, 72 Johns st. (Stomach trouble).

Lawrence, Mass.: "Vitalitas gave me more relief than anything I ever tried."—Miss Jane Emmott, 197 West st. (Rheumatism). "But nothing gave me the results I obtained from Vitalitas."—Ed. Bergeron, 116 Margin st. (Stomach trouble).

Fall River, Mass.: "Had no idea could get such wonderful results; recommend Vitalitas."—Christopher J. Quinn, 45 Thomas st. (Stomach and kidneys). "Vitalitas is the greatest medicine I ever saw; had results from first."—Thomas H. Stinton, 459 Snell st. (Stomach disorder).

Mt. Vernon, N. H.: "Vitalitas is the best medicine I have ever used. The public is invited to come and investigate Vitalitas. See and talk to the Vitalitas man, and let him explain the merits of this wonderful remedy. Vitalitas is sold by the Dows drug store, Northwick Sq., And."

LOWELL HIGH SCHOOL ANNUAL FIELD DAY WAS BIG SUCCESS



PYRAMID BY MEMBERS OF THE BOYS' REGIMENT AT FIELD DAY EXERCISES YESTERDAY

Perhaps never before in the history of the Lowell high school regiment was the annual field day run off with such snap and precision as characterized yesterday afternoon's affair at Spaulding park. There was hardly a delay all afternoon and the spectators were more than gratified at being able to get home "in time for supper," a marked contrast to previous field days.

Co. K, commanded by Capt. Walter Starviant, won the much coveted honor of receiving the blue pennant for the best drilled company of the regiment. Co. F, Capt. James Keith, won the red pennant. Co. M, Capt. Albert J. Porter, won a silver banner for the best appearing company in the street parade which preceded the exercises, and Co. L, Capt. Raymond W. J. Hobson, won the sword for the best appearing company at the park.

Stomach Troubles Are Due to Acidity

Tells Safe, Certain, Speedy Relief for Acid Indigestion.

So-called stomach troubles, such as indigestion, gas, sourness, stomachache and inability to retain food are in probably nine cases out of ten, simply evidence that excessive secretion of acid is taking place in the stomach, causing the formation of gas and acid indigestion.

Gas distends the stomach and causes that full, oppressive, burning feeling sometimes known as heartburn, while the acid irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach. The trouble lies entirely in the excess development or secretion of acid.

To stop or prevent this souring of the food contents of the stomach and to neutralize the acid, and make it bland and harmless, a tea-spoonful of acid-magnesia, a good and effective corrector of acid stomach, should be taken in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water after eating or when ever gas, sourness or acidity is felt. This sweetens the stomach and neutralizes the acidity in a few moments and is a perfectly harmless and inexpensive remedy to use.

An antacid such as acid-magnesia, which can be obtained from any druggist in either powder or tablet form, enables the stomach to do its work properly without the aid of artificial digestants. Magnesia comes in several forms, so be certain to ask for and take only Effervescent Magnesia, which is especially prepared for the above purpose.—Adv.

Regt. Adjt. Capt. Lester H. Bailey, Regt. supply officer, Capt. Arnold E. Howard.
Regt. sergt. major, Fisher H. Pearson, Jr.
Regt. supply sergeant, Harry L. Nash.
Drum Corps
Drum major, Daniel J. Martin; first sergeant, Roy McLeod, first corporal, Alfred R. Portlock; bugle corporal, Roger O. Clapp; second battalion bugler, Wm. J. L. Barr; drum sergeant, John V. Flanagan; bugle sergeant, Parker L. Currier; drum corporal, Glen E. Marshall; first battalion bugler, George J. De La Haye; third battalion bugler, Clifford H. Anderson; color sergeant, George A. Leachey.

FIRST BATTALION

Major, Maurice Barilsky.
Battalion adjutant, Harris Barber.
Battalion sergeant major, Edward J. Sheldon.

Company A
Captain, Charles R. Clements; first lieutenant, John J. Brown; second lieutenant, Eugene Dooley; first sergeant, John V. Dolan; sergeants, J. Herman Parent, George A. Leachey, Maurice T. Lawler, Philip P. Brown; corporals, Howard Lewis, Richard Baron, Cadric Nichols, Michael Scullion.

Company B
Captain, Edward H. Brigham; first lieutenant, Bertram A. McKittick; second lieutenant, Roger Billings; first sergeant, Leroy F. Farrell; sergeants, Torsten Reensliern, Alexander Wright, Roger T. Whitehead, Bruce Kimball; corporals, Walter J. Callahan, John D. Lawler, Walter R. Redlund, Daniel A. McDonald.

Company C
Captain, Maurice A. Hamel; first lieutenant, Patrick J. Mullane; second lieutenant, Tevenace Riley; first sergeant, Andrew E. Barrett; sergeants, Raymond A. Crowley, Alder C. Bourgeois, Arthur G. Lyon, Philip T. Connor, William F. Coughlin, William Wong, Robert L. Lavallee.

Company D
Captain, Dexter N. Shaw; first lieutenant, Wendall Blanchard; second lieutenant, J. Irving Collins; first sergeant, Frank K. Bryant; sergeants, Victor B. Darling, Leo T. Shea, Wesley R. Blanchard, Costas Buccovalas; corporals, Clifford Sibley, John E. Huse, Royal K. Dexter, Joseph C. Davis.

SECOND BATTALION
Major, Albert W. Frawley.
Battalion adjutant, Curtis N. Rice, Jr.
Battalion sergeant major, Nelson W. Burt.

Company E
Captain, R. Winston House; first lieutenant, Stanley Robinson; second lieutenant, Prescott Wright; first sergeant, Clayton Diggott; sergeants, Sterling Pratt, Robert Hartley, William Kelly, Christos Christolakis; corporals, Roy E. Edwards, Richard C. Lester H. Ela, Francis J. Durant.

Company F
Captain, James Keith; first lieutenant, Raymond E. Martin; second lieutenant, Earl Stevenson; first sergeant, John A. McGuire; sergeants, Harold A. Bowen, L. Saunders, Richard Lodge, Douglas Walker; corporals, David L. Lambertson, Thomas Delaney, Lewis Barnes, Benj. Cohen.

Company G
Captain, Donald Willard; first lieutenant, George Spyroun; second lieutenant, Edward Markham; first sergeant, John P. Sawyer; sergeants, Edward Donahue, James McDonald, Nicholas Kephallias, Charles F. Coy; corporals, Lawrence Farrington, Harold P. Herson, William S. Abbot, Harvey S. Manning, Lester R. Hoyt.

Company H
Captain, Frederick Stevens; first lieutenant, John Tiffan; second lieutenant, Arthur J. Reardon; first sergeant, James Garrigan; sergeants, Homer Bourgeois, Reginald H. Macaulay, Paul V. McDermott; corporals, Jean N. White, Richard J. Harrington, J. Higgins, Charles P. Flinnick.

THIRD BATTALION
Major Paul J. Angelo.
Battalion adjutant, Paul E. Gallagher.
Battalion sergeant major, Charles D. Kirkpatrick.

Company I
Captain, Raymond W. J. Hobson; first lieutenant, Dana Hart; first sergeant, George N. Stewart; sergeants, Eli N. Westler, Leo Gilmund, Charles E. Ross, William F. Harlan; corporals, Edwin Hollingsworth, Elmer Trevers, Edmond Douglass, George Gugen.

Company K
Captain, Walter Starviant; first lieutenant, George Lalime; second lieutenant, Charles E. Bachelder; first sergeant, William Marmar; sergeants, Elmer S. Sullivan, Harry McDonough, Paul B. Sullivan, William W. Logan; corporals, Raymond E. Donovan, Geo. E. Pickle, Walter A. Costello, Timothy P. O'Keefe, Myron W. Rhodes.

Company L
Captain, John J. O'Brien; first lieutenant, Roland W. Wattle; first sergeant, Joseph Geary; sergeants, Joseph McInerney, John Harvey, William Riley, Samuel Gilmund, Harry Bell; sergeants, Sylvester J. O'Toole, Maurice E. J. Powers, Raymond K. Garland.

Company M
Captain, Albert J. Porter; first lieutenant, Myrland E. McDonough; second lieutenant, Doris J. Normandin; first sergeant, Edward B. Bell; sergeants, James Gough, William White, George S. Flint, Henry L. Adams; acting corporals, Charles A. Barrett, Alphonse Chiu-Mara, Walter A. McDonald, Leslie W. Atkinson.

Company N
Captain, Regina Lowney; lieutenant, Lucille Roussell.

Company O
Captain, Florence Breen; lieutenant, Doris Senior.

Company P
Captain, Florence Brooks; lieutenant, Ruth Handley.

SECOND BATTALION
Commanded by Major Gertrude Clark.
Adjutant, Josephine Mullane.

Company A
Captain, Ester Norton; lieutenant, Agnes Joyce.

Company B
Captain, Mildred Holmes; lieutenant, Edith Miles.

Company C
Captain, Mildred McNabb; lieutenant, Jessie Stanley.

Company D
Captain, Laura McIntire; lieutenant, Beatrice Hession.

THIRD BATTALION
Commanded by Major Jennie Cathwood.
Adjutant, Marion Maguire.

Company A
Captain, Bertha Braverman; lieutenant, Olga Shay.

Company B
Captain, Mary Latour; lieutenant, Elizabeth Wallace.

Company C
Captain, Catherine Woodworth;

AMERICANS HAVE STRONG NERVES

Nervousness and Nerve Troubles on the Decline

"Nothing wrong but your nerves" is a saying that is fast dying out in this country. While nerve trouble is no organic disease, one of our leading nerve specialists remarked: "A man or woman might better break a leg than have a shattered nervous system."

Overwork and worry drains the nerve cells of their reserve strength and food, and then follows the sleepless night, indigestion, poor appetite, impure blood and general nervous break-down.

The thing to do in such cases no longer troubles doctors and their patients who know from their own experience the value of Phosphated Iron. They know that a few weeks' regular use of this nerve food and red blood builder will strengthen and brace up the whole nervous system, because Phosphated Iron gives the tired, hungry, worn-out nerve cells phosphates and iron in a form easily and quickly absorbed, as one happy user said: "You can almost feel it taking hold of the nerves and blood, after a short time you feel like a new person; life seems a pleasure and worth living once again."

In every section where Phosphated Iron has been used there has been a big decrease of nerve troubles and it will prove a welcome relief to any sufferer. You can bank on it for results—it's pure.

To insure physicians and their patients getting the genuine Phosphated Iron we have put up in capsules only, do not take pills or tablets. Insist on capsules.

Fred Howard, Lowell Pharmacy, and leading druggists everywhere.

Lieutenant, Marion Dexter.

Company D
Captain, Alice Connolly; lieutenant, Mary Kontecma.

FOURTH BATTALION
Commanded by Major Doris Howard.
Adjutant, Rita McDonald.

Company A
Captain, Grace Martin; lieutenant, Irene Storey.

Company B
Captain, Doris Donovan; lieutenant, Madeline O'Day.

Company C
Captain, Annabel Gordon; lieutenant, Sally Nystrom.

Company D
Captain, Lillian Abbott; lieutenant, Roberta Mountford.

FIELD DAY NOTES
Major Jeyes, the military instructor, is to be congratulated on the excellent regiment which he turned out this year. Old-time commentators said that it was one of the best seen in years. The program at the park alone should have been a reward for the major's work of the past year. James D. Conway, faculty advisor, is also due a lot of praise.

The officers of the state guard who reviewed the parade at city hall were Sergt. Loring Kew, Sergt. Lewis E. MacBryne and Artillery Louis Buschbain of the state guard. J. Joseph Hennessy, the mayor's secretary, was one of the interested spectators in the reviewing party.

It seemed that the girl officers would be smothered with flowers at the rate that they were being presented.

The field day program was another feature of the afternoon. Every detail of a first class production was included and the girls were unusually good. The editors were Maj. Paul J. Angelo, Capt. James Keith and Lieut. Patrick Mullane.

AMATEUR BASEBALL
The Dodgers defeated the A. G. Cadets at baseball by a score of 18 to 9 Saturday afternoon. The game, which was for a purse of \$50, was played on the Alken street ground and was largely attended.

The West Ends defeated the fast Boott mill team Saturday on the Lakeview avenue grounds, 15 to 6. This makes the fifth straight win for the West Ends. The mill line up against the Ponies next Saturday on the North common.

The undefeated Rovers would like to challenge any 12-14-year-old team in the city. Challenges should be sent through this paper or to Sidney Cohen, 127 Chestnut street.

Although the Mathew Temperance Institute nine had a game scheduled with St. Peter's A.A. for last Saturday afternoon on the South common, the contest did not materialize. When the "Mats" arrived on the grounds they were told that the St. Peter's nine was to play the Holydays and the Mathews were without opponents. They are still looking for the reason for the change of heart.

DROP GERMAN IN THE BOSTON SCHOOLS

BOSTON, June 4.—The school committee in four ballots failed to reach a choice for superintendent of schools at its meeting yesterday afternoon, and the question was put over indefinitely.

Committeemen Lane and Cochran cast ballots for Asst. Supt. Jeremiah E. Burke, while Mr. Abrahams and Miss Curtis supported Frank V.

The New Home Treatment for Ugly, Hairy Growths

(Boudoir Secrets)

Here is a simple, yet very effective method for removing hair and fuzz from the face, neck and arms. Cover the objectionable hairs with a paste made by mixing some water with a little powdered delatone. Leave this on for 2 or 3 minutes, then rub off, wash the skin and the hairs have vanished. No pain or inconvenience attends this treatment, but results will be certain if you are sure to get real delatone.—Adv.

Largest Stock of Victor, Columbia and Edison Records in Lowell

The Bon Marche
DRY GOODS CO.

Largest Stock of Victrolas, Gramophones and Edison in Lowell

DASHING STYLES IN Bathing Suits For Women and Misses

Chic trim models that are conspicuous by their beauty, yet without even a suggestion of gaudiness, and they're by far the most practical and comfortable sorts we've ever seen. They come in cotton, wool, surf cloth, mohair, satin and taffeta. A splendid assortment here, at

\$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98,
\$4.98, \$5.98 Up to \$10.98

Most people will not let many more days elapse before they replenish their bathing accessories from our large and varied assortments.

Everything necessary is included in our assortments of Bathing Suits, Caps, Hose, Shoes, etc. All excellent values and temptingly priced.

The President of the United States Wants Every Child Weighed and Measured

Weighing Station on Our Second Floor, June 3 to 8, 2 to 4 P. M.

A Few of the Many Things We Have for Babies

Infants' Slips and Gertrudes, of fine nainsook and muslins, prettily trimmed with Val. lace and fine embroidery, long and short styles...50c, 59c, 79c, 98c, \$1.49

Infants' Vests and Bands, cotton and wool and silk and wool, 29c, 59c, 69c

Infants' White Sweaters, with pink and blue trimmings; also Colored Silk and Wool Sweaters in a great variety of styles, \$1.49, \$1.69, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98

Come here this week and get the baby weighed. The most important person in the home is certainly worth weighing.



Weighing Station on Our Second Floor, June 3 to 8, 2 to 4 P. M.

A Few of the Many Things We Have for Babies

Infants' Dresses of nainsook, mustard and organdie, with trimmings of fine Val. lace, organdie insertion and embroidery, long and short styles, 98c, \$1.49, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$7.98.

Infants' Cashmere and Crepe Jackets, embroidered in pink and blue...69c, 98c, \$1.49

Infants' Boots in silk and wool, 19c, 25c, 29c, 39c up to 88c

Infants' White Coats, long and short, in pique, corduroy, cashmere and serge; many hand embroidered, also trimmed with silk braid, \$1.98, \$2.49, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$7.98.

Thompson, and Judge Sullivan favored Augustine L. Rafter.

Several text books in German were ordered dropped from the list in foreign language classes.

The resignation of Edward F. O'Dowd as master of the Frothingham district school, to take effect June 30, was the subject of a communication from Supt. Franklin B. Dyer suggesting the advisability of uniting the Frothingham district with the Charlestown district, the former having diminished 43 per cent, and the latter 30 per cent.

The superintendent emphasized the fact that the decrease the present year has continued, and that the districts are closely contiguous and the buildings only a few minutes' walk apart. "The two districts," he added in his communication, "if united, would be smaller both in territory and in school population than most of the districts of the city, and the nation would permit effective organization of the upper grades, which are now very small."

The advisability of uniting the Charlestown districts is recognized by the masters of the schools and by the assistant superintendent in charge, he said, and the latter has submitted the situation to the board of superintendents for its advice, and the board unanimously recommended their union. Opposition to the proposal was raised by two members of the committee and the matter was tabled until the next meeting.

The matter of compensating teachers on a 10-payment basis instead of monthly as at present, was brought up

through a communication submitted by William T. Keough, and after considerable discussion was laid over for future action.

INVESTIGATE FINDING OF BOMB IN MAIL BAG

BOSTON, June 4.—Postoffice inspectors were assigned today to investigate the finding of a supposed bomb in a mail sack at Colebrook, N. H., yesterday. According to the report from Postmaster P. H. Drew, at Colebrook, the explosive was in the form of a cartridge about 10 inches long and had a time fuse attached. Whether the fuse had been lighted was not known. The cartridge was found in an unlocked sack used for newspapers and parcels made up at the North station and might have been inserted, officials said, after the sack left the city.

BRITISH PAPER CONTROLLER PREPARING A NEW ECONOMY ORDER

(By Associated Press). LONDON, (By Mail) The paper controller is preparing a new economy order which will come into effect in about a month and will contain these provisions:

Newspapers, periodicals, et cetera.

to be distributed for sale only, not to be returned.

Muscle on two pages instead of four. Theatre programs reduced by half. Catalogues and circulars reduced. Use of confetti prohibited. No more cigarette pictures. Lighter wrappings for packages. Street cars and omnibuses to collect used tickets. These are tickets given to passengers punched with destination and amount of fare.

One of the Philadelphia theatres is to be the first one in the world to be operated without footlights. All stage illumination will come from above, being as nearly as possible a reproduction of ordinary sunlight. The innovation of taking away the footlights comes as a general surprise to the theatregoers, violating as it does one of the traditions of stage art.

What Doctors Use for Eczema

A soothing combination of oil of White-ginger, Glycerine and other healing ingredients called D. D. D. Prescription is now a favorite remedy of skin specialists for all skin diseases. It penetrates the pores, gives instant relief. Try D. D. D. today. 25c, 50c and \$1.00.

D. D. D. The Liquid Wash
DOUGLAS, THE DRUGGIST



Safety First Lowell Metal Ceiling Co.

CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, STORES, GARAGES, KITCHENS, BATH-ROOMS, DINING ROOMS, PARLORS. 653 BROADWAY. FIRE PROOF SHEET METAL SPECIALTIES. Not necessary to remove old plaster. Drop us a postal and we will call. TELEPHONE 2471.

Town & Country PAINT

The beautiful protective house paint NEW COLOR CARDS showing 30 Good Colors and suggesting combinations, are FREE for the asking. ALL REGULAR SHADES Gallon, \$3.75 Free City Motor Delivery C. B. COBURN CO. 63 MARKET STREET

40 NAMES ON TODAY'S U. S. CASUALTY LIST

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The army casualty list today contained 40 names, divided as follows:

Killed in action, three; died of wounds, two; died of accident and other causes, 19; died of disease, six; wounded severely, eight; wounded slightly, one; prisoner, one.

The list follows:

Killed in Action

Pr. Lon Meadows, Krupp, Ky.
Pr. J. I. Milton, Hartford, Conn.
Pr. N. A. Pluff, New Haven, Conn.

Died of Wounds

Lt. Col. R. J. Maxey, Missouri, Mo.
Corp. W. C. Williamson, Blanchard, La.

Died of Disease

Lieut. Wm. L. Miller, Saginaw, Mich.
Master Signal Electrician Roy C. Mingie, Fortresdale, Philadelphia.
Ser. Theo Steensland, Beresford, S. D.
Priv. Jas. H. Ferguson, Rowley, Mass.
Priv. E. W. Krane, Brook Park, Minn.
Pr. S. Seale, Stone Mountain, Ga.

Died of Accidents and Other Causes

Lieut. John L. Mitchell, Meadowmere, Milwaukee, Wis.
Lieut. Richard Blodgett, West Newton, Mass.
Sergeant Lyons, Hartford, Conn.
Sergeant P. L. Davis, Franklin, Va.
Sergeant Clyde A. Simpson, Caddo, Okla.
Sergeant Joseph Henderson, Dayton, O.
Sergeant Joseph Henderson, Dayton, O.
Corp. E. W. Anderson, Fargo, N. D.
Priv. Mike Yacuro, Fulton, N. Y.
Priv. A. Des Impellasse, Detroit, Mich.
Priv. Edwin A. Gosowet, Philadelphia.
Pr. L. A. Burbank, So. Waterboro, Me.
Priv. Geo. A. Schurn, New York City.
Priv. F. N. Bashaw, Marquette, Mich.
Priv. Claude A. Baker, Lawton, Okla.
Priv. Thos. E. Seals, Pritchard, Miss.
Army Field Clerk Mark H. Hanna, Ingersoll, Pa.
Capt. Paul Rogas, Aulais, Chile.
Cadet Roger S. Dix, Jr., Boston.

Wounded Severely

Lieut. Leopold Ahland, New York.
Lieut. V. V. C. Harris, Winsted, Ct.
Lieut. Thos. E. Riley, McDowell, W. Va.
Corp. Rolla O. Brown, Moberly, Mo.
Priv. Charlie A. Cooley, Athens, Ala.
Pr. Fred W. Coons, Hartford, Ct.
Priv. Howard McLean, Rugby, N. D.
Priv. Walter K. Pearson, Corbin, Ky.

Wounded Slightly

Lieut. Leo T. Kewer, Waverly, Mass.
Lieut. Paul W. Eaton, Jackson, Mich.
prisoner.

Prisoners, Previously Reported Missing

Lt. Benj. P. Burpee, Manchester, N. H.
Lt. Bernard J. Gallagher, Waseca, Minn.
Lt. Wm. H. Jenkins, Leesburg, Va.
Ser. Robert Walker, Jersey City.
Corp. P. P. Meehan, Springfield, Mass.
Corp. Lee H. Whitehead, Jeffery, Ky.
Pr. Homer Akers, Norwood, Mo.
Pr. Edward Bennett, Harrisburg, Ill.
Pr. A. Bergeron, Turners Falls, Mass.
Pr. Frank Bretcheider, Chicago.
Pr. Philip Daniels, 519 Broad street, Lynn, Mass.
Pr. Russell E. Dodson, Vintondale, Pa.
Pr. E. J. Doherty, Newton Centre, Mass.
Pr. Owen Dougherty, Chester, Pa.
Pr. Fred C. Hickman, Rochester, Ind.
Pr. Carl Holst, Alston, Mass.
Pr. A. Krakuski, Dobie, Poland.
Pr. Jeremiah Lebane, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Pr. Wilfrid Marquis, 1859 Lavoie st., Fall River, Mass.
Pr. Roy R. Jackson, Gainesville, Fla.
Pr. Frank J. Meyer, Reading, Ohio.
Pr. James N. Mulholland, Brighton, Mass.
Pr. Clarence D. Newton, Cincinnati, O.
Pr. E. J. Prosser, Minneapolis, Minn.
Pr. James Puntilla, Newark, N. J.
Pr. Carmine R. Ruppelle, Avon, Mass.
Pr. Foveo Summa, Waterbury, Conn.
Pr. Henry Smith, Philadelphia.
Pr. Wm. C. Sweeney, South Boston.
Pr. David L. Watkins, Glasgow, Ky.

Previously Reported Missing, Now Reported Dead

Lt. Charles W. Chapman, Waterloo, Ia.
Lt. Joseph R. Sandford, Skowhegan, Me.

Previously Reported Missing, Now Reported Killed in Action

Mechanic Joseph U. Pratt, Bristol, Ct.

Previously Reported Slightly Wounded, Corrected to Missing in Action

Pr. Charles Cropper, New Haven, Conn.

Previously Reported Killed in Action, Now Reported as Wounded in Action

Pr. Frank W. Ferraro, Middletown, Ct.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisers and you will save money on your purchases.

Unsightly Hair DeMiracle

DeMiracle, the original sanitary liquid, is really a revolution in modern science. It is just as effective for removing coarse, brittle growths as it is for ordinary ones.
Only genuine DeMiracle has a money-back guarantee in each package. At toilet counters in 50c, \$1 and \$2 sizes, or by mail from us in plain wrapper on request. DeMiracle, Park Ave. and 129th St., New York.

FAIRBURN'S HOUR SALES

WEDNESDAY A. M. ONLY

8 TO 9

NEW POTATOES, pk. 39c

9 TO 10

WELCOME SOAP, bar. 5c

10 TO 11

FRESH HERRING, lb. 5c

11 TO 12

LARGE BOILED LOBSTERS, lb. 35c



CHOICE OF THE HOUSE SALE OF SUITS at \$25

Suits selling to \$59.50, in the finest gabardines, Serges, Tricotine, Jersey and Silks, all wanted styles. Consider what this Semi-Annual Sale means to you with every kind of merchandise entering into the manufacture of Ladies' Suits advancing by leaps and bounds in price. We have held this sale in seasons past and not wishing to disappoint the hundreds of customers who wait for this big event,

Commencing Wednesday at 9.30 Your Choice of the Suit Stock

NONE ON SALE
BEFORE

Our losses are terrific.
Cost of alterations if made.
No Memo. No Charges.
All sales final.

Cherry & Webb

12-18 JOHN STREET

Navy, Black, Sand, Gray
and Shepherd Checks in the
lot.

PRIVATE FRANK EGAN IN HERO COLUMN

Private Frank A. Egan of Co. C of the 104th Infantry in France, who was mentioned in yesterday's editions as having been cited for gallantry, lived at 29 Cady street before enlisting. A year ago last spring he joined the Ma-



PRIVATE FRANK A. EGAN

chine Gun Company of Quincy and was later transferred to his present unit. He is a graduate of the Lowell high school and attended Mount St. Mary's college at Emmitsburg, Md., for two years. He was formerly an altar boy at St. Peter's church. His father is Mr. John Egan of Cady street.

THE AMERICAN RAILROAD EXPRESS COMPANY

Further information was received this morning by Charles P. Langley, local manager of the American Express company, in regard to the consolidation of the express organizations under the guidance of Director General McAdoo. The new company, says Mr. Langley, will be capitalized at \$30,000,000, the actual value of the physical properties and cash put into the business. Instead of having numerous contracts with individual railroads for various amounts, there will be but one blanket contract with the entire government-controlled railroads. By this contract, the American Railroad Express company will collect, insure, guard and deliver express shipments, as in the past, and the government railroads will haul them. The rates charged for express transportation will continue to be under government control.

How the general reorganization will work out for the benefit of the shipping public, is tentatively outlined in an interview given out by George C. Taylor, former president of the American Express, and now president of the new consolidation:

"Hereafter the express companies will eliminate the individual identity which has separated them for the last three-quarters of a century and offer to the government and to their joint patrons a unified, single express service."

"In the future, merchants, manu-

Dance
TOMORROW NIGHT AT
KASINO
Co. C, 302 M. G. Battalion
"LOWELL OWN"
Exhibition Drill at Intermission
DANCING, 8 TO 12. TICKETS, 25c
Everybody Visit the Farewell Party.

facturers, and individuals need specify "by express" and the entire man power and vehicle power of the express world will respond to their call.

"At no time in the history of the railroads has the volume of express traffic been so great as it is today, the business reaching a total during the past fiscal year of over \$200,000,000."

"Already the vast terminals now maintained by the various companies are being unified for a practical saving of time and transfer."

"The street equipment of between 20,000 and 30,000 motor and horse vehicles are undergoing a re-distribution to avoid duplication of routes."

"Branch agencies and multiple offices in many cities will be subject to an economical readjustment."

"The chain departments will be unified and a closer co-operation established with the shippers to eliminate losses resulting from faulty packing and incorrect marking of shipments."

"The new move will bring into one organization over 100,000 men now trained in express service. It will be the policy of the company to maintain a broad gauge attitude toward its employees, many of whom have spent their lives in the service and thousands of whom have made great personal sacrifices in carrying the immense burden of the last three and a half years."

"In the past the express companies have been vital factors in the convenience of merchandise and foodstuffs. They have eliminated distance and the time element between the manufacturer and his market. The new move is designed to improve the distribution of commerce and agriculture and the business of the country may look upon it with confidence that their interests will be carefully and intelligently served."

"The non-transportation activities of the separate companies, such as, money orders; travelers' cheques; travel department; foreign exchange; and banking; and their respective foreign organizations which are of international magnitude, but will be conducted by the individual companies as in the past, the offices of the new company acting as agents for the old companies in the handling of the above-mentioned features."

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TWO AMERICAN AVIATORS PICKED UP AT SEA

NANTUCKET, June 4.—Two American aviators, Ensign Poleau and Mechanic Harrington, were brought to port today by the patrol boat Sadie, which had rescued them from their disabled hydroaeroplane which drifted ten miles southeast of Sankaty Head at the east end of the island. The machine sank soon after the two men were taken off. They had been forced by engine trouble to alight on the water yesterday.

The aviators were nearly exhausted when picked up. They had no food with them and were roughly tossed by the sea.

The plane left the naval air station yesterday morning in company of four other machines on patrol duty.

An hour later a wireless message from an aero patrol said that Poleau had been forced to alight when his engine failed and that the hydroplane when last seen was south of Nantucket and drifting rapidly to sea. A fleet of scout boats was despatched to the locality and searched all day without sighting the plane, which it was feared had sunk. The Sadie discovered the aviators at midnight.

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22. Then followed break after break, often two a day, until the residential section of that city was thrown into a panic by his daylight and nocturnal visits and the police department came in for more or less criticism because of the failure to ferret out and place the burglar in custody.

The most tangible clue received was that of the sale of a watch at a pawnbroker's in Middlesex street, this city. The local police informed the police of Manchester and Inspector Maher followed up this clue and established beyond a doubt that the watch was taken from the residence of Mrs. Mary P. McGrillis, 76 Russell street on May 13, the watch being the property of Mrs. McGrillis' sister, Belle M. Frammer.

In the watch scoured in this city, on the inside of one of the cases was the picture of a young woman and this turned out to be a picture of Dugue's wife, which led to Dugue's arrest.

AUTO TRUCK STOLEN
A Ford automobile truck belonging to the Highland Steam laundry was stolen from in front of the laundry at Fletcher street and Western avenue about 6.30 o'clock this morning. The machine bore the registration number "B 23211."

IN POLICE COURT
This morning's session of the police court proved to be a comparatively short one. Louis E. Mercier, charged with violation of the automobile law, was continued until Friday for examination. William F. Regan, charged with drunkenness, was fined \$10 and Thomas Lindsay, drunk, was given a suspended sentence of four months in jail. There were several drunken offenders who were released by the probation officer.

**WOUNDED U. S. SOLDIERS
ARRIVE AT NICE, FRANCE**
NICE, France, Monday, June 3.—The first batch of wounded American soldiers who had been amalgamated with French troops, arrived at Nice today. They were sent to the American hospital here.

Apparently this refers to American troops who have been brigaded with the French, according to the plan announced some time ago. Whether they were wounded in the fighting of the present offensive or while acting with the French in other sectors is not clear. The main body of Americans placed in the line with the French against the Germans since the March offensive started, is in the Cantigny sector, southeast of Amiens, where they have made a brilliant record in the capture and holding of the town of Cantigny.

**RAILWAY UNIONS PROTEST
M'ADOO'S ORDER**
WASHINGTON, June 4.—Representatives of 500,000 railway shopmen yesterday asked the railroad administration not to put into effect the new wage scale without upward revision for their crafts, saying great dissatisfaction would be created and intimating that it might be impossible to avoid many strikes.

Appearing before the board at the first hearing, spokesmen for the six shop trades declared they had found it difficult to work out a wage scale on the basis of the director-general's order and that extreme disappointment existed among all men who had read it. They urged speedy action to revise the scale in order to prevent employees

from going to shipyards within the next week or two.

The lure of the shipyards is so great, the labor representatives said, that thousands of railroad machinists, carmen and other shop employees for weeks have been persuaded to stay with the railroads only with the greatest difficulty. They feared a general exodus of employees if the new wage order is put into effect immediately. Men would find, they said, that the increases were much less than had been expected.

The shopmen renewed their demands, as presented to the wage commission, for a minimum of 75 cents an hour for machinists, blacksmiths, sheet metal workers, electricians, carmen with four years' or more experience and boiler makers, and a minimum of 56½ cents for carmen with less than four years' experience, an eight-hour standard day, six days work a week and time and a half for overtime.

These demands represented an increase of about 40 per cent above existing wages.

They told the board that higher wages, longer vacations, extra pay for undesirable work and many bonuses in shipyards, forced them to consider Director-General McAdoo's wage order "as unjust, unfair and inequitable," as applied to them. The scale would wipe out all the wage reforms, particularly the elimination of differentials, effected since December, 1915.

These claims were presented by J. P. Anderson, representing the International Association of Machinists; C. C. Vandornes of the Brotherhood of Blacksmiths and Helpers; Otto E. Board of the Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers; John J. Purcell of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers; J. S. Willis of the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen; and B. W. Jewell of the Brotherhood of Boiler Makers and Iron Shipbuilders and Helpers. The hearing will be resumed tomorrow.

G. H. Sines, chairman of the board, explained that Mr. McAdoo is anxious "to see justice done to all railroad men" and urged patience on the part of all employees. Other representatives of railroad labor will be heard later.

BIDS FOR TEMPORARY LOAN
The following bids have been received by City Treasurer Rourke for the \$400,000 temporary loan, which will become due June 5, 1919: Solomon Bros. & Hutzler, 5.04 and 511 premium; Blake Bros. & Co., 5.07; R. W. Presspich & Co., N. Y., 5.09 and 55 premium; National City bank of New York, 5.10 and 518 premium; Middlesex Trust Co., 5.23 and 53 premium; R. L. Day & Co., 5.23; Old Colony Trust Co., 5.14 discount basis and A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., 5 per cent. discount and 53 premium.

If you want quick returns try a classified ad in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

BOVININE
is not a beef extract nor a beef juice, for, unlike them, it has not been subjected to heat, it has not lost its original strength and it does contain every element needed for nutrition.

For
anemia, nervous exhaustion and in typhoid fever, pneumonia, bronchitis, tuberculosis, grippe, etc., it is unequalled as a food tonic to build up strength.

12 oz. bottle - \$1.15
6 oz. bottle - .70

THE BOVININE CO.
75 West Houston St., New York

**The Time to Appreciate
the Usefulness**
Of real teeth is when they are in perfect condition. Decays are just as sure to come as old age. It's just that little inexpensive filling that keeps them sound.

Your profit from my experience is teeth restored to naturalness at a price that doesn't cause regret to either one.

That constant neglect is now ready for a call.

DR. A. J. GAGNON
Store Order Checks Accepted as Cash
109 MERRIMACK STREET 466 MERRIMACK STREET

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Merrimack Street, Cor. of Palmer

SUMMER FROCKS

6.95 9.98

Figured Voile Dresses with organdie vestee, collar and cuffs. Novelty Gingham Dresses in pleated tunic and surplice models, in various color combinations, and at very special prices.

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SUMMER FROCKS</

"WHEN WE SEE U-BOATS WE GET EM," SAYS BURKE

By Seaman R. W. Burke of the U. S. S.

A U-boat that's sighted by a lookout on a destroyer is almost as good as done for.

"If we see 'em, we get 'em," is what we say.

American, British and French destroyers—all are working together now and it is pretty hard for Fritz to show his periscope above water. They used to operate on the surface a lot. Now they don't.

The "ash-cans" have done it.

"Ash-cans" are the depth charges that we drop overhead, and we call them ash cans because they are about the size of a big ash can and look very much like one.

I remember one day—it was very foggy—when it seemed as though something was "in the air." We were cruising on patrol when we heard a number of shots close by. We couldn't see where they came from, but could hear the direction; the fog was so thick we could only see a few feet on either side of us.

Suddenly, right out of the fog another destroyer shot across our bow and missed us by about 25 yards. Then we heard more shots.

We had been cruising slowly. I had just gone aft on the deck house to stand watch and I had hardly taken my position when we heard a loud explosion right off our stern.

It shook us all over and nearly bounced us out of the water. Officers and men came running aft; they thought we were torpedoed—or that one of our "ash-cans" had fallen over and torn our stern off.

Everybody was relieved to find we were intact. By that time we all knew what had happened—one of our destroyers had dropped a depth charge and we were over the explosion. We turned about immediately and rung up full speed. We had not gone back many yards when we came upon a spot where there were many bubbles coming to the surface—oil and grease which spread over the water for a great distance.

The oil was so thick it just clung to our sides. We knew then that somebody had got a submarine.

These depth charges are the greatest things ever invented to get submarines. You hardly ever get a U-boat on the surface now. They are very fast. You cannot see the periscope very far; it may be a foot or so out of the water, or only a couple of inches, and it is painted light green and gray.

A periscope is very hard to distinguish in the sea unless you see them rushing through the water; then they get up a little wake—but even then

you cannot see that very far. But if we can get near the spot where a submarine goes down, the depth charge will do the business.

You just sit on the stern and roll them over! At a touch of a button on the bridge, too, they can be released so they just roll off. They are set to explode at a certain depth.

Many U-boats are destroyed that are never seen by the destroyer that gets them. If we get a report of a submarine in a certain spot, we proceed there at full speed and are sometimes able to locate it by the bubbles and the streak of oil on the water.

We follow that streak of oil—go from one end to another and see which end is moving, and drop a couple of "ash-cans" on that end.

We have often followed a streak of oil for miles and miles, only to come to the end of it and see nothing there. Then we know we had gone to the wrong end.

Turning we would then go up to the other end and find the streak moving. drop a couple of "ash-cans," and up came the bubbles and oil.

The U-boat never knew what hit him; we never saw him; but we knew he had got a sub.

We never captured a submarine, but we saw one captured by our sister ship. She dropped a depth bomb on it and the submarine came to the surface and when they saw the two destroyers they surrendered. It is very seldom a submarine is captured; they generally open the sea-cock and let them go.

Our sister destroyer brought in the Germans and put them onto our flag boat—about 30 or 40 of them. They were about 18 or 20 years old, big, sturdy, blond Germans, with blue eyes, blond hair, and very military.

The captain of the submarine was a young man who had been in the United States. The first thing he asked about was the United States.

It is a mistake to give the impression that the submarine crews are old or inefficient men—or that the enemy is worn out. That isn't so at all. You have something to contend with when you are up against the submarine.

BRITISH RAPIDLY REINFORCE FRENCH WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, June 4.—By the Associated Press.—The allied troops feel that the enemy has reached the virtual end of his rush. The ground is now given up only when the allied commanders consider it useless to hold it, and when combats occur they are fought on a much more equal basis than heretofore.

The troops have never lost confidence, even in the most serious moments of their retirement, in their ability to prevent a breach in the line, and now, when British and French reinforcements are arriving rapidly, the morale

of the allied armies is higher than ever.

Throughout Sunday a series of attacks and counter-attacks brought into action large bodies of troops all about the villages forming a sort of line along the borders of the forest of Villers-Cotterets. The possession of these villages is of the utmost importance for future developments.

The fighting was obstinate and incessant for many hours in the streets and houses of the villages. The Germans for a time held a footing in Corey and Toesnes, but both these towns were re-taken in most determined counter-attacks. Longport and Faverolles eventually fell before the overwhelming German assault.

Villers-Cotterets, a town on a line between Compiègne and Chateau-Thierry, for the moment appears to attract the German masses more than any other place on the western side of Champagne salient. The town came under slight bombardment yesterday, while Le Ferte Milon, south of Villers-Cotterets, and the birthplace of Racine, the French tragic poet, also was shelled.

In the centre of the battle line from Bernville to Rheims, the Germans are still making the most violent efforts to go forward and the fighting continued all yesterday to the south of Villers-Tardenois, with give-and-take results.

The position at Rheims, which had become a grave when La Pompelle Fort was momentarily rushed by the Germans, is somewhat improved, although the enemy is holding three sides of the city.

LOWELL SOLDIERS CITED FOR BRAVERY

Corp. John A. Clement, who was mentioned in last evening's Sun as being cited for gallantry in France, is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Clement of 17 West Fifth avenue.

He enlisted a year ago April in Co. C of the sixth regiment, and at that time was 19 years old. He was later transferred to Co. K of the 104th Infantry. He is a member of the C.M.A.C. and P.A.C. club.

The Thomas Farrell mentioned in yesterday's Sun as being one of the city's leading runners, He enlisted in the old Sixth regiment and was later transferred to the 104th. He had been coach of the Lowell high school track team for a number of years and turned out several high grade squads.

DRACUT NEWS

All young men who have become 21 years of age since June 5, 1917, are required to register for service in the army. Registration in Dracut will be held in the town office on Wednesday, June 5, from seven in the morning until 9 at night. Town Clerk John W. Brennan is in charge of the local work.

The small loss of life on the President Lincoln was due to the thorough discipline and excellent seamanship of the commanders and officers of the vessel concerned, particularly the commander of the transport, Vice Admiral Sims says in his report.

Officers who saw the demonstration are convinced that no shell-torn territory will stop the rapid movement of American field guns. The machines are shrapnel-proof and can be disabled only by a direct shell hit. Secretary Baker and General March rode in the tractor as it dragged the gun about the broken ground and were obviously pleased with the machine's powers.

It is proposed now to equip all American batteries above three-inch light guns up to six inch with tractors. The present month will see a substantial number delivered for shipment abroad. Meanwhile, a smaller type is being worked out for the three-inch, or "Tow," with the prospect that all American artillery will be motor drawn eventually.

Brilliant and enormous savings in losses, every battery motorized, saving horses, which are killed by the thousands going into action.

The perfecting of the tractor, which is a short, easily handled machine on caterpillar creepers, depended upon turning out an engine that would function efficiently at a sharp angle. The engine used will work at a slant of 70 degrees. A special device furnishes a soft ground grip.

MAN SHOTS HIS WIFE THEN KILLS HIMSELF

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 4.—Craved by jealousy of his wife and grieving over the recent death of his mother, Charles Tower of 415 Webster street, East Boston, shot his wife Catherine, three times and then put the pistol to his mouth and killed himself in a rooming house here this city.

Tower came to this city recently to work for M. J. Blakely, who had secured the restaurant concession at the park. Last week Tuesday Tower received a message that his mother, a resident of Worcester, Mass., had been taken seriously ill. She died before his arrival at her bedside, and friends of Tower claimed that there was a notable change in the man.

According to Mrs. Tower he repeatedly upbraided her because she showed too much consideration for customers. Shortly after dinner yesterday he asked her to go from the rooming house to the second floor above the restaurant to see how he was fixing up a room for Mrs. Blakely, Mrs. Tower's sister.

Arriving in the room he turned on her, according to Mrs. Tower's statement to the coroner, Carter, and said: "I'll give you three minutes to talk

NAVAL MEN LOST ON TORPEDOED TRANSPORT

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Three officers and 23 enlisted men of the navy were reported missing from the torpedoed American transport, President Lincoln.

One officer was captured by the submarine. Lieut. Edouard V. M. Isaacs of Fort Huachuca, Ariz., was the officer captured.

The missing are: Surgeon Lindsay C. Whiteside, Lehigh, Penn. Asst. Paymaster Andrew Mowat, Newport, R. I.

Asst. Paymaster J. E. Ardson. Ardson's name does not appear on the navy record and there probably was an error in its transmission.

The members of the crew missing are: BROWN, B. M., Philadelphia. DALEY, Edward M., Buffalo, N. Y. EBERHART, A. S., Graniteville, L. I. FREDMAN, R. F., Oliphant Furnace, Penn.

HART, L. B., Trenton, Utah. HEDGECOCK, F. H., Edinburg, Neb. KIMMELWRIGHT, H. A., Niantic, Penn. JOHNSON, G. B., Ridley Park, Va. JOHNSON, A. J., Jacksonville, Fla.

JENNINGS, J. A., Eugene, Mo. JOHNSON, G. B., Decatur, Tenn. KUHNERT, V. J., Brooklyn, N. Y. LUED, Jacob, New York.

McALLISTER, C. W., Akron, N. Y. NEVETTE, R. L., Columbus, Ind. NOWACKI, J. J., C., Brooklyn. OWENS, W. E., Trenton, N. J. SWARTZING, A. A., New York.

WALKER, R. S., Chattanooga, Tenn. WILLIAMS, H. L., Brooklyn. WILSON, F. W., Jr., Denison, Tex. WOODWARD, F. H., no address.

ZANETTI, Birtie, Clifton, N. J.

All these who were passengers and all the returning army officers and men on the President Lincoln were saved.

The transport was attacked at 9:55 a. m., May 31. Three torpedoes were discharged, sinking the ship in 13 minutes. The submarine was not sighted until after the torpedoes were shot.

The navy department announcement said: "The latest despatches received by the navy department state that all the passengers, including the sick, aboard the President Lincoln were saved. None of the survivors was seriously injured."

"The transport was attacked by a submarine at 9:55 a. m., May 31, was struck by three torpedoes and sank in 13 minutes. The submarine was not seen until after the torpedoes were sighted. The command to abandon ship was carried out in excellent manner."

"The attacking submarine was about 300 feet long and was not of the cruiser type."

"American destroyers went to the rescue. As they were returning to port with the survivors, a submarine was sighted, at noon Saturday, and was attacked by a destroyer."

"The small loss of life on the President Lincoln was due to the thorough discipline and excellent seamanship of the commanders and officers of the vessel concerned, particularly the commander of the transport, Vice Admiral Sims says in his report."

NEW U. S. ARTILLERY TRACTOR A SUCCESS

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The latest production of the army ordnance bureau, a five-ton armored artillery tractor for hauling field guns, was demonstrated here yesterday, with Secretary Baker, General March, chief of staff, and many foreign officers present.

Hooked to a 4.7-inch field howitzer, the machine ran over the rough, muddy ground of Rock Creek park, which recently balked the British tank Britannia. It went through ditches and holes without a sign, cut down trees and climbed over the fallen trunks, dragging the gun behind it, climbed a 45-degree hill where the mud was a foot deep as a result of recent rains, and wound up the performance by rattling down a paved avenue at a 12-mile gait, without leaving a mark on the paving.

The whole load, including the gun and tractor, was approximately 20,000 pounds.

Officers who saw the demonstration are convinced that no shell-torn territory will stop the rapid movement of American field guns. The machines are shrapnel-proof and can be disabled only by a direct shell hit. Secretary Baker and General March rode in the tractor as it dragged the gun about the broken ground and were obviously pleased with the machine's powers.

It is proposed now to equip all American batteries above three-inch light guns up to six inch with tractors. The present month will see a substantial number delivered for shipment abroad. Meanwhile, a smaller type is being worked out for the three-inch, or "Tow," with the prospect that all American artillery will be motor drawn eventually.

Brilliant and enormous savings in losses, every battery motorized, saving horses, which are killed by the thousands going into action.

The perfecting of the tractor, which is a short, easily handled machine on caterpillar creepers, depended upon turning out an engine that would function efficiently at a sharp angle. The engine used will work at a slant of 70 degrees. A special device furnishes a soft ground grip.

MAN SHOTS HIS WIFE THEN KILLS HIMSELF

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 4.—Craved by jealousy of his wife and grieving over the recent death of his mother, Charles Tower of 415 Webster street, East Boston, shot his wife Catherine, three times and then put the pistol to his mouth and killed himself in a rooming house here this city.

Tower came to this city recently to work for M. J. Blakely, who had secured the restaurant concession at the park. Last week Tuesday Tower received a message that his mother, a resident of Worcester, Mass., had been taken seriously ill. She died before his arrival at her bedside, and friends of Tower claimed that there was a notable change in the man.

According to Mrs. Tower he repeatedly upbraided her because she showed too much consideration for customers. Shortly after dinner yesterday he asked her to go from the rooming house to the second floor above the restaurant to see how he was fixing up a room for Mrs. Blakely, Mrs. Tower's sister.

Arriving in the room he turned on her, according to Mrs. Tower's statement to the coroner, Carter, and said: "I'll give you three minutes to talk

then I'll talk to you. I'm going to shoot you."

"I knew he had a revolver," Mrs. Tower told the coroner, "but I didn't believe that he had it with him. I told him so. Moving his hand to his hip pocket, he said, 'You know me, I never go back on my word.' Then he started shooting, exclaiming, 'We're both going away. I'm going to shoot you and then shoot myself.'"

He fired three shots at Mrs. Tower. One bullet entered her right breast, another the stomach, and the third, fired while her back was turned, passed through her arm. Mrs. Tower dragged herself to a window and drove her hand through a pane of glass calling for help.

When help arrived Tower was dead and Mrs. Tower was stretched on the floor but conscious. She was taken to a hospital immediately, and it is expected that she will recover.

Mrs. Tower was previously married and has a 17-year-old boy. She married Tower in Boston last January.

WARNS OF ATTEMPTS TO OBSTRUCT DRAFT

BOSTON, June 4.—Charges that forgery and other fraudulent means are being used to mislead local and district draft boards in the administration of the selective service law were made in a communication sent out today by Maj. Roger Wolcott, in charge of the operation of the law in Massachusetts.

Major Wolcott, acting upon information from Provost Marshal General Crowder, stated that boards were receiving letters and telegrams purporting to come from various government agencies, giving instructions concerning the draft.

Investigation has shown that many of these communications are fraudulent and others unauthorized.

PLANS FOR CAMPAIGN OF AMERICANIZATION AMONG FOREIGNERS IN NEW ENGLAND

BOSTON, June 4.—Tentative plans for waging a campaign of Americanization among foreigners in the industrial centers of New England were outlined today at a conference at the state house, called by the Massachusetts committee on public safety and the women's branch of the council of national defense. Delegates from manufacturing cities where there is a large alien population attended and the foundation was laid for a program to extend over a period of years.

HOWE HIGH SCHOOL

The graduation exercises of the Howe high school in Billerica will be held Wednesday afternoon, June 11, at 2:30 o'clock. The principal speaker will be Dr. William A. Knight of Brighton.

NORTH CHELMSFORD NEWS

Mothers who have babies under five years of age are requested to take them to Lowell some afternoon this week to have the babies weighed in connection with the baby weighing campaign. There is no weighing station in North Chelmsford, but the children can be taken to any of the stations in Lowell any afternoon between 2 and 4 o'clock during the present week.

COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER PLANS FOR REHABILITATING THE SHEEP INDUSTRY

Special to The Sun. STATE HOUSE, Boston, June 4.—Senator Arthur W. Coburn of Dracut has been selected by President Wells of the senate to be chairman of the special recess committee appointed to consider plans for rehabilitating the sheep industry in this commonwealth, and to study the laws of the commonwealth generally so far as they relate to agriculture.

The appointment is a result of a special message sent to the legislature by Governor McCall, in which the chief executive recommended the appointment of a special commission to investigate the sheep question alone. This recommendation the legislature turned down and substituted in its place the general investigation to be made by a recess committee.

Rep. Dennis A. Murphy was also honored with an appointment to a recess committee, Speaker Cox of the house placing him on the committee to investigate the taxation laws of the commonwealth, with particular reference to the distribution of the proceeds of the income tax. The committee will also continue the investigation begun last year with reference to the corporation tax laws.

Rep. Henry Achin, Jr., was again named as a member of the republican legislative committee, the function of which is to assist in bringing about the election of republican candidates for the legislature.

HOYT.

CALL FOR 50,000 IRISH RECRUITS

DUBLIN, June 4.—(By The Associated Press.)—The lord lieutenant issued a proclamation last night asking for 50,000 voluntary recruits, and therefor 2000 to 3000 monthly, to maintain the Irish divisions.

The first call is to men 18 to 27 years of age, and special inducement is offered of legislation to insure that land shall be available for the men who fight for their country.

"WORK OR FIGHT"

All Citizens Asked to Report Loafers to Draft Boards

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Rules for the enforcement of Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder's "work or fight" regulations, announced yesterday, call on all citizens to report to the nearest local draft board names of men within draft age who are habitually idle or who are employed non-productively.

Each local board is created into what will be practically a court to sit what will be practically a court to sit probably weekly to decide such cases as may be brought before it. Upon a case being presented the board will serve a notice on the registrant of not less than three days nor more than seven days, directing him to present such evidence as he may care to submit.

In every case the board must send the complete record to the district board for approval, even if the decision is in favor of a man. If the district board approves the findings and advice to a registrant he will be given notice and, if any vacancies exist, will be sent immediately to camp or placed at the top of the list of those next to go.

An appeal to the president may be made only in the event of a dissenting vote in the district board and with recommendation of the appeal agent or adjutant-general.

HELMAR
TURKISH CIGARETTES

13 Cents

Face to face—
The truth is—
we all like
Helmar.

Manufacturers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

Quality—Superb

BATH, MAINE AVIATOR DOWNS TWO ENEMIES

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, June 4. (By The Associated Press.)—Lieut. Sumner Sewall of Bath, Me., yesterday shot down an enemy two-engine airplane inside the American lines northwest of "Foul," after a thrilling fight in which six German and three American planes participated.

One of the American patrol flights was intercepted and attacked. For 15 minutes the machine guns rattled, and many soldiers on the ground stood and watched the maneuvers of the aircraft. They saw one enemy leave the formation and an American chase plane upon it. Both aviators were firing. The American machine was hit twice, but was not damaged. The American pilot is certain that he hit the German, which then started to retreat.

It was here that Lieut. Sewall dashed into the fray. He fought down the

German from 5000 metres to 300 metres and finally brought it down in a field. What remained of the enemy plane was taken to Toul and set up in the square of the town on exhibition. In three other fights yesterday, German machines were driven off. In this fighting the American pilots believe they got at least one enemy plane.

COAL TEAMSTERS' UNION

An important meeting of the members of the Coal Teamsters' union was held last evening with President Frank Horne in the chair. Fifteen new members were initiated and several applications for membership were received. It was reported that a local employer had procured five union buttons in exchange for the initiation fees of five members, and since that time it is claimed that the buttons have been turned into the office of the employer each evening and have been issued to different employees each day. As a result of this five employees of this employer were turned down by the union last evening, when they applied for membership. It was announced that if a Labor day parade is held, the union will have a strong representation in line.

MANUFACTURERS' SURPLUS STOCK GUARANTEED TIRES

AT A SAVING OF 30 TO 40 PER CENT

Cash buying of selected Manufacturer's Surplus Stock, covering most every good tire made in the country; selling for cash on a close margin of profit, enables us to offer you a full selection at prices that will surprise you. QUALITY considered. Each tire carries our 3600-mile guarantee against defects in workmanship and materials at following prices

McGraw	Goodrich	Firestone	Summit	Acme	Marshall	Mason	Portage	Les	New Castle	Albion	Norwalk	Standard	Victor-Spirit	Kelly-Spirit	Kokomo	Globe	Tires	Firestone	Portage	Norwalk
Size	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Plain N Skid	Grey Red	Grey Red	Grey Red	Grey Red
30x3	8.85	9.40	9.00	10.10	10.50	12.00	13.00	13.80	14.50	15.00	16.00	16.95	17.85	18.75	19.65	20.55	2.50	2.75	2.80	3.00
30x3 1/2	11.25	12.95	11.95	13.95	14.30	14.95	15.75	17.00	18.00	18.75	19.65	20.55	21.45	22.35	23.25	24.15	2.90	3.15	3.20	3.40
32x3 1/2	13.50	14.90	14.10	15.75	16.10	16.75	17.50	18.75	19.75	20.50	21.40	22.30	23.20	24.10	25.00	25.90	3.10	3.35	3.40	3.60
34x3 1/2	17.90	19.75	18.60	20.25	20.60	21.25	22.00	23.25	24.25	25.00	25.90	26.80	27.70	28.60	29.50	30.40	3.30	3.55	3.60	3.80
36x3 1/2	18.25	22.00	19.90	22.40	21.80	22.40	23.10	24.35	25.35	26.10	27.00	27.90	28.80	29.70	30.60	31.50	3.35	3.60	3.65	3.85
38x3 1/2	19.25	22.50	20.40	22.90	22.30	22.90	23.60	24.85	25.85	26.60	27.50	28.40	29.30	30.20	31.10	32.00	3.40	3.65	3.70	3.90
40x3 1/2	19.75	22.75	20.60	23.10	22.50	23.10	23.80	25.05	26.05	26.80	27.70	28.60	29.50	30.40	31.30	32.20	3.45	3.70	3.75	3.95
42x3 1/2	25.75	28.75	26.50	29.00	28.40	29.00	29.70	30.95	31.95	32.70	33.60	34.50	35.40	36.30	37.20	38.10	3.50	3.75	3.80	4.00
44x3 1/2	26.50	31.30	27.85	31.20	30.60	31.20	31.90	33.15	34.15	34.90	35.80	36.70	37.60	38.50	39.40	40.30	3.55	3.80	3.85	4.05
46x3 1/2	27.00	31.75	28.45	31.80	31.20	31.80	32.50	33.75	34.75	35.50	36.40	37.30	38.20	39.10	40.00	40.90	3.60	3.85		

"IMPORTANT NOTICE"
TO PICTURE PATRONS

CITY CENSOR GOLDMAN

Will Not Stop the Showing of

CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG

"THE EASIEST WAY"

Because the Management Will Make the Eliminations the
Censor Has Ordered

BUT

No Person Under 18 Years Will Be Admitted Unless Accompanied
by an Older Escort

MERRIMACK SO. THEATRE

TODAY AND TOMORROW

Mrs. Vernon Castle
In **"THE HILLCREST MYSTERY"**
Is her lover innocent? Who killed her father, her lawyer, and why?
Does she solve this strange problem?

BETTER THAN USUALLY POSSIBLE IS

CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
In **"SHIRLEY KAYE"**
A tense story that grips, yet with a winning and sparkling comedy touch.

MURTON HOLMES TRAVEL PICTURES—COMEDY—OTHERS

LAKE VIEW
Park OPEN FOR
THE SEASON

Harry Kittredge in charge of all the
park—Dancing every afternoon and
evening; Miner-Doyle's 10-Piece Or-
chestra; Barney Moran, soloist—Bow-
ling, Shooting and Other Amusements.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

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NEW BEDFORD STRIKE

It is announced that a great mill strike is threatened in New Bedford. Any claim for increased wages that can not now be settled by arbitration will at once be set down as extravagant. We do not know the merits of the New Bedford controversy, but we do know that the trouble should be promptly settled by arbitration. The country cannot afford now to tolerate any large labor strike nor any lockout planned to forestall a strike.

THE NAVAL HOARDER

That naval officer, Dr. Francis T. Nash, medical director, U.S.N., would be a poor acquisition aboard ship or in charge of the medical work of a naval squadron, judging from his greed to hoard food for future use. The government has found him with the goods. He has invested about \$2000 in food. He is too hogish to be connected with any branch of the service. He should be sentenced for hoarding and then dishonorably discharged from the service.

CHANGE IT QUICKLY

If it be necessary to amend the constitution to prevent foreigners who are not naturalized from voting in our elections for congressmen, senators and presidential electors, then the constitution should be changed. In nine states foreigners have been accorded this privilege. In some cases the foreigners have taken out first papers, but for the majority the privilege has been extended unconditionally. It is something in the nature of an outrage to permit anything of this kind during the war when alien enemies can vote for what they know to be injurious to our interests.

GERMAN BRUTALITY

As might be expected the Germans are starting out to inflict brutal treatment on American prisoners. Early in the war their chief animosity was towards the French, then it was transferred to the British and hymns of hate were sung appealing to the Almighty to "strafe" England. Now it seems to be that Americans are the chief objects of German hatred. The blues evidently realize that but for America they could easily win the war. But the day of reckoning will come to Germany and she will pay dearly for her brutality, not only against our prisoners of war but for the special drive of her aviators against base hospitals.

HOLD THE LIBERTY BONDS

There are now four issues of Liberty Bonds outstanding. These include the first Liberty Loan, the second and third, and bonds of the second issue which have been obtained by the conversion of bonds of the first issue into bonds of the second.

Shortly two new issues will make their appearance. They will be 1-4 per cent bonds obtained by conversions of bonds of the first and second issues into bonds of the third issue.

Any of these bonds may be sold in the market at a price slightly below par value. Possibly they will remain below par throughout the war, but they are about as sure to increase in value after the war is over as the sun is sure to rise. Those who will reap the most profitable harvest out of Liberty Bond investments will be those who hold their bonds until we've licked the Kaiser. Every person who sells before that time loses money on the transaction.

TRIBUTE FROM LODGE

Senator Lodge, the other day paid a fine tribute to Secretary Daniels of the navy. It will be remembered that for some years Mr. Daniels was unmercifully criticized as a misfit and a huge joke. Today no critic has the hardihood to repeat any of the glibly so flung thrown at him in the early days. Here is what Mr. Lodge said: "Have you heard of any investigations or criticisms of our navy? I have heard none, and I am fairly familiar with it as a member of the Naval Affairs committee. The navy has done extremely well. Secretary Daniels has made no statements to the public of what he hoped to do. He has not said in 1917 what he is going to do in 1918. All he says is what has been accomplished. He has strong men as his bureau heads. He deserves credit for having selected them."

Of course the credit is taken from him even here and given to his subordinates, but let that go. The senator is trying to show that he never criticizes except where criticism is justified. Would that it were so.

OUR AIRPLANES IN SERVICE

The airplane situation is much improved. Mr. Schwab is setting machines constructed from the mass of material and standardized parts that had been piled up before he took charge. It would appear that the signal corps had an idea that if the machines were turned out any time before the end of the war, no duty would be fulfilled.

Schwab has set things moving and already 5076 machines have been constructed and put in service. Of that number 3760 were built in the United States and most of them are being used for training purposes.

In France 1246 planes are in operation—323 of them of the combat class and all made in foreign factories, chiefly of American materials. Of the Liberty airplane engine which has been the subject of much controversy,

561 have been delivered for the army, 480 for the navy, and 900 for foreign governments. During the last week of April 136 airplanes were delivered, together with 613 Liberty engines, 86 of these of the combat class. The department is still three months behind its program; but the situation is much improved and at the present rate of work, Mr. Schwab will catch up with last time.

THE SUBMARINE RAID

Germany has sent her U-boats across to attack our ships in their home waters. The first onslaught has not been as severe as it might have been. We have reason to felicitate ourselves that no troopship has been sunk.

The Germans intend to compel the United States to keep more of her destroyers in home waters and fewer helping the British to fight the submarines in the declared war zone.

It is not likely, however, that any of our warships operating abroad will be recalled to meet the menace on this side. This menace will be taken care of. The German "subs" that have come here are not likely ever to return.

Unless they have a base in Mexico or the West Indies they cannot do very much harm, but if they have bases on the Atlantic coast, that fact will soon be determined.

Washington experts believe there are five of them in all; but it is probable that there is a mother ship, one of the Deutschland class, to serve as a movable base for the smaller craft. It is possible also that the submarines may seize and arm some American ship to be used as a commerce raider. They have done that before with some success, but against this also the navy department will take all necessary precautions.

It is probable that some ships, the Cyclops included, have been sunk without leaving a trace; but the gratifying feature is that the raiders have not sunk any troopship, the destruction of which is the main objective in American waters.

OUR ARMY HEROES

The American soldier, call him "Sammy" or what you will, is soon to demonstrate his prowess in battle against the Huns in one of the most important battles in all history.

It is conceded that if the Allies lacked the all important aid of America the Teutons would have things pretty nearly their own way. They could take Paris or the channel ports—perhaps both—and could then attack London without setting foot on British soil.

But the Sammies are expected in the present situation to turn back the Huns in the second battle of the Marne.

Many American soldiers have been decorated for heroic bravery on the field, not because they went out to seek honors or because they are inclined to the spectacular. Their aim is to kill Germans, yes kill them as quickly and as numerously as possible. If in pursuance of this duty they perform deeds of valor that attract attention, the fact is but incidental to the main object—the overthrow of the Huns.

If Sammy has been decorated, then there was no camouflage about it; his act was not performed through any selfish desire for recognition or notoriety.

Many of our brave men will fall. That is inevitable, but we venture to say that those who survive will have a percentage of heroes that would do credit to the best army in the world. Our soldiers have not been brought up to a military life, but they will be found as ready to die as have been any similar body of men fighting for a glorious cause.

What is said here of the United States army is equally true of the marines and it is hoped that the latter may soon have an opportunity to assert their superiority.

GET INTO ESSENTIAL JOBS

You men of draft age who are not in the army because you have a wife and children or a father or mother dependent upon you, ought to size up your job to see whether or not Marshal Crowder's new regulation will touch you.

You know what the new regulation is. It takes effect July 1 and says that no matter whether a man is married and has dependents or not, he must go into the service if he is either a laborer or is doing work which is not useful in winning the war, and this order names certain jobs as being non-useful, such as running passenger elevators, sales clerks in stores, men doing housework, and some jobs which are regarded as hurtful, such as working around gambling houses, pool

rooms, bucket shops, race tracks, etc. It is easy enough to look at your job and say, "My job is not in the list," but General Crowder says it is expected that the list of non-useful jobs will be extended from time to time. Suppose that another list is gotten out as soon as they take care of the men in the non-useful jobs which are already named? Will your job be in the next list?

It is not a very long step from running a passenger elevator to being a street car conductor. If you are a bond salesman or an insurance solicitor and have received deferred classification in the draft, what are the chances that your occupation will be named in the next list?

If you are a chauffeur for a private family, what are the chances that the next list will put your job down as non-useful just as this list names the doorman and butler.

And you lawyers—are you so necessary?

In sizing up your job, you had better think also about whether or not a woman with sufficient training could do your work, not as well perhaps as you, at first, but could she learn to do your work?

When you are thinking about whether or not your job will be in the list of non-useful jobs, put yourself in the place of Provost Marshal Crowder, who must not only get men into the army, but must see that all the man-power of the country is working in things which are useful in helping to win the war, and then you can figure out just what kind of a job you hold.

There will probably be a large number of men hunting for useful jobs on July 1. There will be more of them as time goes on.

Maybe you just happened to get into the job you hold now and have stayed in it because you didn't happen to get out. Maybe you have always wanted to work in a machine shop or to work on a farm but nothing came along to make you do it, especially after you got married. No one can tell you what you had better do right now, but one thing sure is that you had better think about your job and get in line with General Crowder's orders.

SHEDD PARK UNDEVELOPED

Some years ago Freeman B. Shedd donated to the city a splendid site for a public park. He had landscape gardeners draw plans of the way he wanted it developed. There were places for swimming pools in summer, tennis courts, ball fields and an outdoor gymnasium or playground.

The design was beautiful and everything in it was admirably adapted to the needs of the city.

Mr. Shedd supposed his design would be carried out to the letter; and

indeed it was on that condition the gift was accepted by the city. But there was no time fixed for the completion of the work, so that the city may extend the time for this development to the eve of doomsday. The failure to carry out the plan of the donor looks like a breach of faith, although legally and technically under the terms of acceptance it is not.

But the neglect conveys a lesson for others who might have any intention of making public bequests to the city. If there is in this city today a big-hearted man or woman who has any intention of donating a \$500,000 park to the city on condition that certain improvements be made at some time in the future, we advise such person in advance not to do it just that way. Make the conditions definite and binding, or otherwise your gift will be accepted and when you are gone your plans will be disregarded by the municipal council that cares little for the views of dead men who very seldom vote in this city. Therefore, make the conditions definite and secure so that no city government on any pretext whatsoever can evade the consequences. In other words, nothing is to be left to the discretion of the municipal authorities in matters of public bequests.

The park board is much devoted to its work; but it cannot make the necessary improvements without money and has to depend upon the wishes of the municipal council for all appropriations. It is to be regretted that Mr. Shedd did not leave enough money to carry out his plan of the completed park. As he very evidently presumed that the city would have no hesitation in doing this, his good opinion of our municipal liberality for public improvements was not quite correct.

As a result there is a splendid opportunity for some wealthy citizen to donate to the city a sufficient sum to complete Mr. Shedd's design in a single year. This would be a great service to the city of Lowell and especially to the factory operatives that frequent the park. It would make the crowd in summer as large as that which visits the skating park in the winter. There is here an opportunity to meet a real public necessity which might justify a change in the name of the park by adding the name of the new donor to that of Mr. Shedd making it, for instance, the "Shedd—" park.

SEEN AND HEARD

One no longer hears the old-time talk about "surplus women."

It is not the work, but the worry, that makes the world grow old.

The brain is seldom wrecked by being racked; more often it rusts out.

"Supply and Demand"

It has got so now that every time

HAS NOT HAD AN HOUR'S SICKNESS

Since He Commenced To Take "Fruit-a-tives"

73 LEES AVE., OTTAWA.

"Three years ago, I began to feel run-down and tired, and suffered very much from Liver and Kidney Trouble. Having heard of 'Fruit-a-tives', I thought I would try them. The result was surprising.

I have not had an hour's sickness since I commenced using 'Fruit-a-tives' or Fruit Liver Tablets, and I know now what I haven't known for a good many years—the blessing of a healthy body and clear thinking brain." WALTER J. MARRIOTT.

60c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or from FRUIT-A-TIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

one reads in the paper that tons of fresh fish have been landed in Boston he automatically digs deeper for more change with which to buy the fish dinner.

The Garden Profit

When your neighbor tells you how little his garden is costing him and how much it is going to repay him in crops, don't be one of those efficiency sharps and ask him how much he figures the time he puts into it worth. If he's sensible he sets that down in the health column.

And Has Her Way, Too

The old-fashioned woman who used to like to go to the shore, cottage and with other women is the party get up a good dinner now has a daughter who suggests that someone run the car to the nearest roadhouse or beach resort and pay for something fancy instead of bothering about preparing as much as a light lunch.

Blame the Tailor

Mrs. Day, a young matron, was seated one spring morning on the piazza of her pretty suburban cottage, busily engaged in playing her needle. A coal of her husband's was in her lap. Looking up from her work, when her husband appeared in the doorway, the young woman exclaimed, somewhat fretfully:

"Really, Eugene, it is too bad, the careless way your tailor put this button on. This is the sixth time I have had to sew it on for you."—Harpers Magazine.

Not Book Worms

The book publishing house that sends beautiful catalogues and other reading matter telling about their newest publications (somehow one can't shake them after once venturing to inspect a dollar down and a dollar work) makes this little statement in its latest bait: "You must keep right on eating and you must clothe yourself—the prices have gone sky-high," but coupling that with the remark that "You must keep informed," adding that books have also gone up. Somehow one isn't inveigled when one realizes that books are not eatable.

The Riveter

"We've never worked this way before," said Johnny at the blast. "In all my staidness at the forge I've never gone down and a dollar a week!" The riveter just looked at him and mopped his sweaty brow. An' said: "We worked for wages then, but things are different now. For we're licking the Kaiser, so just keep the charcoal red. An' toss 'em fast an' toss 'em straight. I'll hit 'em in the head."

"I never get no time to rest," said Johnny at the blast. "You won't," the riveter replied, "so long as war shall last. Just keep your helves blowin' an' the rivets in the air. An' we'll get the ships to get the men an' cannon over there. When we worked for common wages we could stop an' chew the rag. But it's different this morning, for we're workin' for the flag."

"It's two for one you're drivin'," said Johnny at the blast. "You were off the line a little with the last one that you cast." Said the riveter, be careful. Toss 'em straighter up to me. With a little better team work I can easy make it three. O, it's speed an' ships we're after. We can stop an' chew the rag. When the present job is finished an' the victory whistles blow."

—Detroit Free Press.

His First Sight of an Auto Here's an incident accompanying the opening of the island to the "devil wagons," as related in the Nantucket Inquirer and Mirror:

A white horse which was tied to a post on Orange street, Wednesday noon saw an auto coming down the hill and it simply made him tired. So instead of tearing the post up by the roots, the horse sat back on its haunches and watched the car go by. He was apparently so comfortable, however, that he decided to sit there, and all efforts to coax the steed to arise were futile. The sight of a "divver" completely unnerved him—he was not as young as he used to be and could not stand shocks like that. For about an hour the crowd worked and coaxed and persuaded, but the horse would not budge until he was finally hoisted up onto his feet again, having had a delightful rest.

Over Our Head Some guy once tried to figure out the Mechanism of a Woman's mind. And he is now running around in an Upholstered bonnet. Sweating himself. Thinking he is a Fly. A woman will Always set off a Street car backwards. When she gets to Cross the street, And she sees an auto Coming, she will Stand on the curb As though she's Going to let the Auto go by, and just As the auto gets up To her, that Left-Handed mind of her's Suddenly switches, and She walks right out In front of the auto.

Missplaced Lip Saltness The Rockland Standard's observant Reporter is right in his element when he takes pretty girls as his topic, even if he is a married chap who ought to confine his attention to more serious subjects. Listen to this: "Did you ever see two young ladies



Keep Cool

B. V. D. Shirts and Drawers 60c

Athletic Union Suits, cross barred nainsook, 75c

Munsing Union Suits, sheer woven fabrics, \$1.25

Munsing Union Suits, knitted form-fitting, light fabrics made in all desirable models, \$1.50 to \$5.00

Office Coats, cotton, alpaca and serge, \$1.75 to \$7.00

Vestless Suits, sheer, light weight fabrics, homespun, cool cloths and flannels, \$12.00 to \$15.00

PUTNAM & SON CO., 166 Central Street.

Sheet Metal Workers and Helper Wanted UNION SHEET METAL CO. 337 Thorndike Street Davis Square

W. A. LEW

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING. Prices reasonable. Call today. We can please you. 48 JOHN STREET

The members of the war labor board, headed by William H. Taft and Frank P. Walsh, who drew up the national labor program, adopted as one of the cardinal principles that capital and labor should agree to accept as final the decisions of the board, subject only to a review by an umpire whose judgment was to be final. To this program President Wilson subscribed in approving the recommendations of the men who were named under authority given by him, to draw up the terms of the program.

As a result of this situation it was considered inevitable last night that the president would feel called upon to take drastic action in the Western Union continued in its refusal to accept the rulings under the national program. Otherwise, it was felt, the whole effort toward the creation of a situation where war work would not be embarrassed by labor disturbances would be defeated.

WOMEN AVIATORS IN GREAT BRITAIN

LONDON, June 4.—Employment of women aviators is intended by the British government. George H. Roberts, labor minister, so announced in a speech at Sheffield, while referring to the important part that women are playing in industry. He said he believed women would make good aviators.

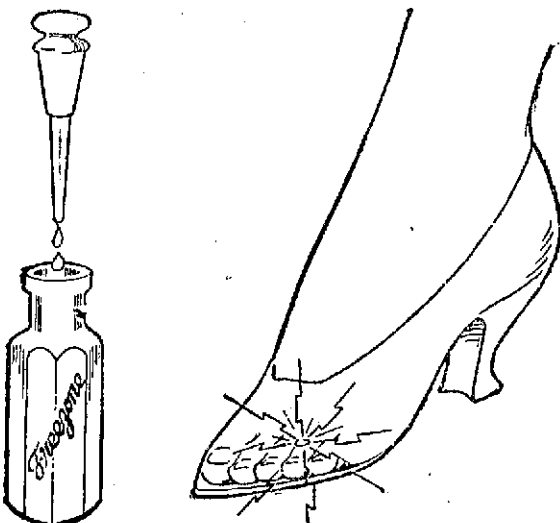
SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Loyal Excelsior lodge, I.O.O.F., A.U.W. was held last night in Post 130, G.A.R. hall, R. G. Camp presiding. Considerable business was transacted and officers were nominated to be elected at the next meeting. The entertainment committee reported that there will be an outing on Saturday, June 8 at the camp at Mountain Rock.

A shittah tree which has grown in the yard of Edward H. Hamblen of Springfield for more than 300 years was chopped down recently. The only other shittah tree in this part of the country so far as is known here, is one in Windsor Day's yard across the street which was a sprout of the original. The Hamblen tree, which is a native variety of the species growing in Arabia Petraea, is a great rarity in this country and nothing is known of how it came to be here.

Lift Off Corns!

"Freezone" is Magic! Lift any Corn or Callus right off with fingers—No pain!



Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. It doesn't hurt one bit. Yes, magic! Why wait? Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of Freezone for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without soreness or irritation. Freezone is the most talked of other discovery of a Cincinnati genius.

Franklin Machine Company
Providence, R. I.
Telephone
Union 463
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Engineers—Founders—Machinists

Manufacturers of HARRIS-COLLIST ENGINES, Engine Repairs, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Bearings, Couplings, Clutches.

Large stock always on hand, General Mill Repairs, Special machinery of all kinds.

Walk-Over Shoes

—AT—
\$2.49

FOR WOMEN

Walk-Over Boot Shop

WALTER CLARKSON

54 Central St. 53 Prescott St.

Tel. 2639

Walk-Over Shoes

FOR WOMEN

Discontinued factory lines which have retailed at \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50. An unusual opportunity to purchase these genuine

Walk-Over Shoes

At a very low price. There are Patents, Dulls, Tans, mostly buttons. The sizes run from 2½ to 7, from AA to C, but there are no full lines. The material in these shoes appears today only in the much higher grade lines and such shoes at the above low price are almost a thing of the past.

Walk-Over Boot Shop

WALTER CLARKSON

54 Central St. 53 Prescott St.

Tel. 2639

GRADUATION EXERCISES AT ROGERS HALL

Miss Louise Frances Grover and Miss Harriet Lyman Stevens of this city were among the 19 young women graduated from Rogers Hall at the annual commencement exercises held last evening in the school gymnasium.

Prof. Charles D. Hazen of Columbia University was the speaker of the evening and his address was a timely and excellently worded message to the graduates who are to enter active life in one of the most eventful periods of the world's history.

In fact, the entire program was enveloped in an atmosphere of timeliness. What the school has already done and what it plans to do in the way of war work were lucidly explained and these present realized that even the sedateness and comparative seclusion of such a school as Rogers Hall was not immune from the universal spirit and doing for the nation. The class seemed an epitome of this spirit. A valuable knitting machine was given to the school with the understanding that it be used by the Rogers Hall chapter of the Red Cross in war work. Miss Olive Sowell Parsons, the principal, when accepting the gift, said that in the recent drive for the Red Cross the students had contributed \$50. Besides this, the school chapter has a 100 per cent membership. Another timely number of the evening's program was the announcement of those of the alumnae who are in the national service abroad.

The first number of the evening was a reception of the visitors by the graduates and members of the faculty in the drawing room. In the gymnasium Geo. C. Vich played the commencement march and this was followed by the singing of "God of Our Fathers" by the graduates. Then followed prayer led by Rev. Appleton Grannis. Mr. Vich played Chopin's Ballade in G minor, Op. 23, and was well received.

Miss Anne Frances Keith, president of the senior class and of the Rogers Hall Red Cross chapter, presented the class gift which was accepted by Miss Parsons on behalf of the school. A medal for efficiency in Red Cross work was awarded to Miss Keith.

Miss Ruth Trimbore was awarded the medal for highest athletic honors and the Underhill honors for scholastic work were awarded to Miss Marcella Jones of Milwaukee, Miss Esther Hayes Watrous of Clinton, N. Y., and Miss Mary Frances Ogden of Wenonah, N. J.

The members of the alumnae who have given abroad for war work include Miss Gladys C. Lawrence of the class of 1908. Miss Lawrence is with the Harvard medical unit and went abroad last winter. Miss Florence Nesmith who is soon to go across is a Rogers Hall graduate.

Another phase of war work which Rogers Hall intends to carry out during the present summer season is the turning over of the athletic field, gymnasium and swimming pool to employed girls in this city, especially munition workers. Miss Florence L. Harrison, a member of the faculty, will be in general charge.

Professor Hazen's address was a most interesting one. In opening, he said that the cultivation of a taste for literature was of great importance because of the association of literature and life. "Unfortunately," he said, "it is not uncommon to find young people with the technique of scholarship, yet almost wholly unfamiliar with literature."

Transferring his subject to the present time, he spoke optimistically of the outcome of the present war, and said that one of the greatest benefits which would be derived would be the abandonment of the policy of isolation which has been so characteristic of America up to now. He emphasized the importance of the individual in the present struggle, when he said:

"In this titanic and universal struggle the individual seems to count for little; but, on the contrary, the individual counts for everything, and every individual counts. Whether we can do little or much does not matter; but what does matter is that we do all that we are able. This age will have its heroes of the camp and of the council chamber, whom it will delight to honor, but posterity will hold in grateful remembrance those who spared no effort in the common cause, those who, as individuals, ceased to think of themselves and thought only of the welfare of mankind. The records of that mighty service will keep freedom-loving nations brave, erect and proud for hundreds of years. With the individual as with the nation, the first duty is to keep honor bright. Literature is life, but life is more than literature, as the events of this tragic time are testifying."

Following Professor Hazen's address, Rev. Appleton Grannis spoke briefly and congratulated the young women students upon the successful completion of their course. The exercises closed with the singing of "America" and benediction.

The Graduates
The list of graduates follows:
Elizabeth Carpenter, Manchester, N. H.
Amy Goulding Curtis, Jamaica Plain, Mass.
Elizabeth Eastman Gleason, Manchester, N. H.
Ruth Elsie Graves, Rochester, N. Y.
Louise Frances Grover, Lowell.
Dorothy Hunter, New Rochelle, N. Y.
Anne Frances Keith, Sagamore, Mass.
Mary Elizabeth Lyden, East Bridge-water.
Christine Mabel MacGregor, Rumford, Me.
Hannah Harry McConkey, York, Pa.
Mary Frances Ogden, Wenonah, N. J.
Mary Jane Pattee, Enfield, N. H.
Elizabeth Schoonmaker Scott, Newburgh, N. Y.
Janet Stanley, Brookline.
Harriet Lyman Stevens, Lowell.
Eleanor Taylor, Savannah, Ga.
Bathel Hayes Watrous, Clinton, N. Y.
Virginia Dunham Willson, Reading, Pa.
Katherine Young Wilson, Jacksonville, Fla.

The Musicals
The annual musicals of the commencement exercises were held last evening when the pupils of Miss Anne H. Ruggles and Mr. Vich gave the following program to an appreciative audience:
Waltz, Op. 70, No. 3.....Chopin
Marche Grotesque.....Sinding
Marche Chalkley.....Eden
My Dear.....Anna Keith
Barcarolle, F sharp minor.....Godard
Marche Mignonne.....Fouldin
Margaret Betts
They Call Me Mimi, from La Boheme, Puccini
Adoration.....Katherine Wilson
Ruth Trimbore
Polonaise, C sharp minor.....Chopin
Anna Keith
What's in the Air Today.....Eden
Margaret Betts
Waltz, A la Bien Aimee.....Schutt
Eleanor Taylor
Printemps qui Commence, from Samson et Delila.....Saint-Saens
Mary Jane Pattee

WALK ERECT AT EIGHTY

Because a man or woman is old does not mean that they must walk along bent over and supported with a cane. A man can be as vigorous and healthy at eighty as at twenty if he aids the organs of the body in performing their functions.

All diseases whether of a malignant or weak character tend to tear away our vitality. You must counteract disease in its incipient stage if you would live a happy and useful long life.

GOLD MEDAL Haaren Oil Capsules, a 200-year old preparation that is used all over the world, contains soothing oils combined with strength-giving and system-cleaning herbs. These capsules are a prescription and have been and are still being used by physicians in daily practice. They have proven their merit in relieving backache, kidney and bladder complaints and all ailments arising from an excess of uric acid in the system.

GOLD MEDAL Haaren Oil Capsules are sold at all reliable druggists. They are guaranteed to do everything, as claims or money refunded. Don't be misled by false imitations. Look for GOLD MEDAL on every box.

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Lowell, Tuesday, June 4, 1918.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE



EVERY BABY
UP TO
FIVE YEARS
SHOULD BE
WEIGHED

BE PATRIOTIC
HAVE YOUR
BABY GO
ON RECORD
FOR LOWELL

BABIES

THEIR OWN WEEK

Bring your baby to our weighing station, second floor, take elevator, and have the little one weighed and measured. A graduate nurse in attendance from 2 to 4 p. m.

To celebrate baby week, our Infants' Wear Section offers pretty, practical, little garments and accessories at low prices. Everything for the health, happiness and comfort of big and little babies. A helpful service for mothers who appreciate quality.

BABIES' LONG AND SHORT SLIPS of fine nainsook with dainty lace edging at neck and sleeve; sizes infants to 3 years. Prices .59c, 65c, \$1, \$1.49, \$1.98

BABIES' BANDS AND VESTS in cotton, wool and silk and wool; sizes 2 months to 3 years. Prices .35c, 59c, 65c, \$1, \$1.49

BABIES' LONG AND SHORT FLANNEL SKIRTS some Gertrude style, plain and embroidered; sizes infants' to 3 years. Prices .65c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.49

BABIES' KNITTED BOOTEES in white with blue, and white with pink; infants' sizes only. Prices .39c, 49c, 65c, \$1, \$1.25

BABIES' CASHMERE SACQUES in white embroidered, in pink, and white embroidered in blue; sizes infants' to 1 year. Prices 79c, \$1, \$1.49, \$1.98, \$2.50, \$2.98

BABIES' LONG AND SHORT WHITE COATS of fine cashmere and serge, hand embroidered and braid trimmed; sizes infants' to 3 years.

BABIES' BONNETS of sheer lawn with dainty Swiss embroidery, valenciennes lace and ribbon; sizes infants' to 2 years.

BABIES' SOFT SOLED SHOES, one, two or three straps, button boots and pretty little moccasins .59c Pair

BABIES' CARRIAGE PUFFS in pink, blue and white silk, light and warm, \$2.49, \$2.75 and \$3.98

BABIES' CARRIAGE COVERS of white pique, at \$1.75

West Section Take Elevator 3rd Floor

Cut the Cost of Mileage

When you see a car puffing and panting up steep hills and over rough roads when it really ought to move along as easily and as steadily as a brook glides in its course—blame it on inferior gasoline.

The use of poor gasoline, whether for limousine, touring car, roadster or motor truck, is always extravagant waste.

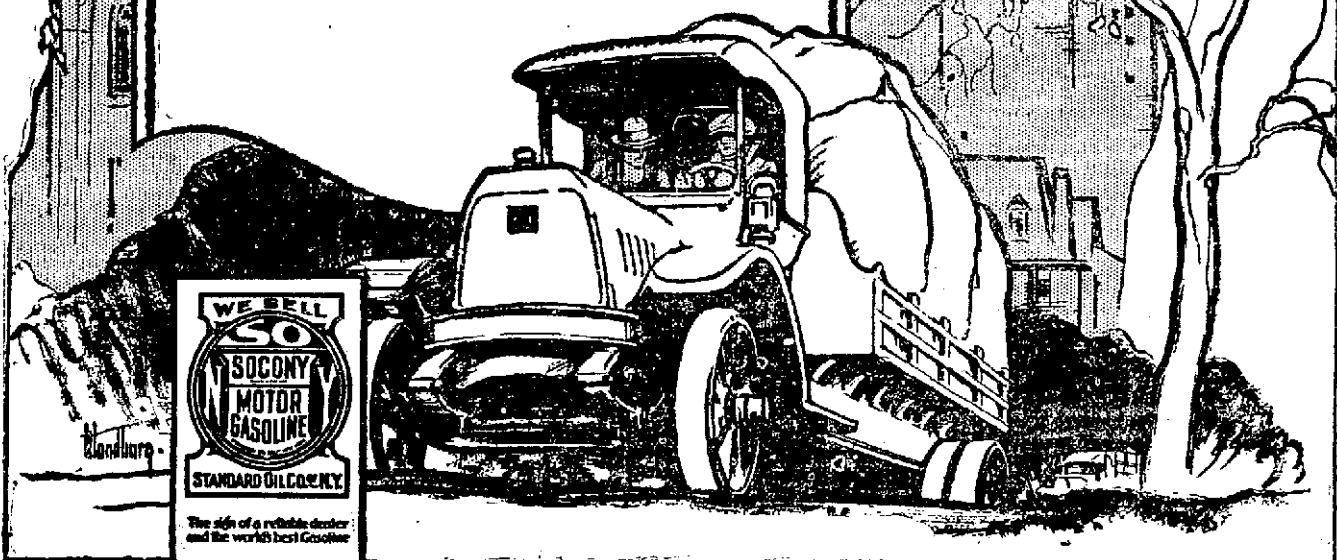
In these days there is no excuse for such waste. Buy high mileage and full power. Buy SO-CO-NY Motor Gasoline.

SO-CO-NY is the surest economy. It means more miles per gallon. It is clean—powerful—quick-starting—reliable.

Look for the Red, White and Blue SO-CO-NY Sign. SO-CO-NY means saving wisely. It cuts the cost of mileage.

Saving Here
Means Gaining There

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW YORK



SO-CO-NY MOTOR GASOLINE

Habanera, from Carmen.....Bizet
Susan McEvoy
Papillons.....Greig
Waltz, E minor.....Chopin
Adelaide Walsh
Monnet, G major.....Paderewski
Barcarolle, A minor.....Rubinstein
Mary Frances Ogden

LEGISLATURE PROROGUED BY LIEUT. GOVERNOR

BOSTON, June 4.—The Massachusetts legislature was prorogued at 6.45 last evening by Lieut. Gov. Calvin Coolidge. Gov. McCall left the state house to catch the 5 o'clock train on his way to Durham, N. C., where he is to deliver an address at Trinity college, but he signed all the measures before him with a single exception. The one which was left for the lieutenant governor to sign was the final appropriation bill, so-called, which provides for the expenditure of about \$400,000.

Yesterday was a day of debate and compromise on the question of absentee voting. A final settlement was reached by the passage of the senate bill, which on Friday night was disapproved by the governor in a message to the house. It was this action that caused the house to adjourn until 11 o'clock yesterday. The act allows sailors and soldiers to vote for presidential electors, United States senator, congressman and state officers.

A Supplementary Bill
As a concession to the governor both branches passed a supplementary bill yesterday to provide that the secretary of state shall make suitable arrangements with the approval of the governor and council, to take the votes of soldiers and sailors within the borders of the state on all candidates and questions on the ballot.

A resolve to provide for the appointment of a recess committee to investigate the subject of absentee voting was adopted by the senate, but not by the house. The lower branch substituted on the urging of Speaker Cox, who took the floor, a bill to provide that the secretary of state and the attorney general draft an absentee voting bill and report to the next legislature. This the senate finally agreed to. The governor promptly signed the latter measure.

The passage of the bill for the public control of the Bay State Street Railway company was one of the most important of the final acts of the legislature of 1918. Yesterday it was again amended, on the insistence of the governor, to provide that the company shall not be exempted from the payment of a franchise tax.

During this year's session of the legislature the governor signed 233 general bills, 159 special bills and 99 resolves. He vetoed two general bills and one special bill and the vetoes were sustained. He allowed two bills to become laws without his signature.

Governor Praises Work
Just before Governor McCall left the state house yesterday afternoon, he gave out the following statement, expressing commendation of the legislature of 1918:

"The general court has done much good work at its session just ended. In view of the great expenditures made necessary by the war and shown in direct appropriations, and the necessity for increasing the normal expense, it has held down appropriations very

well, and has very ingeniously supplemented existing revenue so that the state tax is kept within reasonable limits.

"I think the fiscal work of this general court will compare with that of any legislature which the state has ever had. On account of the collapse of the credit of public carrier corporations, legislation was imperatively demanded for our street railways. It was necessary to pass such legislation in order to provide for the service of the people, and the problem was full of difficulties.

"I think these difficulties were well met and we have legislation which will improve the public service, and the interest of the public treasury is so safeguarded that there is little, if any, danger that any public money will be need to be used.

"The legislature has responded patriotically for all legislation in support of the war. I think it is also to be commended for a good deal of possible legislation which it did not see fit to pass. On the whole, I think that the work of this general court will commend itself to the people."

Tres, Wells of the senate and Speaker Cox of the house appointed the following recess committees of the legislature:

Education—Senators Chamberlain of Springfield and Halliwell of New Bedford; Representatives Hull of Leominster, Brown of Woburn, Maloney of Chelsea and Craig of Boston.

Fish Investigation—Senators Sanford of Boston, Hart of Webster and Brown of Gloucester; Representatives Allen of Newton, Whitman of Quincy, Boothman of Adams, Gentley of Swampscott, J. L. Donovan of Boston and Manning of Brockton.

Sheep and agriculture—Senators Colburn of Duxbury, Hastings of North Adams and Perrin of Wellesley; Representatives Beaman of Leverett, Wilson of South Hadley, Bray of Buckland, Pepin of Salem, Leavitt of Boston and Adams of Stockbridge.

Taxation—Senators Nichols of Boston, Jackson of Lynn and Hardy of Huntington; Representatives Abbott of Haverhill, Briggs of Plymouth, Pierce of Greenfield, Furness of Everett, Spinney of Weymouth and Murphy of Lowell.

Waterpower—Senators Beck of Chelsea, Tetter of Lawrence and Lawler of Boston; Representatives Monk of Waverly, Tolman of Gloucester, March of Springfield, Wharton of Boston, Doyle of New Bedford and Burke of Boston.

Workmen's compensation—Senators Cavanaugh of Everett, McLane of Fall River and Buckley of Holyoke; Representatives Makepeace of Malden, Barry of Lynn, Escand of Winsted, Bagshaw of Fall River, Morrison of Medford, and Foley of Boston.

FISH HANDLERS WANT \$25 A WEEK AND DOUBLE PAY FOR OVERTIME

BOSTON, June 4.—A strike of 200 fish handlers at the South Boston fish pier yesterday caused a tieup of business. Eleven vessels were at the pier, but the trips were not disturbed.

The men have been receiving from \$15 to \$22. They demand a flat wage of \$25. They also ask that their day's work end at 4.30 p. m. and noon on Saturday, and that they receive double pay for overtime.

They asked for an increase, and when their request was not acceded to they decided to strike.

TONIC - UPBUILDER

Stabborn Coughs, Weak Lungs and Colds
Try
Eckman's Allertive

For many years this Calcium preparation has maintained an ever-increasing reputation for accomplishing good, and often remarkable results.

\$2 Size now \$1.50
\$1 Size now 80c
Price Includes War Tax. All Druggists.
Eckman Laboratory Philadelphia

COMBINATION 2 Lbs. Sliced Liver, 7 1-2c lb., 15c 1 Lb. Sliced Bacon.....31c BOTH FOR 45c

Fresh Mackerel, fresh from the water.....20c	Granulated Corn Meal, white or yellow, 5 lbs. 29c
Lamb to Stew.....10c	Karo Corn Syrup.....12 1-2c
Pickled Spare Ribs.....10c	Welcome Borax Soap, 5 bars 29c
Tomato Plants (Champion), doz. 30c	Baldwin Apples, 3 lb. can. . .17c
Fancy Head Lettuce.....5c	Tomato Soup, 3 cans. 25c
Watermelons, large 45c	Cranberry Shell Beans, lb, 12 1-2c
Beet Greens, pk. 15c	Tomato Catsup 10c
Quaker Rolled Oats.....9c	Toasted Corn Flakes, . . .8 1-2c

BIG NEW BEDFORD MILL STRIKE SETTLED

NEW BEDFORD, June 4.—The strike of 35,000 cotton mill operatives, which began yesterday morning and forced the closing down of all the mills in the city, was believed at an end last night as a result of the manufacturers agreeing to increase their wages to 17 1/2 per cent.

William Z. Ripley, administrator of labor standards for army clothing of the war department, who was sent here by Secretary Baker, was in conference with the labor leaders and manufacturers yesterday afternoon and evening and it was not until late last night that the manufacturers agreed to increase their offer.

The textile unions will meet today to act on the new offer and it is believed almost certain that it will be accepted and the mills resume work Wednesday morning. Most of the mills are engaged on army contracts.

The operatives first demanded a 25 per cent. increase and the manufacturers offered 12 1/2 per cent. Later the manufacturers increased their offer to 15 per cent. as a result of a similar offer by the Fall River manufacturers. This was rejected by the operatives who then demanded a 20 per cent. increase and struck when the manufacturers refused to grant it.

To Return Tomorrow

NEW BEDFORD, June 4.—The strike of 35,000 mill operatives called here yesterday was settled today when the textile unions voted to accept the compromise offer of a 17 1/2 per cent. increase in wages as suggested by Federal mediator William S. Ripley. The mills had offered a 15 per cent. advance and the operatives had demanded 20 per cent. The separate unions voted today to accept the compromise of 17 1/2 per cent. and the textile council later ratified the action. The operatives will go back to work tomorrow morning.

MICHAEL MAGUIRE

One of Lowell's Oldest Residents Passed Away

Michael Maguire, one of Lowell's oldest and most respected citizens, passed away early this morning at his home, 251 Christian street, aged 96 years. Born in Ireland, he came to this city in 1847 and spent the greater part of his life in Centerville, seeing that section of the city grow from what was practically pasture land to one of the principal residential sections of the city. He was an expert farmer and for years was manager of the major Emery farm on Riverside street, Pawtucketville, and also conducted a farm and milk route of his own.

He was one of the first residents of Christian Hill and a devout and constant attendant at St. Michael's church. Of late years, his health had become impaired and he was confined to his home.

He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. James F. Flynn of this city and Mrs. A. V. Jackson of Lawrence; four sons, Thomas F. of Springfield, Joseph A. of Albany, N. Y., John E. of Beverly, and Michael A. of this city, and a sister, Mrs. Margaret Norris, of Centerville, Cal.

MATRIMONIAL

Frank T. Sylvan of Boston and Viola N. Merrill of this city were married Sunday by Rev. C. B. Marston, pastor of the Fifth Street Baptist church, the ceremony being performed at his home, 9 May street. The couple will make their home in Boston.

Reilly—Connor. Charles Edward Reilly, son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Reilly of this city, and Miss Grace E. Connor of this city, were married at St. Patrick's church, Nashua, May 23, by Rev. Matthew Cramer. The bride for many years has been employed at Jacques and Perreault's store in Nashua in the suit department. The groom is employed by the Boston & Maine R.R. being in charge of the signal system from Nashua to White River Junction.

The bride was gowned in mouse colored georgette crepe over taffeta, with hat to match, and she carried American beauty roses. The bridesmaid was her sister, Miss Stella M. Connor, who wore champagne colored georgette crepe, headed with plumes, and carried a bouquet. The best man was William Reilly, a brother of the groom. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride, 14 Pine street, Nashua. Many out-of-town guests were present from New York, Boston, Lawrence and Lowell. The happy couple received many beautiful gifts of cut-glass, silver, china and furniture.

They left for a honeymoon through New York state and Canada and the White mountains.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's, Associate bldg., 1 E. Donohoe, 228 Hildreth bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone. Mrs. Patrick Cogger of Riverside st., received a telegram Sunday announcing the death of her brother, Edward E. Cogger, a prominent contractor of Chicago.

Miss Clara H. Holland, formerly superintendent of the Lowell hotel, is now chief nurse at general hospital No. 5, Fort Ontario, Oswego, N. Y., she being attached to the army service.

Miss Julia Rafter of the water department office at city hall has been appointed by Commissioner Brown to the position of service clerk to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Helen Pillsbury.

At a meeting of school garden supervision in the lecture hall of the city hall public library Monday, Miss Alice T. Lee, of Lowell, spoke on the organization of school garden work and its influence on the school, the home and the community.

An automobile driven by Manuel

When you know that you should dismiss coffee, try

INSTANT POSTUM

The modern American Drink that so many now are using.

Bettercourt of Gorham street struck and knocked down a motorcycle driven by John Rubado of 18 Lenox street at the corner of Gorham and Spencer streets last night. Rubado was shaken up and sustained several bruises, but not seriously hurt. The matter was reported to the police.

Hyman Snyder, of 30 Washington street, was knocked down and injured at the corner of Central and Market streets shortly before six o'clock last night by a motorcycle operated by Alex. Lessard of Hill-dreth street. Snyder was removed in the ambulance to St. John's hospital where he was kept under observation during the night.

Charles F. Towne of the university extension department of the state board of education spoke to the overseers of the Boot mills last evening on the subject of teaching English to non-English speaking employees. The overseers were quite interested in the matter and there is a possibility that the work will be taken up in the near future. It has already met with much success at the Waterhead mill.

FAMOUS SWIMMERS HERE FOR TOURNAMENTS

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—Miss Pannie Durack, holder of many world's swimming records, and Miss Mina Wylie, also a noted Australian swimmer, arrived here last night from the Antipodes, accompanied by Miss Mary Durack, sister of the champion. They expressed surprise at news that an attempt had been made since they left Australia to prevent their competing in American tournaments in their scheduled tour of the United States, and exhibited credentials signed by officials of the amateur swimming union of Australia.

William Unmack, member of the board of directors of the Pacific association of the Amateur Athletic union, said their credentials were regular and that both Miss Durack and Miss Wylie would swim in competitive amateur events here June 15, as scheduled.

Duke Kahanamoku, noted Hawaiian swimmer, arrived on the steamship with Miss Durack. He said he would make an exhibition tour of the country, turning over all receipts save necessary expenses to the Red Cross.

AIR RAID ALARM WAS SOUNDED IN PARIS

PARIS, June 4.—An air raid alarm was sounded last night in Paris but an official statement issued early today says there is nothing to report. The statement reads: "Last night our lookout posts having reported enemy airplanes making toward Paris, the alarm was given at 10:44 o'clock. 'All clear' was sounded at 11:25 o'clock. There is nothing to report."

LOWELL BOY HONORED AT BOSTON COLLEGE

Leo G. Burke, son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel J. Burke of 15 Barrington street, has been awarded a gold medal at Boston college as a result of excellence in scholarship. The specific study in which the medal is awarded is not divulged.

Mr. Burke has just completed his sophomore year at Boston college and



LEO G. BURKE

has ranked high throughout his course. He was a Carney medal scholar at the Lowell high school in the graduating class of 1916. He received his early education at the Moody grammar school. He is secretary of the Lowell Boston College club and a prominent member of the Sacred Heart parish.

His father is employed as a chemist at the American Hide & Leather Co. plant, and a sister, Miss Mary E. Burke, is favorably known in musical circles as a singer. Mr. Burke will be awarded his medal formally at the commencement exercises of the college to be held tomorrow afternoon.

CROP REPORT

Condition on May 25 82.36
P. C. of a Normal

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The condition of the cotton crop on May 25, was 82.36 per cent of a normal, compared with 68.5 on that date last year, 77.5 in 1916; 80.0 in 1915 and 73.0 the ten year average, the department of agriculture today announced.

Revised estimates announced today show the area planted and in cultivation at the end of June last year was 24,925,000 acres, while the area picked was 33,841,000 acres. The average yield per acre was 150.7 pounds of lint.

An estimate of the acreage planted this year will be announced in July.

The condition by states follows: Virginia, 80; North Carolina, 84; South Carolina, 80; Georgia, 78; Florida, 75; Alabama, 78; Mississippi, 80; Louisiana, 80; Texas, 82; Arkansas, 82; Tennessee, 80; Missouri, 78; Oklahoma, 86; California, 81; Arizona, 90; New Mexico, 80.

DEATHS

CONWAY.—Mrs. Ellen Conway for over 50 years a resident of this city, and an esteemed member of the Immaculate Conception parish, died this morning at her late home, 245 Concord street, aged 77 years. She leaves to mourn her loss a sister, Miss Margaret Markham, two daughters, Mrs. Frederick Finerty of Boston and Mrs. William Kelley of this city; one son, Mr. Austin Conway of Boston; four grandchildren and several nieces and nephews. She was a member of the Holy Rosary sodality of the Immaculate Conception church.

GRANT.—Frederick F. Grant, infant son of Frederick A. and Edith Farrington Grant, died Sunday at the home of his parents, 1 Taylor street, Melrose Highlands, Mass.

FLYNN.—Mary E. Flynn died yesterday at her home, 4 Mt. Pleasant street, aged 68 years. She leaves one son, John, and a daughter, Mary E. Flynn. She was a well known member of the E. F. Butler, Women's Relief Corps, C.A.R.

SANDERS.—Mrs. Ardella M. Sanders, a lifelong resident of this city, died in Jamaica Plain yesterday, aged 52 years. She is survived by her husband, Oscar F. Sanders; two daughters, Esther A. and Edith R. Sanders, and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Green.

FUNERALS

CAPPER.—The funeral services of Mrs. Fanny Capper were held yesterday afternoon at her home, 129 Fulton street, and were largely attended. Rev. Appleton Granham, pastor of St. Anne's Episcopal church, officiated. The bearers were Will Clayton, Mr. Axon, William Barber and Charles Chell. Burial took place in the family lot in the Edison cemetery, where the committal service was read by Rev. A. Granham. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker William H. Saunders.

PLANAGAN.—The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Planagan took place this morning at 9:30 o'clock from her home, 822 Central street, and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends, including a number from out-of-town, among the latter being Dr. Frank A. Murphy, Dr. Martin Doyle, Dr. E. Murphy, the Misses Briggs, Rountree, Anna Gorey, Mary McKusker, Anna Riley, Katherine Rafter, Louise Soney, John Duggan, Daniel Maghey, Charles Mansfield, James E. Murphy and William Murphy, all of Taunton, Mass. The cortege proceeded to St. Peter's church where at 10 o'clock a solemn high funeral mass was sung by Rev. Francis Linahan, assisted by Rev. Timothy Sweeney of Fall River as deacon, Rev. Thomas Trainor of Taunton as sub-deacon and Rev. Henry Saulton of Taunton master of ceremonies. Present within the sanctuary were Rev. W. A. Connor of St. Paul's church, Dorchester; Rev. W. J. Stanton, O.M.I., Rev. J. McCarthy, O.M.I., Rev. Dr. J. Keleher, Rev. Patrick McGee, Rev. John O'Connor, Rev. Thomas Trainor, Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O.M.I., Rev. J. C. Brady, O.M.I., Rev. W. J. Mahan, O.M.I., Rev. J. P. Flynn, O.M.I., and Rev. Fr. Quirbach of Arlington, Rev. Edward J. Currier, O.M.I., of San Antonio, Tex.; Rev. J. J. Starr of Peabody and Rev. Edward J. Carr of Fall River. Rev. John P. O'Connor, North Attleboro; Rev. D. A. Sullivan, O.M.I., and Rev. David Murphy of St. Andrew's church, North Billerica.

There was a profusion of beautiful floral tributes and of spiritual bouquets. The bearers were John, John J. Michael and James Planagan, John McNamara and Terence McNamara. At the grave the committal prayers were read by Rev. Dr. Keleher and the Benediction.

dictus under the direction of Rev. Jas. McCartin, O.M.I. was rendered by the following priests: Rev. Frs. W. A. Connor, W. J. Stanton, O.M.I., J. M. O'Brien, O.M.I., Patrick McGee, John O'Connor, Thomas Trainor, E. A. Dorgan, O.M.I., J. C. Duffy, O.M.I., V. J. Mahan, O.M.I., J. P. Flynn, O.M.I., Rev. David Murphy and Rev. Fr. Quirbach. The burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James J. O'Donnell & Sons.

CARD OF THANKS
We, the undersigned, take this method of expressing our sincere thanks and appreciation to those who by their acts of kindness, words of condolence and offerings of floral tributes, served to sustain us in our hour of grief on the death of a beloved son. Such evidence of true friendship we will ever cherish in loving remembrance.
THOMAS AND AGNES W. MARREN.

FUNERAL NOTICES

CONWAY.—The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Conway will take place Thursday morning at 8 o'clock from her late home, 245 Concord street. Funeral mass will be celebrated at the Immaculate Conception church at 9 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Funeral arrangements in charge of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

FLYNN.—The funeral of Mary E. Flynn will take place Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock from her home, 4 Mt. Pleasant street. High mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery. Funeral arrangements in charge of C. H. Molloy's Sons.

MAGUIRE.—The funeral of Michael Maguire will take place from his late home, 251 Christian street, Thursday morning at 8:15. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge.

SANDERS.—Died June 3, in Jamaica Plain, Mrs. Ardella M. Sanders, aged 52 years. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 79 Methuen street, this city, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL Continued

F. E. Haines was given a hearing on his petition for a gasoline license and there being no remonstrants, the petition was referred. A. E. Downing asked for a hearing in relation to his claim for damage to his land something in 1911 and 1912, and the mayor was instructed to set a date for the said hearing. The petition of Napoleon J. Lavoie for a gasoline license at 515 Wilder street, was granted. The Lowell Electric Light Corp. was granted permission to erect and maintain a pole in Winter street.

A communication was received from City Engineer Stephen Kearney stating that he had enlisted in the engineering corps and asking for a leave of absence for the duration of the war. The request was granted. James E. Gove sent in a communication asking the council to pay him the sum of \$23 for damage caused to his automobile. He claimed that on May 20, while operating his car in Middlesex street, he ran into a hole which had been dug up either by water works employees or men of the Lowell Gas Light Co. as a result he broke one of the wheels of his car. Commissioner Warnock said if the hole was dug by gas men,

the city is not liable. The matter was referred to Commissioner Brown.

A petition signed by 25 people, asking that a street be macadamized, was received. Mr. Morse said the council cannot even think of doing new work. The petition was referred to him.

James J. Kerwin, counsel for the high school commission, sent in his bill amounting to \$275.50, \$350 of which was for his personal work in relation to the action brought by the commission against the city treasurer in order to determine whether or not the commission had been legally appointed, and the balance for incidental in connection with the case. Mr. Kerwin stated that the bill had been approved by the members of the commission, but City Treasurer Rouse refused to pay it out of the high school building appropriation.

Mr. Warnock said the commission never received authority from the council to find out its legal standing and he could see no reason why the city should foot the bill. He said the members of the commission supposed they were a commission and that after receiving the opinion of the city solicitor to the effect that they were not, they hired counsel. He referred to a case in which Commissioner Brown was sued, saying that the commissioner had paid his counsel's fee out of his own pocket, despite the fact that he had been elected by the people. Mr. Morse said he believed the bill was a legitimate one and that Mr. Kerwin was entitled to his money. It was finally voted to refer the matter to the mayor and city solicitor.

Locks and Canals
The following communication was received from the city solicitor:

Hon. Perry D. Thompson, Mayor of the City of Lowell, Lowell, Massachusetts.
Dear Sir:

In re: Proprietors of Locks and Canals vs. City of Lowell vs. City of Lowell, and Mary A. Cheney vs. Same.
In the above matters, I wrote to you a few days ago that the Locks and Canals company was entitled in any opinion to more money for the taking of their land on School street by the city, and that settlement of the same could not be conveniently effected without adding the title of Mary A. Cheney to the price offered as the matter being adjusted. Preparatory to going on trial this morning with the above cases, officers were made by counsel for plaintiffs that they would settle the respective cases on the payment of \$100 additional to the Proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river, and \$300 additional to Mary A. Cheney, with the payment of interest on the original awards. The interest and costs in these cases amount to about \$200, and I believe the cases should be adjusted at the prices offered as the employment of experts, (that shall necessarily be required by the city, will be expensive, and the probabilities are that, at least in the case of the Locks and Canals company, the city would award an additional amount.

I might also add that the Locks and Canals company originally asked \$1000 for the payment of \$100 to Proprietors of the Locks and Canals company on Merrimack river, and \$300 to Mary A. Cheney, in addition to original awards, without interest, and costs, and that the said Proprietors gave to the city a non-affirmatory deed and that Mary A. Cheney gave a release to said city.

Sincerely yours,
WILLIAM D. REGAN,
City Solicitor.

Mr. Morse opposed the award to the Locks and Canals Co. He said the company was supposed to pay part of the cost of the canal bridge, but so far has never given a cent to the city. He said in his opinion the Pawtucket bridge matter will never come to an end. The following votes were then introduced and adopted, Mr. Morse voting in the negative:

Voted: That the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) be and the same shall be paid to Mary A. Cheney in settlement of a cause of action brought by her and now pending in superior court for Middlesex county in the matter of taking for the widening of school st. and Mammoth road; said amount being in addition to the amount of twelve hundred dollars (\$1200) awarded by order of the municipal council dated June 3, 1916.

It is further voted that the city solicitor receive from said Mary A. Cheney before payment of said amounts a release and agreement for judgment; and agreement to be filed in superior court forthwith.

Said sum voted hereunder shall be charged to the appropriation entitled: "Appropriation for widening School st. and Mammoth road."

It is further voted that the city solicitor receive before payment of said amounts a confirmatory deed and an agreement for judgment; said agreement to be filed in superior court forthwith.

Said sum voted hereunder shall be charged to the appropriation entitled: "Appropriation for widening School st. and Mammoth road."

Commissioner Brown introduced a motion for the election of a civil engineer for the duration of the war. Mr. Morse said he was not quite ready to vote on such a matter. He said he did not know until yesterday that Mr. Kearney was going away. He stated that practically all the work of the city engineer for the year is completed and he could see no necessity in such an election. He said Engineer Farnham is the oldest man in point of service in the office and Arthur Bartlett comes next, while Mr. Sprague is the third man. "I would rather not put any one in Mr. Kearney's place for the present," he said. "I have nothing against the three men mentioned, but I feel that we could save money by leaving matters as they are."

Mr. Brown said the charter compels the city fathers to elect a city engineer. He said he made the motion so that the department should have a head and he believed Mr. Bartlett was a good all around man for the position. He said Mr. Sprague is a good man on street work and it would not do to take him away from his department, while Mr. Farnham is an expert on sewer work. Mr. Bartlett can do work others cannot do.

"When you say that Mr. Bartlett can do work others cannot do," said Mr. Morse. "It is not true, because none of the men mentioned here attended a school of technology."

Mr. Warnock stated that the city still

charged to the appropriation entitled: "Appropriation for widening School st. and Mammoth road."

Voted: That the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) be and the same shall be paid to the Proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river in settlement of a cause of action brought by them and now pending in the superior court for Middlesex county in the matter of the taking for the widening of School street and Mammoth road, said amount being in addition to the sum of four hundred thirty-six dollars and eighty cents (\$436.80) awarded by order of the municipal council dated June 3, 1916.

It is further voted that the city solicitor receive before payment of said amounts a confirmatory deed and an agreement for judgment; said agreement to be filed in superior court forthwith.

Said sum voted hereunder shall be charged to the appropriation entitled: "Appropriation for widening School st. and Mammoth road."

The City Ordinances
Commissioner Warnock spoke about the codification of the city ordinances, and he asked the mayor if he was ready to give a report as to the progress of the work. His Honor stated that he expects a report within a few days.

Mr. Warnock wanted to know if anything had been done by the city solicitor in relation to collecting the Locks and Canals company's part of the cost of the construction of the canal bridge abutting to the Pawtucket bridge. He said in Lawrence the same company was forced and it pay its share of the cost of the erection of a new bridge, and it is pretty near time that the city solicitor make a report on the progress made in collecting from the same company in Lowell. Mr. Morse said he voted against the award to the company for the reason that it has not yet paid its portion of the cost of the canal bridge.

Mr. Warnock said the cost was between \$12,000 and \$15,000, and he believed it is about time that the money be paid over to the city. It was voted to instruct the mayor to make report of the city solicitor's activities at the next meeting.

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Mr. Warnock stated that the city still

has an engineer for Mr. Kearney was only granted a leave of absence. Mr. Donnelly said he believed Mr. Morse should have something to say in relation to the election of an engineer. The motion was defeated, Mr. Brown being the only man to vote for it. At this point the meeting adjourned until next Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

RESUME CONVENTION ON JUNE 12
BOSTON, June 4.—A call for the constitutional convention to resume its sittings June 12, was issued today by John L. Bates, president of the body.

YOUNG MAN ARRESTED HERE IS TURNED OVER TO THE FEDERAL AUTHORITIES
Lawrence H. Hayden, a young man, who was arrested several days ago in connection with a break made into freight cars of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, was this morning turned over to the federal authorities and taken to Boston, where he will be arraigned before Federal Commissioner Hayes on a complaint charging him with complicity in breaking into freight cars and larceny of 22 cases of shoes valued at \$1056, several cartons of cigars valued at \$207, a case of khaki pants, Turkish towels and electrical apparatus.

During the past several weeks there were a series of breaks into freight cars of the N.Y.N.H.&H. road in the local yards and after an investigation by Inspector Thomas M. White of the railroad police and Lieut. Martin Maier of the local police considerable of the goods were found hidden along the railroad tracks and many of the articles which had been sold were also recovered.

It was learned that the breaks had been made by young men and the first to be arrested was Victor L. Mason, who was turned over to the federal authorities last week and held under \$5000 bail.

Breaks into railroad cars have been so numerous of late that both the local and railroad police have been kept busy; but up to date have managed to either arrest or get clues of the guilty parties. Inasmuch as the railroad throughout the country are now controlled by the United States government, all cases of this kind are now brought before the federal commissioner.

The pioneer collar manufacturer in the United States was Rev. Ebenezer Brown, a retired Methodist minister, who settled in Troy, N. Y., in 1822, and in connection with a dry goods store manufactured detachable collars, his wife and child making them, while he peddled them about.

A farmer drove into Milford, Del., with a load of white potatoes, which he tried in vain to sell for 25 cents a basket. Finally he met another farmer with a load of strawberries and traded a basket of potatoes for a quart of strawberries.

The local evening newspaper is the paper that reaches the home when the whole family is there to read it. The Sun fills this field in Lowell.

LADIES' OUTFITTERS

94 MERRIMACK STREET

45 and 49 MIDDLE STREET

Special Values for Wednesday and Thursday Forenoon

Our store breathes the very spirit of summer loveliness. Known for superior merchandise at low prices, we will more than add here to our reputation these two days.

1000 SUMMER WASH DRESSES

Without a doubt the largest assortment of new summer dresses in Lowell. Handsome French voiles, lawns, organdies, and all other popular novelty materials in dainty colorings. All sizes including an extensive showing of stylish stouts.

\$4.98, \$6.98 and \$8.98

WASH SKIRTS

Thousands of Wash Skirts in Fashion's latest dictates in novelty materials. All sizes up to 37 waist.

98c, \$1.98, \$2.98 Up to \$25.00

WAISTS

The Most and Best for Hundreds to choose from, at.....98c
Your Money at This New French Voiles and China \$1.98
Live Shop Silks, at.....

Don't Fail to Take Advantage of This Opportunity. Come In and Be Your Own Judge of Values



BEECHAM'S PILLS

How often has an attack of indigestion interfered with your work or spoiled your pleasure? Good health is mostly a matter of sound digestion. Whenever you are troubled by dyspepsia, flatulence, sour eructations, sick headache, biliousness or constipation, take Beecham's Pills. They quickly and effectively correct digestive disturbances, stimulate the supply of gastric juice and

Tone the Stomach

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box. Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Carter's Little Liver Pills

You Cannot be Constipated and Happy

A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price

GENUINE BEARS SIGNATURE

ABSENCE of Iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people

ALLEGED DIAMOND THIEF HELD IN \$10,000

Frank Conley, alias Frank Collins, aged 20 years, cook by occupation and whose home is in Syracuse, N. Y., and who is alleged to have stolen a bag containing diamonds from the restaurant of the D. L. Page Co., in Merrimack square on May 21, was arraigned before Judge Thomas J. Enright in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with the larceny of 1736 diamonds, each of the value of \$50, from John Karlner, a diamond drummer for the firm of Harkner, Newitt & Co. diamond importers, of 2 Maiden Lane, New York City.

Conley was represented by Robert J. Crowley of the law firm of Vahey and Casson of Boston and through his counsel waived the reading of the complaint and the court finding probable cause of guilt held Conley under \$10,000 for his appearance before the grand jury. The prisoner being unable to secure bail was remanded to jail.

Conley, the police claim, admits that he was one of the two men who stole the bag of diamonds. He said that he and a friend got word that Karlner had nearly \$100,000 worth of diamonds and when they were tipped off that the diamond drummer was in Worcester they went to that city and trailed him to Lowell, where he arrived on Tuesday, May 21. At that time Karlner and a local jeweler went to Page's for dinner and while there Conley and his companion stole the bag and went to Boston. Conley said that all he got out of the haul was five uncut diamonds and nine rings which he sold to an Albany woman for \$187, the companion keeping the remainder of the stones.

The following Sunday Conley and a girl were arrested in a house in Boston on a statutory offense and during the course of examination Conley dropped a remark which led the Boston police to believe that he was implicated in the Lowell robbery. The Lowell police were notified and Supt. Redmond Welch and Inspector John A. Walsh went to Boston, where it is alleged that Conley confessed his part in the robbery. The police claim they know the man who was with Conley, but have not been able to apprehend him as yet.

Among the witnesses who were recognized for the government were Supt. Redmond Welch and Inspector John A. Walsh of the local police department, Lieut. William Erwin of the Boston police, Supt. Harry J. Murray and Harry R. McMillen of the Pinkerton agency.

GUILTY OF ASSAULT WITH DANGEROUS WEAPON

Frank Siamao was found guilty of assault with a dangerous weapon on Adam F. Brame before Judge Callahan in the criminal session of the superior court at East Cambridge today and after District Attorney Tufts, members of the Lowell police, and a statement from Medical Examiner Thomas R. Smith had been heard, the court imposed a fine of \$100.

This was a rather peculiar case, inasmuch as Siamao, following the assault, was charged with murder, but after the medical examiner had submitted a report of the autopsy, the complaint was changed to that of assault with a dangerous weapon.

On April 6 Siamao and Brame got into an argument in a saloon in Gorham street and subsequently went to the South common to fight it out with their fists. During the encounter, it is said that Brame drew a knife and Siamao in self-defense drew his knife and slashed Brame several times over the shoulder. Brame was taken to the hospital and died within 36 hours.

The report of the autopsy was that Brame while being operated on at the hospital committed that some undigested food caught in his throat; that he choked to death and that death was not due to the knife wounds.

The district attorney said he had investigated the case and representatives of the Lowell police said that Siamao was a law-abiding citizen and that, together with the statement made by the medical examiner, resulted in the imposing of a comparatively small fine.

Other Lowell Cases
Isabel Fontaine and Margaret Therrien pleaded guilty to a statutory offense, the former being fined \$25 while the case against the latter was filed.

Michael Donabadi entered a plea of guilty to a complaint charging him with receiving stolen property and was ordered to pay a fine of \$100. It was brought out during the trial of the case that an employee of the Lowell plant of the American Hide and Leather Co. had stolen a number of cat skins and sold 103 of them to the defendant.

Norio M. Saunders, charged with the illegal sale of liquor, was defaulted.

Theresa Callamare, charged with assault and battery on Linda Immacolata, entered a plea of not guilty and a fine of \$10 was imposed.

Nestor Whelan charged with drunkenness was fined \$10.

Bright, Sears & Co.
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE
Bankers and Brokers
SECOND FLOOR

**TO ORDER HUNDREDS
OF RATE REVISIONS**

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Hundreds of local and special rate revisions will be ordered by Director General McAdoo before June 25, when the new rate schedules go into effect, the railroad administration announced.

DISHONORABLY DISCHARGED
AYER, June 4.—William C. Clarke, of New Haven, Conn., formerly a lieutenant in the 303d infantry, was dishonorably discharged from the army and sentenced to two years in the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan., by a general court-martial today, after his conviction on charges of passing worthless checks. Clarke was arrested at Providence, while absent without leave.

U-BOATS LAYING OFF COAST SINCE MAY 21

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—That enemy submarines have been lying in wait a few miles out to sea off the Delaware capes since May 21 is now accepted as a certainty in local shipping circles. On that date the master of the British tanker Cheyenne arrived at the Delaware Breakwater on his way to Philadelphia and gave the alarm that a submarine was close at his heels and had fired a torpedo at the ship.

The race of the Cheyenne to escape the raider stirred naval officials at the station at Leaves, Del., near the Breakwater. Later the story of the Cheyenne's captain was doubted because no trace of a raider could be found.

EX-PRES. MELLON OF NEW HAVEN TESTIFIES

SPRINGFIELD, June 4.—Former President Charles S. Mellon of the New Haven and Boston & Maine railroads, testifying today in the suit of the Hampden Railroad corporation against the Boston & Maine for a construction account of \$4,000,000, assumed full responsibility for the Boston & Maine connection with the Hampden road, and stated furthermore that the Boston & Maine directors were fully informed of his actions. The building of the Hampden road, he said, was designed to make the Massachusetts Central, a Boston & Maine subsidiary, a paying proposition. Money was spent liberally in preparing the Hampden road for through service. Asked as to the value of the Hampden road without the projected lease to the Boston & Maine, Mr. Mellon said: "It is worth its salvage in junk."

BIG FOREST FIRE AT SOUTHAMPTON, N. H.

SOUTHAMPTON, N. H., June 4.—One hundred acres of woodland, with standing timber valued at \$10,000 and 200 cords of wood, was burned in a forest fire here today. Firemen from this town and Amesbury, Mass., were endeavoring to prevent the flames reaching the village of Jewettown.

WERE ON CAROLINA

MOBILE, Ala., June 4.—Mrs. P. J. Hamilton of Mobile, and her daughter, Miss Carolina Hamilton, were on the steamer Carolina, sunk by a German submarine. Mrs. Hamilton is the wife of Peter Joseph Hamilton, federal judge of Porto Rico.

U-BOAT FLEET PLANNED TO STAY TILL AUGUST

NEW YORK, June 4.—A member of the crew of the U-151, the German submarine which destroyed the schooner Edna, told Enoch Roker, one of the Edna's crew, Roker said here today, that the U-boat fleet planned to remain in American waters until August. Roker, for eight days a prisoner on the submarine, was rescued after he and other prisoners had been placed in the open boats of another sunken ship, and arrived here last night.

The storekeeper told me that since they had left Kiel, two months ago, after a big celebration before the submarine fleet left, Roker said today, "they were provisioned for a six months' cruise, and he said they intended to stay on the western Atlantic coast until August at least. He did not tell me how many submarines were in the fleet, as the officers on board kept vigilant eyes and ears."

HELENE CHADWICK, PATHE STAR AND COCA COLA GIRL, AT THE STRAND

The vivacious Helene Chadwick, the Pathe star and Coca Cola girl, was a caller at The Strand office this afternoon and we were also honored by a visit from Sergt. Wellman, who is a French ace, winning that coveted distinction by bringing down seven Hun air devils "over there." He was a member of the Lafayette cadet corps and his wonderful success as an air fighter covered him with honor and glory, all of which he carries gracefully, meeting congratulations and words of praise with the simple words: "It was all a case of good luck." If he had but one Hun airship to his credit he might get away with that "good luck" stuff, but with seven to his credit he will find it rather difficult to convince the ordinary fellow that there wasn't something more definite than "good luck" attached to it, and that something is a combination of earnest and enthusiastic training, good nerve, good head, and a well rooted desire to put the blood-thirsty Hun out of commission. When he returns to France he will be identified with the American flying forces. He is a Cambridge boy.

Miss Chadwick, the Pathe star and Coca Cola girl, and Sergt. Wellman appeared at The Strand theatre this afternoon and will appear again this evening. Miss Chadwick will hold a reception in the lobby this evening after the performance, and will be pleased to meet the patrons of this splendidly appointed playhouse.

Savings bank certificates, receipts, many other papers and a player-piano record, carried away by the cyclone that struck near Davenport, Ia., were picked up on the farm of John Byars in Shannon, Ill., having been blown more than 100 miles.

STEAMER GRECIAN BRINGS IN CREW OF JACOB M. HASKELL

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—The crew of the Boston schooner Jacob Haskell, which was sunk by a German submarine forty miles east of Barnegat, N. J., Sunday, was landed at an Atlantic port by the steamer Grecian of the Merchants & Miners line today. The eleven men of the Haskell's crew had been in their small boat for 19 hours when they were picked up by the Grecian bound from Philadelphia for Boston.

The Merchants & Miners line steamship Grecian, which brought the crew of the sunken schooner Jacob M. Haskell to port was herself within sound of the firing as the German submarines carried on their work of destruction Sunday, although the U-boats were not sighted. Messages warning of the activities of the submarines were picked up by the Grecian soon after she sailed from Philadelphia.

"Shortly after we came out around the Delaware capes Sunday afternoon," said Capt. Page today, "we picked up a wireless message telling of the sinking of the schooner Isabel R. Wiley. Two hours later we received another message from the steamer Carolina saying she was being hunted by a submarine but giving no position. It was not long after this that we heard heavy gunfire to the eastward and decided to run back toward the Delaware breakwater."

Captain Page was puzzled by a third wireless message which came to him late Sunday afternoon. It was in a familiar code and when decoded read: "Three boats containing 50 men from sunken ships, 20 miles southeast of Barnegat." The message was not signed and there was nothing to indicate its source. It was recalled here that three boatloads of seamen who had been held on a submarine for several days were released late Sunday afternoon off the New Jersey coast, and it was suggested that the message might have been sent by the submarine itself.

Captain Page kept his vessel well in shore and late Sunday night, when a thunder storm came up accompanied by a heavy fog, resumed his voyage. "We ran without lights and kept our fog whistles dumb, notwithstanding the danger," he said. "Early Monday morning we sighted the small boat containing the crew of the schooner Haskell and took them aboard."

The Grecian had 15 passengers, among whom there was very little excitement, the skipper said. The experiences of the Haskell's crew were related by George H. Gill-

att, the mate, whose home is in Revere. He said:

"The first we knew of the presence of the Germans was at noon Sunday, when a shot was fired across our bows by the submarine which sank us. Only one man was on the deck at the time, the rest of us being below in the dinner. We all rushed above and at first could see nothing, but a few minutes later Captain William H. Davis discovered the undersea boat in the distance. An officer and several men came aboard our craft and we were told to leave the schooner at once. While we were putting a few cans of water and some tins of biscuits in our boat, the Germans went about and placed bombs on the vessel."

"Following the orders of the submarine officer, we went alongside the U-boat, where we remained until our vessel was sent to the bottom. The submarine shelled her in addition to exploding the bombs, and she sank in about five minutes."

"The German captain, who spoke good English, treated us very nicely, although he had little to say. After the Haskell had gone down, he told us to proceed and bade us a cheery goodbye. The last we saw of the raider she was circling around aimlessly, apparently waiting for other vessels. There were no other ships in sight at the time. The schooner Edward H. Cole had been astern of us the day before, and apparently was torpedoed before we were attacked."

Mate Gilliat said that although they were very close to the submarine they saw no marks to indicate her name or number. She appeared to be over 200 feet long, he said.

"After putting off from the submarine," he continued, "we headed for the New Jersey coast and passing Barnegat light in the early evening, made fast to a fish trap about 11 o'clock. We remained there until daylight. During the night a thunder squall came up and we were all thoroughly drenched. Soon after daylight we started our engine up again and a short time later sighted the Grecian. We raised an oar as a signal of distress and the steamer took us aboard."

Captain Davis expected to continue

LINER HURON RUSHES INTO PORT TO ESCAPE U-BOATS

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—The Clyde liner Huron, Jacksonville for New York, with 90 passengers and a heavy cargo, put into an Atlantic port today to escape the submarine menace and arrived today at the Clyde docks in this city.

The passengers were sent from here to their destination by rail.

ANOTHER AMERICAN TANKER SUNK

NEW YORK, June 4.—Reports came to shipping authorities today that another American tank steamship had been sunk by a German submarine. No details were disclosed.

STEAMERS ARRIVE WITH SURVIVORS

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—Two steamers carrying passengers believed to be submarine survivors put into port here today.

BRINGS SURVIVORS INTO PORT

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—Bringing survivors from a vessel or vessels sunk by German submarines, an American coastwise freighter arrived here today from southern waters.

his trip to Boston in his power boat, today. None of the men were any the worse for their experiences.

RAIDER ON WAY HOME

that no additional advices of submarine activities had reached the department.

Warships, submarine chasers and airplanes were scouring the seas today in search of the enemy. Navy officials threw a veil of secrecy over their movements, however, and requested newspapers to make no mention of their whereabouts.

There is a growing impression here that only one submarine took part in the raid. The navy department has only one report to indicate the presence of more. That is the statement of the captain of the schooner Cole that he saw the persons of a second U-boat. Mr. Daniels said today that nothing to confirm reports indicating that from one to five submarines had been off the coast had been received. He reiterated his opinion that the purpose of the raid was to create a demand in the United States for the return of naval craft to home waters. This, he said, was based on speculation and not on any concrete information.

No information has reached the department, it was said, indicating that during the 11 days or more the submarine now is known to have been in American coastwise waters, it had any communication with agents ashore. It is understood, however, that every effort to check up what has happened along the coast is included in the program it is following out.

Senator Lodge Talks
After conferring with navy heads, Senators Swanson of Virginia and Lodge of Massachusetts of the naval committee expressed complete satisfaction with the situation.

HUN ARTILLERY ACTIVE

ON FRONT ABOVE AMIENS

LONDON, June 4.—The German artillery developed considerable activity, early this morning between Albert and Serre, on the front above Amiens the war office announces.

ALLIED COUNTER ATTACKS

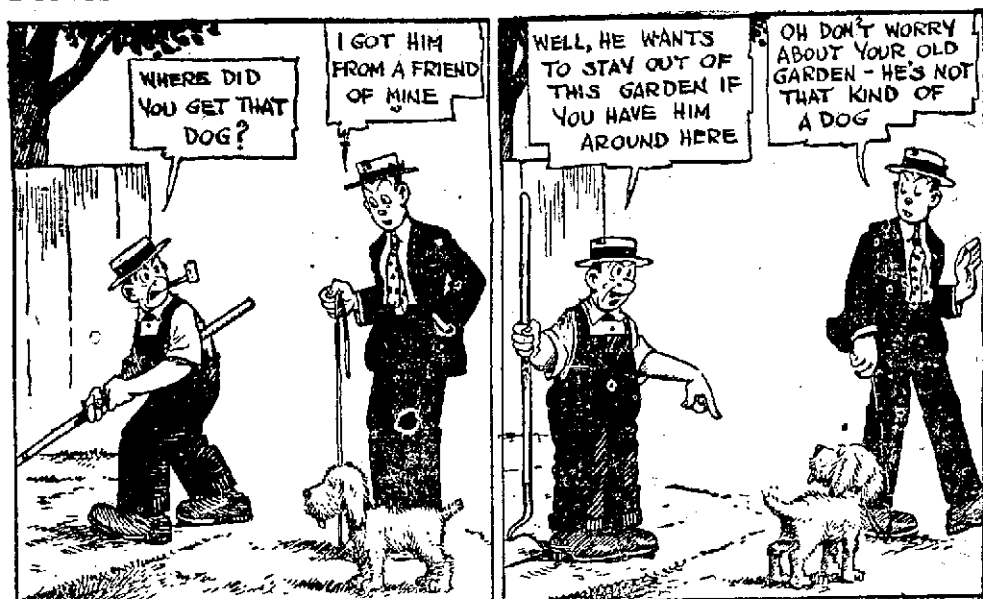
IMPROVE SITUATION

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, June 4.—(By the Associated Press) The Germans were unable to secure further gains in their efforts to reach Villers-Cotterets yesterday, in spite of a struggle of a most severe nature while around Chateau-Thierry counter attacks by the allies have improved the situation.

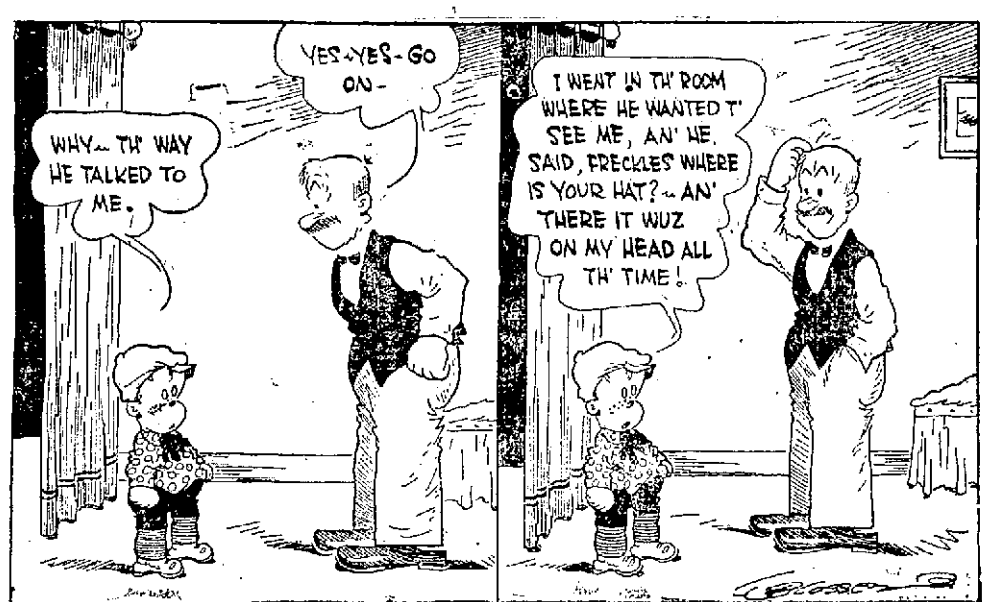
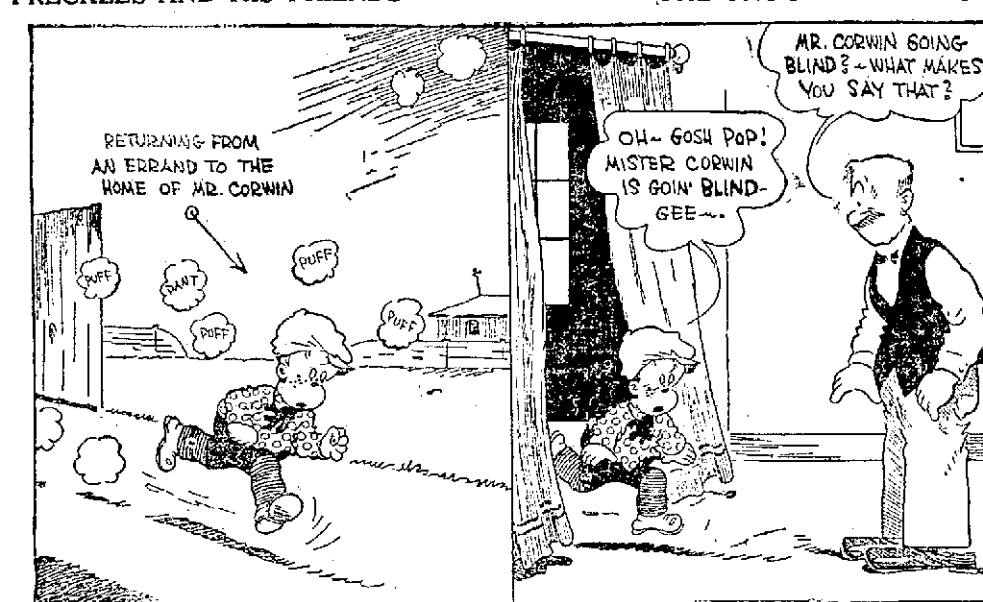
WILBUR LETS TOM IN ON A SECRET

BY ALLMAN

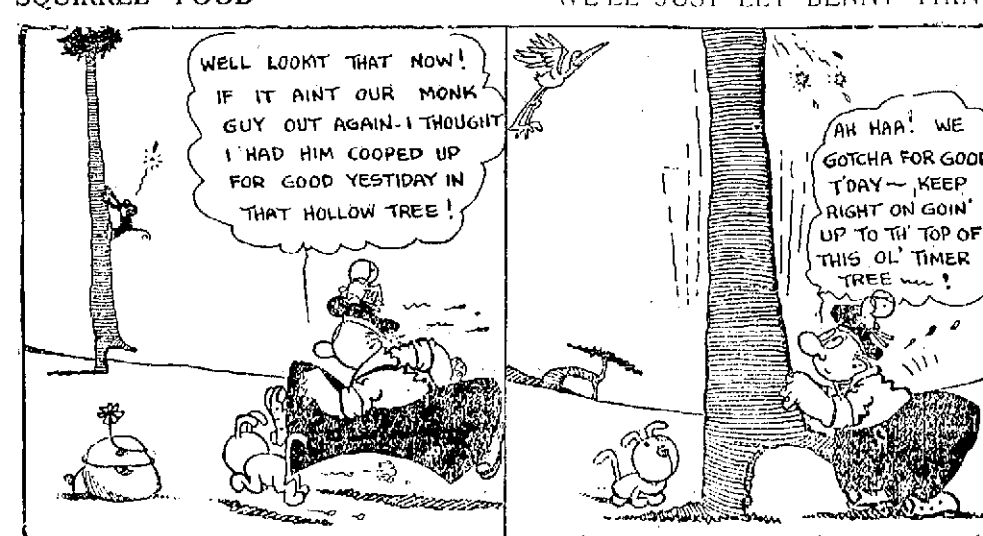
DOINGS OF THE DUFFS



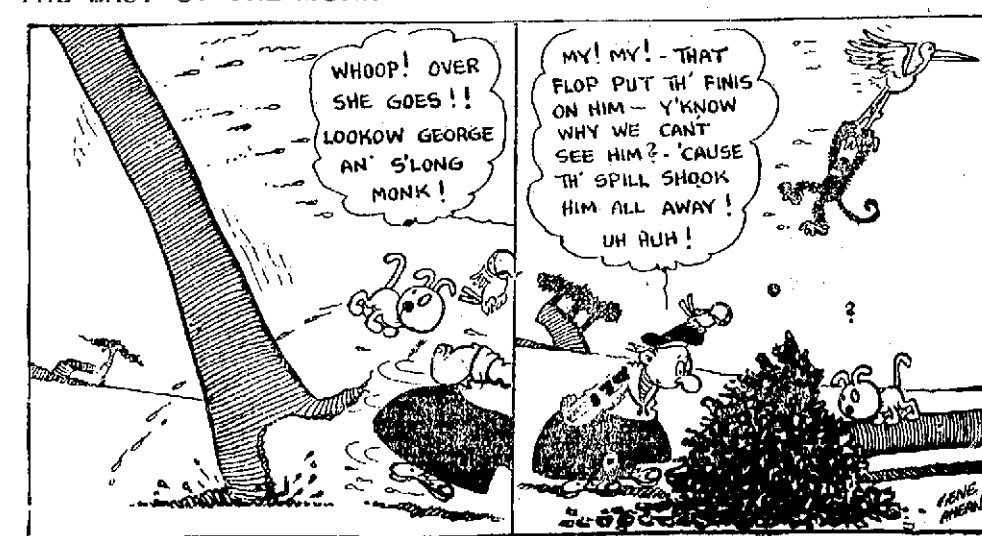
THE TROUBLE IS FRECKLES HASN'T ANY MANNERS



SQUIRREL FOOD



WE'LL JUST LET BENNY THINK IT'S THE LAST OF THE MONK



BY AHERN



ENEMY ALIENS AT CAMP DEVENS— SQUAD OF 100 TO WORK GOV.

ERNMENT FARM

CAMP DEVENS, Ayer, June 4.—Guarded by 25 regulars, 100 enemy aliens from Fort McPherson, Ga., formerly sailors on the German ship the Kronprinz Wilhelm, detained here yesterday morning and were marched away to the stockade prepared for them.

They came here from Fort McPherson on three special cars, the windows of which had to be pulled up en route because of what the officer in charge believed to be an attempt by one or perhaps more to escape. It was discovered that a window had been broken and the shade pulled down to prevent the discovery of this. When the broken window was discovered all the windows were immediately nailed.

These Germans are to work the farm and leased on the outskirts of the camp by the government. They spent yesterday getting settled in their new quarters, which are in the stockade 12 feet high, made of wire. There are four walls of this wire. The inner wall has an entrance on one side of the stockade and the outer wall has its only entrance on the far side.

UNCLE SAM WILL BE WORLD'S GREATEST AIR FIGHTER!

Special to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Despite all the delays and difficulties that have hampered Uncle Sam's production of combat airplanes, America's fighting aero forces in France probably will equal by late summer the combined airplane strength of France and England and will, alone, considerably outnumber Germany's forces in the air.

This estimate is based on the actual number of combat machines now being turned out and the present increase in the rate of production each week, after making due allowances for further delays and difficulties that may be experienced.

The airplane board, little realizing the many problems of production, training, etc., they were to encounter, called for 240 squadrons of American fighters in France by fall of 1918. This meant approximately 6500 planes, allowing 18 planes per squadron and an additional 50 per cent. for replacement of lost or damaged planes. It also means about 5000 trained fliers, thousands of skilled airplane mechanics, scores of airplanes in France and the development of a great organization stretching from the factories and training fields of the United States across 3000 miles of ocean to the fighting line in France.

In the light of actual production to date, the airplane board has decided to have the production of planes in the United States now well above 1000 monthly and may reach 2000 very soon.

One of the reasons for this increase in production in the airplane service has been of aircraft guns and the synchronizing apparatus by which the guns fire through the whirling propeller blades. More than 7000 of these guns and the synchronizing mechanisms have been turned out.

America's fighting planes will be equipped with four machine guns each, two for attack, synchronized to fire through the propellers, two situated on flexible mounts for defensive purposes.

Fireproof Airplanes

A fireproof airplane is the latest addition to Uncle Sam's aerial program. These planes will be constructed of non-inflammable materials, the wings, struts, fuselage, etc., being made of an aluminum alloy steel, both light and strong. The gasoline tanks will be specially protected to prevent possible puncture by inflammable bullets. Fights against fire have been made with the first models.

A non-inflammable plane, it is believed, will greatly reduce the losses of planes in action. It was the burning of his plane, rather than his own injuries, that caused the death of Lufbery, America's premier flier, two weeks ago. Had Lufbery been flying a fireproof plane there is little doubt it would have landed safely despite the bullet wound through his hand.

League Standings

National	Won	Lost	P.C.
New York	25	12	.684
Chicago	21	19	.525
Cincinnati	21	22	.491
Pittsburgh	18	18	.500
Philadelphia	15	20	.430
St. Louis	15	22	.405
Brooklyn	13	26	.333

American League

American	Won	Lost	P.C.
Boston	24	16	.600
New York	23	17	.575
St. Louis	20	17	.541
Chicago	19	17	.525
Cleveland	18	17	.512
Washington	19	23	.452
Philadelphia	15	23	.395
Detroit	13	21	.382

Games Tomorrow

Chicago at Boston.
Pittsburgh at New York.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.

American League

Washington at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
New York at St. Louis.
Boston at Cleveland.

High School Baseball

Lawrence High vs. Lowell High

Spalding Park

Wednesday, June 5, 3.15 P. M.

Admission 15c, Plus War Tax

Lamson-Hubbard

STRAWS

SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS

For liquid spraying in a very small

fortune. Laura returns to New York

to seek an engagement, but Brockton,

angry at Laura's leaving him, uses his

influence to prevent her obtaining one.

She has no money, room rent is due,

and she is forced to return to Brockton

for help. It is certainly a great picture

production, with some cold, hard truths

plainly told. William Desmond in the

leading part plays "An Honest Man."

The added feature. It is a rare story of

human nature, of the power of sugges-

tion, of the gold that lies hidden under-

neath a rough surface. Sherlock Aus-

brook is the day, and the story is a

story of laughter and the Universal war

shows how the Yankee capture the

enemy.

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BELIEVE PAID EFFORT TO FORCE U. S. TO RECALL DESTROYERS

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The navy department thinks the U-boat raid is over and that the unwelcome visitors are scuttling back to the other side, but that comforting theory is not interfering with the most elaborate patrol of the Atlantic coast that it can accomplish.

From Cape Cod to the Delaware capes, the ocean is dotted with every sort of craft that can mount a gun or send a message.

Everything that is fit to fly over water is up in the air over the same zone, and the atmosphere is all a sputter with wireless messages.

The reason for the belief that the U-boats have gone is found in the belief that their purpose in coming was less to sink merchantmen and transport ships on our own shores than to scare us into recalling our destroyers from the other side or at least compel us to reduce our fleet over there. The U-boats may be able to sink their noses out of the sea without having a deep bomb smash them.

The appearance of the U-boats on this side is believed to be a drive at the American transports, but only by inference. The Germans know they cannot hang back outside New York harbor waiting for transports, but if they are able to force us to strengthen the convoys at this end they think we will have to let some of our ships go inadequately guarded at the other end. They cannot spend much time over here unless all our information about the cruising radius of the submarines is faulty.

The two trips of the Deutschland and the visit of the U-53 demonstrated the ability of the undersea vessels to cross the ocean and return without retreating, but they dare not take the chance of running short of oil 3000 miles from their bases.

"The German Way"

"It's the German way of trying to make us keep a considerable number of our destroyers out of the war zone," declared Sec. of the Navy Roosevelt yesterday.

"If they could force the retention of 50 per cent of these sub hunters at home it would make it that much easier for them on the other side."

The next question is, obviously, what are we going to do about it? The navy department places little credence in the theory that the Germans are sending out super-subma-

lines of vast steaming radius and long-range, heavy guns. They think the destruction off the Jersey coast was accomplished by the ordinary type of U-boat, from 800 to 1200 tons.

As the Experts See It

A lot of questions are provoked by the circumstances of the raid, the answers to which are theoretical, but the navy folks figure them out in this way:

1. As to the Cyclops: The Cyclops is not thought to have been a submarine victim as it seems improbable that a submarine would take the long chances of a voyage to the West Indies and return after sinking a single vessel in a zone where there was no shipping of any importance that an ore-laden collier.

2. As to a submarine base on this side of the water: Such a base could hardly be established nearer the scene of Sunday's sinkings than Southern Mexico, which is almost as far off as Europe. Moreover, the navy has no reason to run down the numerous stories of bases of the Mexican coast and has in no instance found any foundation for any of them.

3. As to a "mother" ship or a supply ship: No vessel could clear from any port with any considerable quantity of oil or other supplies on board without its departure being known. Every ship that clears must give its destination. In the case of a vessel with a cargo that might be of use to a raider, the arrival of the ship and the distribution of the cargo is checked up at the indicated destination.

4. As to the probability of a bombardment of seaside resorts: The U-boats, though their five or six-inch guns have a range of 1200 yards, will hardly venture in as close to shore as that, knowing, as they do, that scores of ships capable of destroying them with a single shot are all about. Boatside that is not their business.

Have Been Expecting Raid

The coming of the U-boats is not a surprise. The navy people have been looking for such a raid for months, and enough to expect it. They even expect it will be repeated. In fact, they would not be surprised if the Germans attempted to make such raids a regular feature of the war.

There is no added danger to our transports in the new departure. They have been sent out on ships because they have been too well convoyed and traveled too fast.

There is confirmation of the conclusion that the U-boats only came, destroyed and fled, in the character of the sinkings. Had they been equipped for a considerable stay they would have had a long and picked fight. Instead of advertising their presence by bombing coasting schooners and whatever else came their way.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY

IN FRANCE, June 4.—(By the Associated Press)—Compilations which the Associated Press secured yesterday show that the American aviators flying over the Toul sector have made an enviable record.

Fourteen when they started operations, have shot down at least 32 enemy airplanes. Seventeen of this number were seen and officially confirmed by the French, while during the same period, in counting of pilot clipped wings, but otherwise no harm was done.

Late last evening a German plane was seen far above the clouds, at a height of perhaps 5000 metres above a field on which were American aviators. Americans started in pursuit, but the German turned quickly and made good his escape.

Of the seven American pursuit pilots who were lost, four were killed, one by accident, two are prisoners in the hands of the Germans.

Many Great Feats

While an American aviator was fighting a German yesterday a bullet fired by his opponent traversed the length of the airplane and passed between the pilot's legs.

The clipped wings, but otherwise no harm was done.

Late last evening a German plane was seen far above the clouds, at a height of perhaps 5000 metres above a field on which were American aviators. Americans started in pursuit, but the German turned quickly and made good his escape.

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Police The Garden

"Police! Police!" There are marauders in your vegetable plot, not the two-legged variety, but the little fellows that hide under the leaves. You remember the day when you were a boy and the ambition of your life was to be a policeman. Well, here's your chance, by hunting the insect pests, says today's bulletin from the national war garden commission.

It is an easy matter to decide what kind of a spraying apparatus to get. It simply depends upon the size of the garden, whether you have a partnership pump with a neighbor or two if you decide to use liquid sprays. If you expect to depend on dust spraying, then the simplest dust sprayer is a tin with holes punched in the bottom. With this the poisoned dust or sulphur can be sifted on the plants.

A four-sifter is also good for this purpose, but the most efficient dust sprayer is a one with a bellows which blows the dust out with considerable force.

For liquid spraying in a very small

garden there is a small hand sprayer on the "squirty gun" order with a little container to hold the liquid. The best one of this type has a glass container which is filled with the liquid.

Those cost from fifty cents up. The bucket pumps are efficient and reliable in every respect, but are a little unhandy for one person to use because he must pump with one hand and then the pump and bucket must be moved from place to place because the spray will reach only a few feet in any direction. There are several types of bucket pumps, the best one having an attachment to fasten it to the bucket. The best outfit, however, is a compressed air sprayer. It holds three gallons and is carried by a strap passed over the shoulder. The simplest type of liquid sprayer distributor is a white bucket. Have you received your garden primer yet, Mr. Reader? If not, write today to the national war garden commission, of Washington, and enclose a two-cent stamp to pay for the postage.

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Missing Liner Safe in Port--Carolina's Lifeboats Shelled by U-Boat

WOULD ARM ALL COASTWISE CRAFT WARSHIPS AND PLANE HUNT RAIDER

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The navy department reports showed the loss of the following vessels: Jacob M. Hagel, Isabel B. Wiley, Hattie Dunn, Edward H. Cole, Edna and Herbert L. Pratt. The crews of all have been landed safely.

Officials pointed out that with only a small loss in tonnage and few casualties, unless there should be further sinkings, the results of the raid would be of little consequence. The chief purpose of the raid, it was believed by officials, was to sink transports soon after the troopships left their home ports, the activity of British and American destroyers having made hunting in the old grounds on the other side of the Atlantic too dangerous to be profitable. Thus it was considered the German plan had primarily resulted in defeat.

Try to Alarm Americans

The other purpose of the Germans it was believed, was to strike fear into the hearts of the American people. There was no doubt in the minds of officials here that this purpose also had failed altogether of achievement. Reports from Atlantic coast cities showing that enlistment in the navy and naval reserve had increased yesterday and the temper of editorials in the press of the nation were the basis of the feeling that at no time had the American people such a strong determination to carry the war to a successful end.

Continue Search for Foo

In compliance with orders issued

yesterday, armed craft and sea-planes continued their search today for the Germans. No official report had been received by Secretary Daniels to credit rumors that a submarine had been captured or sunk. With every means at the command of the navy department concentrated on hunting down the raiders, officials said they would not be surprised if results were reported shortly.

As to the number of boats taking part in the raid on American coastwise shipping, officials here were undecided today, but were inclined to the view that all of the vessels were sunk by one submarine.

Think Five U-Boats Here

Only in one instance had it been reported that more than one submarine was seen and in that case only the periscope of the second boat was said to have been visible. On the other hand, naval officials at Norfolk, Va., were inclined to believe that from two to five undersea craft were engaged. All reports tended to show that the craft which sank each of the vessels was of unusually large tonnage.

Officials continued today to consider the advisability of arming all coastwise shipping in preparation for raiding operations along the coast. The precaution, it is understood, has been under consideration for some time in view of the threats by Germany to carry the war to our shores. Some officials were today inclined to the view that guns should be placed aboard all coastwise craft as soon as possible.

CITY OF COLUMBUS SAFE IN PORT

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—The City of Columbus, of the Savannah, which it was feared had been sunk by a German submarine, is safe in the harbor here.

While the City of Columbus was anchored some distance from shore, there was no evidence that she had been damaged by submarines. At the time she came into the harbor it had not been known here that she had been reported sunk. No boat had come ashore half an hour after her arrival.

The City of Columbus had been at anchor for some time before her identity was discovered. The vessel entered the harbor shortly after the arrival of a ship operated by the Merchants & Miners Transportation Co., and the fact that no message was immediately sent ashore was taken to mean that the vessel merely had sought refuge and that all was well aboard.

CAROLINA BOAT WITH 19 SURVIVORS LANDED

NEW YORK, June 4.—A boat from the steamship Carolina containing 19 survivors, including two women, has landed at Lewes, Del. This message was received by the New York and Porto Rico Line today from the coast guard service. All but one of the 19 survivors were passengers, the message indicated.

The member of the crew was an engineer.

TANKER DAMAGED BY U-BOAT TOWED INTO PORT

NEW YORK, June 4.—News reached here today that an American tanker damaged as a result of a fight with a German submarine off the American coast, had arrived at an Atlantic port. Naval tugs picked up the crippled vessel at sea and towed her in. Details were withheld for the time. The tanker's hull was punctured and she had shipped considerable water.

U-BOAT SHELLED CAROLINA'S LIFEBOATS

NEW YORK, June 4.—Evidence that the German submarine that attacked the New York and Porto Rico liner Carolina shelled her lifeboats, was brought here today by a British steamer from West Indian ports. The British ship reported that she had picked up at 4 p. m., yesterday off Cape May an empty motor lifeboat, belonging to the Carolina, damaged by shelling.

The hull of the motorboat had been pierced by the fire of the U-boat's guns. One of only three oars found in the boat had been splintered in a way that indicated the use of a machine gun. There were found in the boat a man's cap and a number of biscuit tins.

111 COASTWISE VESSELS SAFE IN PORT

WASHINGTON, June 4.—All of the 111 coastwise vessels under the control of the railroad administration were reported safe in port before noon today.

146 KILLED IN ALLIED AIR RAID ON COLOGNE

WASHINGTON, June 4.—A recent allied air raid on Cologne caused the death of 146 persons, the state department was informed today. About 150 were injured. The people of Cologne, the department's advisers said, were thrown into a state of "the most absolute panic."

BILL FOR STANDARDIZATION OF SCREW THREADS PASSED BY SENATE BECOMES LAW

Special to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.—The Tillson bill for the standardization of screw threads which passed the house some weeks ago, passed the senate today and will now become a law. The bill provides for a commission of which the director of the bureau of standards will be one. The remainder of the commission will be composed of two commissioned officers each from the army and navy; two each from the American Society of Mechanical Engineers and the Society of Automotive Engineers. It is expected that the standardization of screw threads will greatly facilitate munitions work and other metal works for the government.

GOVERNMENT WILL HELP LOWELL ON HOUSING

WASHINGTON, June 4.—After a conference between Representative Rogers and Messrs. Fenner, Watson and Austin W. Lord, of the housing bureau, it was announced yesterday that the government would pay 75 or 80 per cent. of the cost of relieving the housing situation in Lowell and would ask the city to contribute 20 or 25 per cent. A complete report of Mr. Lord's recent investigations in Lowell and recommendations from the housing board will later be presented. This report will say that the housing situation in Lowell is "most acute," and recommendations will be advanced that provision be made for immediate needs and future requirements. The case of Lowell will be described as almost unique in this country in that so many women are employed in the city, in both government and private work.

A very large proportion is in private employ and the government feels that the city should bear part of the cost. Provision will be made for equitable adjustment of ownership and cost of property when the war is concluded. Meantime the housing properties would be in control of the federal government.

SAW U-BOAT DESTROY TWO BIG VESSELS

NEW YORK, June 4.—At least one large merchant steamship gave battle to a German submarine off the coast of New Jersey Sunday, according to members of the crew of the schooner Edward H. Cole, one of the victims of the U-boat warfare. The submarine was the victor in this fight and later the same U-boat destroyed another big steamship, after several hours of firing, in the same vicinity.

For 24 hours prior to the Cole's destruction at 4 p. m. on Sunday, when 75 miles off Highland Light, N. J., the crew saw an unusual amount of wreckage. The sea from this point to the shore also was filled with wreckage, the rescued crew reported.

The submarine which sank the Cole, the crew said, was the largest they had ever seen. It carried guns fore and aft and was 250 feet long.

E. B. Samuelson of River Rouge, Mich., of the Cole's crew, and Robert Lathig, first mate, of East Boston, telling the story of the Cole's destruction, paid a tribute to H. C. Newcomb, their captain, of Boston, for his intrepidity at the moment when an opportunity came for the Cole's crew—11 in number—to be rescued by the American collier Bristol.

Intrepid Captain Meets Emergency

The Bristol, Capt. Frederick Hart, sighted the Cole's crew in one open boat with one pair of oars, a sextant, a weather glass, steering by starlight after seeing their course by sun, trying to reach shore nearly five hours after their vessel was sunk at 4 p. m. The Bristol, coming alongside the Cole's crew, had not noticed the submarine in the distance. Capt. Newcomb of the Cole said to Capt. Hart of the Bristol:

"Don't stop to pick us up. Beat it quick or that submarine will get you. The U-boat meanwhile was speeding toward the Bristol, but Capt. Hart declined to depart without first rescuing the Cole's crew.

Six of the latter, together with the nine firemen on the Bristol, went to the Bristol's foremast and coal holds, and for the first time in its voyaging the Bristol is said to have made 17 knots an hour as compared with her normal nine knots.

The Bristol escaped by reaching shallow water, into which the U-boat could not go.

Samuelson said that prior to the appearance of the U-boat about 4 p. m. Sunday the crew had received so much floating wreckage that it was astonished when what he thought at first to be an American destroyer proved to be a German submarine. Two hundred yards off, after circling twice around the Cole, the U-boat's captain hailed the Cole, which had been making only 25 miles in 12 hours, because of lack of wind, on her voyage to Portland.

Planted Six Bombs Aboard the Cole

A submarine officer who spoke good English came aboard with bombs and planted two in the aft hold, two in the forward hold and two on deck. They were timed to go off in seven minutes, and they exploded at the end of that time. Six minutes after the last one went off the ship went down bow first. As she was sinking the submarine sent a shell into her stern.

The Cole's crew had been given time to escape, the captain ordering his clothes and a few instruments, but the crew left without compass, drinking water or life belts. They set a sun course for New York, passed through fresh wreckage—which they took to be evidence of other victims and were nearly run down at dusk by an unidentified steamship which failed to observe them.

After proceeding another five miles they saw an armed steamship open fire on the U-boat, which had not left the Cole crew's sight. The submarine at once gave battle and this duel terminated with the destruction of the merchantman, as the latter disappeared in a manner to indicate she was sunk. The Cole's crew continued to row, with the U-boat still discernible, and presently heavy firing was heard and another steamship was observed to be the object of attack. This



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vessel, too, was believed by the Cole's crew to have been sunk.

OFFICERS BELIEVE THAT FIVE U-BOATS CAME OVER

NORFOLK, Va., June 4.—Naval officers here said last night their reports indicated five German submarines had been operating along the Atlantic coast, and that two had been sighted off the Virginia capes.

Rear Admiral Fechteler, commandant of the Norfolk navy yard, said two U-boats had been sighted off the Virginia capes, and Rear Admiral McLean, commandant of the 5th Naval district, said in addition to those, two others were reported off the coast of New Jersey and one off the coast of North Carolina.

Neither officer had been advised of any engagement between American warships and the U-boats.

U-BOAT HOLDS 15 MEN

CAPTAINS FOR 11 DAYS

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—Fifteen survivors of the vessel sunk by German submarines off the Atlantic coast, some of whom were reported to have been held prisoner 11 days on a U-boat, arrived late yesterday on an American coastwise steamer which picked them up after the submarine set them adrift. The 15 men were survivors of two schooners and an oil tanker. It was reported that the vessel after ship guard ship halted the vessel after ship left the quarantine station, and officers from the navy intelligence bureau boarded her to question the men.

TRAINING SHIP ESCAPES FROM GERMAN U-BOATS

BOSTON, June 4.—The United States shipping board was advised today that the steamer Governor Cobb, with 200 apprentice seamen aboard, had put in at a New England port last night. On the voyage from a southern port the vessel was in the zone where German submarine sank a number of American ships and some fears had been expressed as to her safety.

U-BOAT CAPTAIN SAID RAIDER HERE 2 MONTHS

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—The 35 survivors of the steamship Texel, which was sunk Sunday afternoon, 60 miles south of New York by two German submarines, prepared today to leave here for New York.

Arriving here yesterday in two leaky boats and almost exhausted from their long pull for shore, they told stirring tales.

Captain R. E. Lowry of Brooklyn, described how the U-boat represented a value of more than \$2,000,000 was torpedoed and sunk.

"The first warning we had," he said, "was when shrapnel burst over the bridge at 6:20 on Sunday afternoon. Two submarines next drew alongside our ship. The captain who spoke good English boarded our boat, demanded our papers and ordered us to leave the ship. The guns of his U-boat were kept trained on us."

After the submarine commander had taken over the Texel, Captain Lowry reported that the captain said: "I hate like hell to do this, but we have been ordered to get into action or return home. We have been over here for two months."

"There was no attempt to get the men," Captain Lowry continued. "We manned two boats and everybody was saved. When we were leaving the sub-

ARE YOU GOING DEAF? DO YOU Gasp For Breath?

Our specialty is treating deafness, head noises, and asthma, treating clogged nostrils and healing sore places in the breathing tubes. We have devoted twenty years to the treatment of this class of ailments and now, by the discoveries made by us, we are able to treat deafness and head noises without using instruments in the ear tubes.

THE NEW SYSTEM Of Deafness and Bronchial Treatment by Electricity

8 Visits for \$5

If you suffer with clogged nostrils, discharging nostrils, are going deaf, or have head noises, or discharging ears, or have a bad throat or bad stomach, or gasp for breath and suffer from those other distressing symptoms of asthma, we will gladly treat you. You call at our office. It will cost you nothing for an examination and if you begin treatment this month you will receive eight complete office treatments for \$5.00. This includes all expenses of a catarrhal nature, whether the disease be in the eyes, ears, nose, throat, bronchial tubes or stomach.

J. C. MCCOY, M. D.

J. R. POWELL, M. D.

CONSULTING PHYSICIANS PERMANENT OFFICES: 116 CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, Strand Bldg., Room 1

Hours: Wednesdays and Saturdays, 11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 2 p. m. to 5 p. m.; 6 p. m. to 8 p. m.

BANKRUPTCY SALE OF THE ALPHA COMPANY GROCERY STORE AND FIXTURES

FRIDAY, JUNE 7th, 1918, AT 10 A. M.; AT 415 BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL.

At the above time and place will be sold at public auction to the highest bidders for cash, a good clean stock of fresh groceries. This stock consists of canned corn, peas, beans, tomatoes, peaches, bottled pickles, jams, olives, olive oil, butter, coffee, tea, cocoa, spices, macaroni, cereals, washing powders, soaps, ammoniac, matches, etc. Fixtures consist of one 9 foot showcase, hanging scales, meat display case, meat block, meat trays, counter, one coffee and hamburger grinder.

By order of the Trustee in Bankruptcy,

marine nearly crashed into us. The captain shouted and waved us back to safety.

The Texel sank at 5:15 p. m.

COLUMBUS' PASSENGERS SAW NO U-BOAT

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 4.—The Savannah liner steamer City of Columbus, with passengers, reported sunk by German submarines that raided American shipping off the New Jersey coast Sunday arrived here today. No submarines were observed and while officers of the ship heard gun firing four hours after the city of Columbus had picked up an S.O.S. call from the steamer, none of the passengers realized that they were in the danger zone until the news was obtained from coast patrol vessels here.

There were more than 60 passengers aboard and when all lights on the steamer were extinguished Sunday night, Capt. J. P. Diehl and other officers explained that this was the usual precaution. In explanation, Diehl said, all hands came through without the least intimation that vessels were being sunk all around them. Captain Diehl did not know that his ship was reported lost. He had sent no messages, he said, and after he had heard shots directly ahead, the vessel's course was changed and she proceeded at full speed, close in.

Last night the wireless caught calls for help from a tanker off the Delaware coast. The City of Columbus proceeded on her voyage this afternoon.

SURVIVORS PICKED UP BY TRAMP STEAMER

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—Nineteen persons from the torpedoed steamship Carolina were picked up at sea in an open boat by a British tramp steamer and landed at the naval station near Lewes, Del., today. Eighteen of the survivors were passengers and one was an engineer of the lost vessel, which belonged to the New York and Porto Rico Steamship Co. It had been stated that the Carolina carried 220 passengers and 120 crew. Practically all of the passengers were Porto Ricans. One American, W. H. Morton, secretary of the Porto Rico Fruit Co., was among those landed here. Nothing could be learned from the survivors of the whereabouts of the remainder of the passengers and crew.

BABY WEIGHING ON IN FULL SWING

Lowell's baby weighing campaign is the predominating topic of interest among Lowell mothers this week, and the youngsters are receiving a most generous share of attention.

The campaign started yesterday afternoon and continued today with bustling activities at the 31 stations in various sections of the city. The work is being done by members of the local women's conservation committee and assistants, and is under the general direction of Mrs. Frederick P. Marble.

Although it was expected that the first day would not bring forth many babies to be weighed on account of it being the first day of the campaign, nevertheless, approximately 400 children were weighed and measured, according to incomplete returns.

Most of the stations are open from 2 to 4 in the afternoon, with a few exceptions in certain sections. Miss Cynthia C. Thompson, four-year-old daughter of Mayor Thompson, had the honor of being the first baby to be weighed. She was weighed by Miss Rachael Barrington of the Lowell Guild, and was found to weigh 40 pounds. She is 40 inches in height.

Those stations which have made reports showing the following results of the campaign to date are: Coburn street station, Mrs. William W. Denett, 32 babies; Greenhatch school, Mrs. T. Faubert, 10 babies; St. Louis' parish hall, Mrs. Joseph A. Poisy, 30 babies; St. Michael's guild hall, Mrs. George Keefe, 22 babies; Varnum school, Miss Maude Myers, 7 babies; First Street Day nursery, Mrs. Howard Jewett, 22 babies; Centralville Methodist church, Miss Rachael Barrington, 5 babies; J. L. Chaffin's store, Mrs. Charles H. Johnson and Mrs. Harry P. Graves, 50 babies; Polish school, High street, Mrs. James Bancroft, 50 babies; Butler school, Mrs. John J. Higgins, 17 babies; Mrs. D. L. Page at her home in Rogers street, 14 babies; St. Jean's kindergarten, Mrs. G. E. Coisne, 11 babies; St. John's hospital, Miss Winnifred Haggerty, 9 babies; Moody school, Rogers street, Miss Carrie Paul, 8 babies; Pawtucket school, Mrs. J. B. V. Coburn, 7 babies; Middlesex Village school, Mrs. C. M. McIntire, 5 babies; Riverside school, Mrs. Willard G. Parker, 5 babies; Normal school, Mrs. E. D. Holden 1 baby.

ENGINEERS IN GOOD HEALTH

Joseph Haggerty, dispatcher at the Middlesex st. station received a cablegram last evening from Lieut. Gilson of Co. 14th Engineers, now in France, stating that all the members of the unit are in good health and wish to be remembered to their friends. There are several Lowell men with this company.

Continued From First Page

YANKEES JOIN FRENCH AND HOLD UP GERMAN RUSH

siderably more of their artillery and are attacking in force along virtually the whole front from the Oise to the Marne.

ENEMY ADVANCES AT FEW POINTS

Desperate fighting developed at many points on this front last night which resulted in the enemy making advances at a few points, notably in the region southwest of Soissons, where he is trying to batter in the tip of the allied salient. The village of Perment was lost by the French in this area and they had to give a little ground farther south. The German attack was held elsewhere.

ANOTHER SUCCESS FOR AMERICANS

To the south, between the Ourcq and the Marne, ground was given and taken by both sides. The Americans were in the fighting here, scoring their success at Neuilly wood. Just to the south of this wood the French were obliged to concede the town of Neuilly-la-Poterie to the Germans after the place had changed hands several times.

FRENCH IN STRONG COUNTER ATTACKS

Strong counter attacks were carried out by the French at other points on this front, and one of these enabled General Petain's troops to recapture the village of Mosley. In the stretch southward to the Marne the Germans were held from any further advances.

RAIDS ON BRITISH FRONT

On the British front the fighting still is confined to raids. British airmen continue their bombing operations and have accounted for 22 more German airplanes.

There has been heavy artillery firing in American sectors northwest of Toul, but no infantry action. In aerial combats there another German machine has been brought down. An American patrol east of Luneville, after being surrounded by a superior enemy force, fought its way through to the American line, suffering only slight losses.

AMERICAN PATROL IN DESPERATE FIGHT WITH HUNS

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Monday, June 3.—(By the Associated Press.) An American combat patrol engaged in a desperate fight with a larger enemy patrol near Amerval, in the Luneville sector, early today. The American losses were slight. The German casualties were not known.

The Americans discovered the German patrol and endeavored to surround and capture them. During the fight the Americans found themselves being surrounded by overwhelming numbers but managed to extricate themselves and retire, fighting all the while. It is believed certain that punishment was inflicted by their grenades and rifle fire.

GERMANS AGAIN BOMBARDING PARIS WITH BIG GUNS

PARIS, June 4.—The Germans again bombarded Paris today with long range guns.

ALLIES CHECKING GERMAN ARMIES EVERYWHERE

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Monday, June 3.—(By the Associated Press.) The allies are now checking the German armies everywhere.

Terrific struggles took place today when fresh German divisions entered the line between the Ourcq and Oise rivers, trying with the greatest determination to enter the forest of Villers-Cotterets. The town of Faveroles on the edge of the forest, was retaken by the allies after the fiercest fighting in which the French displayed utmost heroism against superior numbers.

Choisy hill, north of the Aisne, near Choisy-au-Bac, was the scene of terrific fighting. The height changed hands five times and eventually was carried in an assault by a battalion which had distinguished itself at Douaumont, in the defense of Verdun.

A cavalry corps, executed one of the most brilliant performances of the war by marching 160 miles and impeding.

moderately joining the hottest part of the battle, where it fought off enemy attacks, causing heavy losses to the Germans.

FRENCH HAVE STOPPED DRIVE TOWARD PARIS

PARIS, June 4.—The French have stopped the German drive toward Paris it is now safely held. As was forecast when the offensive began, it lasted just eight days. The enemy movement is now splitting up into a series of battles for positions in which the French have the advantage of terrain. The region of the Ourcq, where the enemy is making his greatest effort forms roughly an arena into which he is marching. On the northern side of the arena the dominating physical feature is the forest of Villers-Cotterets and on the south there are hills ranging toward the Marne around Cocherel. Both of these hill positions are held by the French. On the west the enemy is confronted by the obstacles formed by the rivers Ourcq and Saviois, so that he is held in on three sides.

AMERICANS DRIVE BACK HUNS IN DASHING ATTACKS

PARIS, June 4.—American troops, thrown into the battle on the western side of the Champagne salient, have stopped the German advance near Neuilly wood and in a dashing counter attack, have thrown back the Germans, the war office announced today.

On the Marne front, German troops which had forced a passage of the river were driven back again by French and American troops.

The Germans have made a further advance at one point between the Marne and the Ourcq, capturing the village of Neuilly-La-Poterie (seven and one-half miles northwest of Chateau Thierry.)

Government airplane engines are tested in a concrete building, where the atmospheric conditions of a height of 20,000 feet are exactly duplicated.

Daily Bulletin From War Work Headquarters

119 MERRIMACK STREET—JUNE 1

The U's May Have It Today, but the U. S. Will Get Them! The E's Shall Have It Tomorrow

U-boats are off our coasts attacking defenseless craft.—Great Warfare! Worthy of a Cultured Nation, but unworthy of a Cultured one.

Useless destruction and slaughter is the German idea of victory by terrorizing.

Under the care of the U. S. Navy the transports will be safe and the U-boats will attack at their peril.

Uniforms are now waiting for red-blooded men, and they won't have to wait long. Army or Navy, Sir? This means YOU not U. The U. S. will get the U's and the YOU'S will be there.

Ubiquitous submarines are largely a crop of imaginative minds. Unofficial reports need not excite us.

Utilize our resources in men and money to the fullest extent. Unfair criticism must be denounced.

United we stand today. Everyone living here must stand up and be counted. Work or fight.

Unfold the flag, and let everybody get under it. Now we MUST carry it to Berlin. We accept the challenge.

The Outlet Furniture Auction Rooms

REAR OF 512 CENTRAL STREET

Is one of the largest and finest in New England. Goods now arriving for our next big sale.